#### Section 4. EDITING AND COMPOSITION

#### COMPOSITION

1

la

1a1

Composition is simply the creation of new text material as content for a file.

In the simplest case, the user gives the command "Insert Statement" by typing "is". He then points (using the mouse) to an existing statement; the system displays a new statement number which is the logical successor, at the same level, as the statement pointed to. The user may change the level of this number upward by typing a "u" or downward by typing a "d". The new statement number is changed accordingly by the system.

The user then types the text of the new statement from the keyboard. On the screen, the top part of the text-display area is cleared and characters are displayed here as they are typed. When the statement is finished, the user hits a CA (command accept) button on the keyboard or mouse, and the system recreates the display with the new statement following the one that was pointed to.

New material may also be added to existing statements by means of commands such as Insert Word, Insert Text, and others. Properly speaking, these operations are for modification rather than composition, and are discussed below.

#### EDITING

A large repertoire of editing commands is provided for file modification. These commands operate upon various kinds of text entities. Within statements, they may operate upon single characters, words, and arbitrary strings of text defined by pointing to the first and last characters.

This set of commands is not restricted to operation within one statement at a time; for example, a word may be moved or copied from one statement to another. 100

1a2

1a3

1a4

1b

1b1

1bla

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The editing functions also operate at the structural level, taking statements or sets of statements as operands. A number of special entities have been defined for this purpose: for example, a "branch" consists of some specified statement, plus all of its substatements, plus all of their substatements, etc. A branch can be deleted, moved to a new position in the structure, etc.

1b2

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COMMANDS	10
INSERT	1c1
Insert Character	1c1a
LIT is inserted immediately after the selected character	lclal
i[nsert] c[haracter] BUG LIT CA	lc1a1a
Insert Word	lclb
LIT is inserted after the selected word, with an intervening SPACE.	1c1b1
i[nsert] w[ord] BUG LIT CA	lc1b1a
Insert Visible	lc1c
LIT is inserted after the selected visible, with a SPACE between.	lc1e1
i[nsert] v[isible] BUG LIT CA	lclc1a
Insert Link	lc1d
The link is inserted after the selected visible, with a SPACE between.	lc1d1
i[nsert] l[ink] BUG LIT CA	lc1d1a
LIT and the visible selected by BUG are both required to have the syntax of a valid link (see Section 3 of this document $$ 10706).	1c1d2
Insert Number	1c1e
LIT is inserted after the selected visible, with a SPACE between.	lclel
i[nsert] n[umber] BUG LIT CA	lc1e1a
Insert Text	lc1f
LIT is inserted after the selected character. This command is identical to the insert character command.	lc1f1

i[nsert] t	t[ext] BUG LIT C	A	lclfla
Insert Invisible	9		1c1g
LIT is incard	tod immodiately	often the colocte	
invisible.	ted immediately	after the selecte	lc1g1
i[nsert] i	i[nvisible] BUG	LIT CA	1c1g1a
Insert Statement	•		lelh
LIT becomes t	the text of a ne	w statement or se	tof
statements, 1	following the se	lected statement	at a
level determi	ined by the LEVA	DJ.	1c1h1
i[nsert] s	s[tatement] BUG	SLEVADJ SPACE LIT	CA
		NULL CA	CDOT Icihia
LEVADJ =			1c1h2
any number or d respe- statement lower than may also b indicating specificat cancel out CDOT = "center do command. inserting levels. Wh for insert though the to and inc the user t LIT.	of up or down actively) which to is be insert the statement be preceded by a the number of tion may include each other on "" character me This option all statements at t then this delimit ing subsequent to user had enter luding the firs to enter a level	level specificati indicates that th ed x levels highe specified by BUG. In integer value levels up or down both u's d's . w a one-to- one bas ans continue inse ows the user to c he same and/or ot er is used, the s statements is the ed the Insert com t CA; the system specification an	ons (u e r or u and d . This hich is. lc1h2a ic1h3 rt ontinue her yntax same as mand up expects d/or ic1h3a
When a new st statements fo	atement is inse blowing the pla	rted into a file, ce of insertion a	all re
automatically	renumbered by	the system as nec	essary. 1clh4
The maximum n	umber of charac	ters allowed per	man t
consists of a	t least one cha	racter.	le1h5

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After this command is executed the CM is positioned to the first character of the most recently inserted statement.

lc1h6

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DELETE	1c2
Delete Character	1c2a
The selected character is deleted.	lc2a1
d[elete] c[haracter] BUG CA	lc2a1a
Delete Word	1c2b
The selected word is deleted.	1c2b1
d[elete] w[ord] BUG CA	lc2b1a
Delete Visible	1c2c
The selected visible string is deleted.	1c2c1
d[elete] v[isible] BUG CA	lc2c1a
Delete Link	lc2d
The selected link is deleted.	1c2d1
d[elete] l[ink] BUG CA	lc2d1a
Delete Number	1c2e
The selected number is deleted.	lc2e1
d[elete] n[umber] BUG CA	1c2e1a
Delete Invisible	lc2f
The selected invisible is deleted.	1c2f1
d[elete] i[nvisible] BUG CA	lc2fla
Delete Text	1c2g
The selected text string is deleted from BUG1 to BUG2	1c2g1
d[elete] t[ext] BUG1 BUG2 CA	1c2g1a

Delete Statement	1c2h
The selected statement is deleted. If it has any	
statement and its substructure may be deleted with	
Delete Branch.	1c2h1
d[elete] s[tatement] BUG CA CA	lc2hla
Delete Branch	1c21
The selected branch (defined by Statement s) is	
deleted.	1c2i1
d[elete] b[ranch] BUG CA CA	1c2i1a
Delete Plex	lc2j
The selected plex (defined by Statement s) is	
deleted.	1c2.j1
d[elete] p[lex] BUG CA CA	lc2j1a
Delete Group	lc2k
The selected group (defined by Statements BUG1 and	
BUG2 is deleted.	1c2k1
d[elete] g[group] BUG1 BUG2 CA CA	lc2kla

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co	РҮ	1c3
	Copy Character	1cJa
	The character at BUG2 is copied immediately after the character at BUG1	1c3a1
	c[opy] c[haracter] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc3a1a
	Copy Word	1c3b
	The word at BUG2 is copied immediately after the word at BUG1	1c3b1
	c[opy] w[ord] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc3b1a
	Copy Visible	1c3c
	The visible at BUG2 is copied immedately after the visible at BUG1.	1c3c1
	c[opy] v[isible] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lcJcla
	Copy Link	1c3d
	The link at BUG2 is copied immediately after the visible at BUG1.	1c3d1
	c[opy] l[ink] BUG1 BUG2 CA	1c3d1a
	Copy Number	1c3e
	The number at BUG2 is copied immediately after the visible at BUG2.	lc3e1
	c[opy] n[umber] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lcJe1a
	Copy Invisible.	lc3f
	The invisible at BUG2 is copied immediately after the invisible at BUG1	le3f1
	clony] i[nyisible] BUG1 BUG2 CA	1c3fla

Copy Text	1c3g
The text beginning at BUG2 and ending at BUG3 is	
copied immediately after the character at BUG1	lc3g1
c[opy] t[ext] BUG1 BUG2 BUG3 CA	lc3g1a
Copy Statement	1c3h
The statement at BUG2 is conied after the statement	
at BUG1, at a level determined by the LEVADJ.	lc3h1
c[opy] s[tatement] BUG1 BUG2 NULL CA	
LEVADJ	lc3hla
Copy Branch	1c3i
The branch determined by BUG2 is copied after the branch determined by BUG1, at a level determined by the LEVADJ.	1c3i1
clony] b[ranch] BUG1 BUG2 NULL CA	
LEVADJ	1c3i1a
Copy Plex	1c3j
The plex determined by BUG2 is conied after the	
branch at BUG1, at a level determined by the LEVADJ	1c3j1
c[opy] p[lex] BUG1 BUG2 NULL CA LEVADJ	lc3j1a
Copy Group	1c3k
The group determined by BUG2 and BUG3 is copied after the branch at BUG1, at a level determied by the LEVADJ.	lc3k1
c[opy] g[roup] BUG1 EUG2 BUG3 NULL CA LEVADJ	lc3k1a

Nove Character1cThe character at BUG2 is moved so that it appears immediately after the character at BUG1, with no intervening spaces.1c4m[ove] c[haracter] BUG1 BUG2 CA1c4aMove Word1cThe word at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the word at BUG1, with spaces and punctuation as appropriate.1c4m[ove] w[ord] BUG1 BUG2 CA1c4bMove Visible1cThe visible at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate.1c4Move Visible1cMove Visible1cMove Visible1c4Move Visible at BUG1 BUG1 BUG2 CA1c4Move Visible1cMove Visible1c4Move Visible1c4Move Visible1c4Move Link1c4Move Link1c4	4a a1 1a 4b
The character at BUG2 is moved so that it appears intervening spaces.1c4m[ove] c[haracter] BUG1 EUG2 CA1c4aMove Word1cThe word at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the word at BUG1, with spaces and punctuation as appropriate.1c4m[ove] w[ord] BUG1 EUG2 CA1c4bMove Visible1cThe visible at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate.1c4Move Visible1cMove Visible1cMove Visible1cMove Visible1cMove Visible1c4Move Visible1c4Move Visible1c4Move Visible1c4Move Visible1c4Move Visible1c4Move Jv[isible] BUG1 EUG2 CA1c4cMove Link1c4	a1 1a 4b
<pre>m[ove] c[haracter] BUG1 BUG2 CA lc4a Nove Word lc The word at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the word at BUG1, with spaces and punctuation as appropriate. lc4 m[ove] w[ord] BUG1 BUG2 CA lc4b Nove Visible lc The visible at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate. lc4 m[ove] v[isible] BUG1 BUG2 CA lc4c Move Link lc</pre>	1a 4b
Move WordicThe word at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the word at BUG1, with spaces and punctuation as appropriate.ic4m[ove] w[ord] BUG1 BUG2 CAic4Move VisibleicThe visible at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate.ic4m[ove] v[isible] BUG1 BUG2 CAic4Move Linkic4	4b
The word at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the word at BUG1, with spaces and punctuation as appropriate. 1c4 m[ove] w[ord] BUG1 BUG2 CA 1c4b Nove Visible 1c The visible at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate. 1c4 m[ove] v[isible] BUG1 BUG2 CA 1c4c Nove Link 1c	
<pre>m[ove] w[ord] BUG1 BUG2 CA lc4b Move Visible lc The visible at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate. lc4 m[ove] v[isible] BUG1 BUG2 CA lc4c Move Link lc</pre>	ь1
Move Visible 1 The visible at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate. 1c4 m[ove] v[isible] BUG1 BUG2 CA 1c4c Move Link 1c	1a
The visible at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate. 1c4 m[ove] v[isible] BUG1 BUG2 CA 1c4c Move Link 1c	4c
m[ove] v[isible] BUG1 BUG2 CA 1c4c Move Link Ic	c 1
Move Link lc	1 a
	4d
The link at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate. 1c4	d 1
m[ove]l[link] BUG1 BUG2 CA 1c4d	1a
Move Number 1c	4e
The number at BUG2 is moved so that it appears after the visible at BUG1, with spaces as appropriate. 1c4	e1
m[ove] n[umber] BUG1 BUG2 CA 1c4e	la
Move Text 1c	4f
The text beginning at BUG2 and ending at BUG3 is moved so that it appears immediately following the character at BUG1 with no intervening spaces. 1c4	£1
m[ove] t[ext] BUG1 BUG2 BUG3 CA 1c4f	

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News feedbla	1 - 1 -
Nove Invisible	IC4g
The invisible at BUG2 is moved so that it appears	
after the invisible at BUG1.	1c4g1
m[ove] i[nvisible] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc4g1a
Move Statement	1c4h
The statement at BUG2 is moved so as to follow the ttatement at BUG1, at a level determined by the LEVADJ. If the statement at BUG2 has any substructure, the move is illegal; however, the it and all of its substructure can be moved with the Move Branch command.	1c4h1
m[ove] s[tatement] BUG1 BUG2 NULL CA	
LEVADJ	lc4h1a
Move Branch	1c4i
The branch headed by the statement at BUG2 is moved so as to follow the branch headed by the statement at BUG1, at a level determined by the LEVADJ.	1c4i1
m[ove] b[ranch] BUG1 BUG2 NULL CA LEVADJ	lc4i1a
Move Plex	1c4j
The plex defined by the statement at BUG2 is moved so as to follow the statement at BUG1, at a level	
determined by the LEVADJ.	1c4j1
m[ove] p[lex] BUG1 BUG2 NULL CA LEVADJ	lc4jla
Move Group	lc4k
The group of branches defined by EUG2 and BUG3 is moved so as to follow the statement at BUG1, at a level determined by the LEVADJ.	lc4k1
m[ove] g[roup] BUG1 BUG2 BUG3 NULL CA LEVADJ	lc4k1a

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REPLACE	1c5
Replace Character	1c5a
The character at BUG1 is replaced either by the character at BUG2 or by LIT.	e 1c5a1
r[eplace] c[haracter] BUG1 LIT CA BUG2	lc5ala
Replace Word	1c5b
The word at EUG1 is replaced either by the word BUG2 or by LIT.	d at 1c5b1
r[eplace] w[ord] BUG1 LIT CA BUG2	lc5b1a
Replace Visible	1c5c
The visible at BUG1 is replaced either by the visible at BUG2 or by LIT.	1c5c1
r[eplace] v[isible] BUG1 LIT CA BUG2	1c5c1a
Replace Link	1c5d
The link at BUG1 is replaced either by the line BUG2 or by LIT.	k at 1c5d1
r[eplace] l[ink] BUG1 LIT CA BUG2	1c5d1a
LIT is not required to have valid link syntax.	1c5d2
Replace Number	1c5e
The number at BUG1 is replaced either by the mat BUG2 or by LIT.	umber 1c5e1
r[eplace] n[umber] BUG1 LIT CA	105010

	Replace Text	lc5f
34	The text beginning at BUG1 and ending at BUG2 is replaced either by the text at BUG3 and ending at BUG4 or by LIT.	lc5f1
	r[eplace] n[umber] BUG1 BUG2 LIT CA BUG3 BUG4	lc5f1a
	Replacé Invisible	1c5g
	The invisible at BUG1 is replaced either by the invisible at BUG2 or by LIT.	1c5g1
	r[eplace] i[nvisible] BUG1 LIT CA BUG2	lc5g1a
	Replace Statement	1c5h
	The text of the statement at BUG1 is replaced either by the text of the statement at BUG2 or by LIT.	1c5h1
	r[eplace] s[tatement] BUG1 LIT CA BUG2	lc5hla
	Replace Branch	1c51
	The text and structure of the branch defined by the statement at BUG1 are replaced either by the text and structure of the branch defined by the statement at BUG2 or by LIT.	1c5i1
	r[eplace] b[ranch] BUG1 LIT CA BUG2	1c5i1a
	If LIT is used, note that the resultant new branch will consist of only one statement.	lc5i1b
	Replace Plex	1c5j
	The text and structure of the plex defined by the statement at BUG1 are replaced either by the text and structure of the plex defined by the statement at BUG2 or by LIT.	1c5j1
	r[eplace] p[lex] BUG1 L1T CA BUG2	lc5j1a

If LIT is used, note that the resultant new plex	
will consist of only one statement.	lc5j1b
Replace Group	1c5k
The text and structure of the group defined by the statements at BUG1 and BUG2 are replaced either by the text and Structure of the group defined by the	
statements BUG3 and BUG4 or by LIT.	lc5k1
r[eplace] g[roup] BUG1 BUG2 LIT CA BUG3 BUG4	lc5k1a
NOTE: the statements at BUG1 and BUG2 must define a legitimate group; the statements BUG3 and BUG4 must	
define another group, and the two groups may not have any statements in common.	lc5k2
If LIT is used, note that the resultant new group	
will consist of only one statement.	1c5k3

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TR	ANSPOSE	1c6
	Transpose Character	1c6a
	The characters at BUG1 and BUG2 are transposed.	lc6al
	t[ranspose] c[haracter] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc6ala
	Transpose Word	1c6b
	The words at EUG1 and BUG2 are transposed.	1c6b1
	t[ranspose] w[ord] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc6b1a
	Transpose Visible	1060
	The visibles at BUG1 and BUG2 are transposed.	16661
	t[ranspose] v[isible] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc6c1a
	Transpose Link	1e6d
	The links at BUG1 and BUG2 are transposed.	1c6d1
	t[ranspose] l[ink] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc6d1a
	Transpose Number	1c6e
	The numbers at BUG1 and BUG2 are transposed.	1c6e1
	t[ranspose] n[umbers] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc6ela
	Transpose Invisible	1c6f
	The invisibles at BUG1 and BUG2 are transposed.	1c6f1
	t[ranspose] i[nvisibles] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc6fla
	Transpose Text	1c6g
	The characters at BUG1 and BUG2 delimit a string of	
	text; The characters at BUG3 and BUG4 delimit a second string. The two strings are transposed.	1c6g1
	t[ canenage ] t[ext] BUG1 BUG2 CA BUG3 BUG4 CA	16601a

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Transpose Statement	1c6h
The text contents of the statements at BUG1 and BUG2 are transposed.	1c6h1
t[ranspose] s[tatement] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc6h1a
Transpose Branch	1c61
The text and structure of the branches determied by the statements at BUG1 lex BUG2 are transposed.	1c611
t[ranspose] b[ranch] BUG1 BUG2 CA	1c6i1a
Transpose Plex	1c6j
The text and structure of the plexes determied by the statements at BUG1 and BUG2 are transposed.	1c6j1
t[ranspose] p[lex] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc6jla
Transpose Group	1c6k
The statements BUG1 and BUG2 determine a group; the statements BUG3 and BUG4 delimit a second group. The text and structure of the two groups are transposed.	1c6k1
t[ranspose] g[roup] BUG1 BUG2 CA BUG3 BUG4 CA	lc6kla

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BREAK AND APPEND	1c7
Break Statement	1c7a
A statement is "broken" at a specified location causing two separate statements.	1c7a1
b[reak statement] BUG LEVADJ NULL CA SP LIT	1c7a1a
The statement indicated is broken after the visible selected by BUG into two statements. The LEVADJ adjusts the level of the new statement made up of th last part of the original statment. The new statemen follows the original statement according to the LEVADJ specification, if any.	e t 1c7a2
**Any invisible characters that immediately follow the selected visible disappear in the process. The LIT, if any, is inserted at the beginning of the new statement.	
	lc7aJ
Append Statement	1c7b
The text of one statement to the end of another statement.	1с7ь1
a[ppend statement] BUG1 BUG2 LIT CA NULL	lc7b1a
First the LIT, if any, is appended to the end of the statement at BUG1. Then text of the statement at BUG2 is then appended to BUG1, and BUG2 is deleted.	1c7b2
If the statement specified by BUG2 has any substructure, the substructure is moved as a plex so that it immediately follows at one level lower the statement at BUG1 (and precedes any substructure associated with the original statement at BUG1).	1c7b3

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SET	1c8
Set Modes	1c8a
this command establishes modes according to which subsequent set commands will affect the case of characters, words, etc.	1c8a1
x[set] m[odes] l[ower] CA c[apital]	lc8a1a
the modes remain the same until you use set modes again.	1c8a2
Set Character	1c8b
The selected character is set to the mode specified in the most previous Set Modes command. If no Set Modes command has been used, the default mode is "capital."	1 1c8b1
x[set] c[haracter] BUG CA	1c8b1a
Set Word	1c8c
The selected word is set to the mode specified in the most previous Set Modes command. If no Set Mode command has been used, the default mode is "capital.	es " 1c8c1
x[set] w[ord] BUG CA	lc8c1a
Set Visible	1c8d
The selected visible is set to the mode specified in the most previous Set Modes command. If no Set Mode command has been used, the default mode is "capital.	in es ," 1c8d1
x[set] v[isible] BUG CA	lc8d1a
Set Link	1c8e
The selected link is set to the mode specified in the most previous Set Modes command. If no Set Mode command has been used, the default mode is "capital.	es ," 1c8e1
x[set]l[ink] BUG CA	lc8e1a

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	Set Invisible	1c8f
	The selected invisible is set to the mode specified in the most previous Set Modes command. If no Set Modes command has been used, the default mode is	
	"capital."	lc8f1
	x[set] i[nvisible] BUG CA	lc8f1a
	Set Statement	1c8g
	The selected statement is set to the mode specified in the most previous Set Modes command. If no Set Nodes command has been used, the default mode is	
	"capital."	lc8g1
	x[set] s[tatement] BUG CA	lc8gla
-	Set Text	1c8h
	The selected text is set to the mode specified in	
	the most previous Set Modes command. If no Set Modes command has been used, the default mode is "capital."	1c8h1
	x[set] t[ext] BUG1 BUG2 CA	lc8h1a

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FREEZE	1 <b>c</b> 9
Freeze Statement	1c9a
The specified statement is "frozen", i.e. tagged by	
the system so that when the "show frozen statements"	
VIEWSPEC is used, the statement will appear at the	
top of the dislay screen and may be referenced for	-0-1
any editing purpose.	cyal
f[reeze] s[tatement] BUG NULL CA	
VIEWSPEC ic	9a1a
The VIEWSPEC option enables the user to specify the	
view of the frozen statement when displayed.	c9a2
Frozen statements are generally used to enable the	
user to work with two parts of the same or different	
files at the same time. 1	.c9a3
VIEWSPECS are discussed in Section 5 of this	
document. 1	c9a4
Release Statement	1c9b
The selected statement is unfrozen. The statement	
specified may be in the frozen area of the display or	
in the normal viewing area. 1	c9b1
f[reeze statement] r[elease] BUG CA 1c	9b1a
Release All	1c9c
All frozen statements are unfrozen. 1	c9c1
f[reeze statement] a[release all] CA 1c	9cla

EX	ECUTE ASSIMILATE	1c10
	The execute assimilate command causes the system to copy all or part or another DNLS file and incorporate it with the current file at a specified location in the current	
	file.	lc10a
	<pre>e[xecute] a[ssimilate] s[tatement] CA BUG b[ranch</pre>	
	g[roup] BUG BUG	
	LEVADJ CA VIEWSPECS CA	1c10a1
	The first BUG specifies the statement after which to copy the assimilated entity. The second [and, for groups, third] BUG specifies which particular structural entity to copy. LEVADJ specifies the level relative to the first statement at which to start inserting. VIEWSPECS select the actual content of the assimilated entity.	1с10ь
	A BUG is a bug selection, a typed in statement number or statement name, or a link.	1c10c
	Note that to assimilate from one file to another in DNLS, it is necessary to have the appropriate statements displayed on the screen before the command is commenced.	
	This may be done via split screen or frozen statements.	1c10d

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### Section 5. VIEW CONTROL OPERATIONS

#### VIEWSPECS

### INTRODUCTION

In DNLS the user is at all times "viewing" a file. Certain parameters are in effect at all times which control the precise nature of the view a user has of a file. These parameters are called viewspecs and several of the DNLS commands documented in this Reference Guide allow their specification as part of the execution of the command.

Generally speaking, the most common and important use of viewspecs is to cause some of the statements in the file (or part of the file) to be ignored (not displayed) for various reasons. Thus, for example, certain important viewspecs have the effect of ignoring all statements that are below a specified level in the hierarchical file structure.

When the user first enters DNLS, all of the viewspecs are automatically preset to standard values. Whenever the user issues a viewspecs command or certain others as noted in this document, he has the option of changing any of the viewspecs by typing special one-letter codes.

### VIEWSPEC CONTROL

VIEWSPECs may be controlled in four ways; during certain commands such as Jump or Load, with the View Set command, in a link or from the keyset in Case 3. (The viewspecs may also be set from the keyboard with the right-hand and center buttons on the mouse down, i.e. in Case 3 position.)

During the Jump and Load commands (and a few others), there is a point where the VIEWSPECs in the upper left-hand corner of the display become large, indicating that all VIEWSPECs are accessible to change. They may then be changed by typing the codes in from the keyboard or keyset as upper- or lower-case letters. 1

1a

lal

1a1a

1a1b1

1a2

1a2a

1a2a1

Section 5 [page 1]

The View Set command may be used to achieve exactly the same effect without doing anything else.	/ 1a2a2
A link may contain a string of VIEWSPEC codes, preceded by a colon, as the last element in the	
parentheses.	1a2a3
Case 3 may be used to set all of the VIEWSPECs that are not capital letters, as shown in the table of	:
keyset codes. This may be done at any time.	1a2a4
Note that the chord for each VIEWSPEC correspond to the appropriate lower-case letter in Case 0.	is 1a2a4a
After VIEWSPECs have been given in this fashion, it is necessary to hit Chord 00110, Case J for "new view," (or otherwise cause the display to b recreated), before the new VIEWSPECs will become	e
effective.	la2a4b
IEWSPEC DEFINITIONS	1a3
INTRODUCT ION	1a3a
There are two types of viewspecs. The first type	
includes the Level and Line specifications whose	
value may range from 1 to ALL.	1a3a1
The remaining viewspecs are ON/OFF switches for various DNLS features. Each is controlled by a pai of one-letter codes, one of which turns the feature ON and the other of which turns it OFF. Note that some of these codes are capital letters; it is important to distinguish between capital and lower-case viewspec codes, because they have	r
different effects.	laja2
LEVELS VIEWSPEC	1a3b
The Levels viewspec specifies how many levels of th file structure are to be displayed. Initially, lev	ne Vel
is set to its standard value of ALL.	labl
DNLS displays only statements whose level is equal or higher than the current level specification. This viewspec also affects the output in the Output	to
Device command and restricts the effect of the Substitute and Assimilate commands.	1a3b2

V

d sets L to 1	
c sets L to ALL	
a sets L to L-1	
b sets L to L+1	
e sets L relative	la3b2a
(i.e. L is set to the level of the first	
statement to be displayed by the command, i.e.	
the statement specified in the command.) For	
example, if a "jump to item" specified a	
statement whose statement number was "5a2",	
only first, second, and third level statements	
would be displayed.	1a3b2a1
where L = current level specification	1a3b3
Note: it is possible to set the Levels viewspec to 0	
by use of the a viewspec. However, this setting is	
meaningful only if the origin statement is displayed.	
When the Levels viewspec in is effect; only the	
origin statement is displayed.	1a3b4
LINES VIEWSPEC	1a3c
The lines viewspec is a value from 1 to ALL which	
allows the user to specify how many lines of each	
statement are to be displayed. The lines viewspec is	
preset to ALL; if the user changes it to, for	
example, 3, only the first three lines of any	
statement will be displayed.	1a3c1
The codes for setting the lines viewspec are as	
follows:	1a3c2
t sets T to 1	
s sets T to ALL	
g sets T to T-1	
r sets T to T+1	la3c2a
LINES AND LEVELS VIEWSPECS	1a3d
In addition, to the viewspecs for lines and levels	
there are two extremely useful codes that affect both	
levels and lines:	1a3d1
x sets levels and lines to 1	
w sets levels and lines to ALL	la3d1a

[page 3]

STATEMENT NUMBERS ON/OFF (Codes m/n)	1a3e
Normally, when a statement is displayed, its	
statement number is not printed at the beginning of	
the first line. Statement numbers may be seen by	
using the viewspec "m".	laJel
m turna statement numbers ON	
n turns statement numbers UN	1.2.1.
n turns them orr.	laJela
The standard setting for this viewspec is OFF (n).	1a3e2
STATEMENT NAMES ON/OFF (Codes C/D)	1a3f
Normally, when a statement is displayed, its	
statement name (if any) is visible.	la3f1
C turns statement names ON	
D turns them OFF	la3f1a
The standard setting for this viewspec is ON (C).	1a3#2
BLANK LINES BETWEEN STATEMENTS ON/OFF (Codes y/z)	1a3g
The viewspec code "v" causes DNLS to put blank lines	
between statements. This makes the display more	
readable.	la3g1
y turns blank lines ON	
z turns them OFF.	1a3gla
The standard setting for this viewspec is OFF (z).	1a3g2
INDENTATION OF STATEMENTS ACCORDING TO LEVEL ON/OFF	
(Codes A/B)	ladh
DNLS normally indents according to level when it	
displays statements. This can be suppressed by the	
viewspec "B", causing all statements to be displayed	
flush at the left margin.	la3h1
A turns indenting ON	
B turns indenting OFF	la3h1a
The standard setting for this device is ON (A).	1a3h2

[page 4]

#### CREATE NEW VIEW (Code F)

The VIEWSPEC code f has a special effect; instead of setting a parameter, it acts as a "command," causing the display to be recreated and putting into effect any parameter changes that have been made since the last time the display was recreated. la3i1

#### AUTOMATIC DISPLAY RECREATION (Codes u/v)

Certain commands cause the display to recreated when executed. The user may defer display recreation (i.e., until the user issues a command which specifically recreates the display, such as jump to item. or issuing the "f" viewspec) by using the Viewspec "v". This feature is useful when the user is performing a repetitious series of insert statements, Xset commands, etc. However, caution should be exercised when using this viewspec as the user may unintentionally affect statements previously moved, inserted, etc. while this viewspec is in effect. 1a3j1

u causes the display to be automatically recreated la3jla

- v inhibits automatic display recreation ladjb
- The normal setting is u (recreate display) 1a3j1c

DISPLAY MODE BRANCH-ONLY/NORMAL/PLEX-ONLY (Codes g/h/i) 1a3k

When the display mode is ERANCH-ONLY, DNLS looks for the end of the branch defined by the display-start statement. If it comes to the end of the branch, it ends the display there. Thus, in effect, it displays only one branch (of course, the branch may not fit on the display, in which case the ERANCH-ONLY mode makes no difference for that view). 1a3k1

Similarly, when the display view is PLEX-ONLY the display is restricted to the plex defined by the display-start statement.

Normally, DNLS keeps putting more statements on the display until the screen is full or the end of the file is reached.

g sets view to BRANCH-ONLY

laJi

la3j

la3k3

la3k2

1a3k3a

h sets it to NORMAL	la3k3b
1 sets it to PLEX-ONLY	la3k3c
The default setting is normal (h).	1a3k3d
This viewspec affects Output Device, Output Quickprint, Output Sequential File, and Substitute commands.	la3k4
FROZEN STATEMENT DISPLAY ON/OFF (Codes O/P)	1a31
If this feature is ON, any statements that have been frozen with previous "Freeze" commands (see Section 4 $$ 10707,) are displayed at the top of the screen. Below the last frozen statement is a dotted line, followed by as much of the normal display as will fit.	18311
	ruoti
o turns frozen statements ON	1a311a
p turns frozen statements OFF.	la3l1b
The standard setting is OFF (p).	la311c
VIEW SET COMMAND	1a3m
The View Set command enables the user to use the viewspec features of DNLS at any time (i.e. besides during link, output device, jump to, substitute, etc. operations).	la3m1
v[iew set] VIEWSPECS CA	1a3m1a
where VIEWSPECS = any series of valld viewspec codes	1a3m2
Viewspecs activated by the View, Jump to, etc. commands remain in effect until deactivated by their opposites in subsequent commands, or until the user	
leaves DNLS.	1a3m3

VIEWSPEC DISPLAY AREA AND DEFAULTS VIEWPSECS	1a4
The current settings of six VIEWSPECs are displayed on two lines in the upper left-hand corner of the screen.	1a4a
The top lines shows "L" and "T", which appear either as numbers or as the word "ALL."	1a4a1
The second line shows four VIEWSPECs:	1a4a2
g, l, or h for branch-only, plex only, or normal mode	1a4a2a
i, j, or k for content-analyzer on, off, or reversed	1a4a2b
The use of content analyzer patterns and the viewspecs which effect them are described in	
the L10 Programming Guide (see 9246,).	1a4a2b1
m or n for statement numbers on or off	la4a2c
u or v for recreate or defer recreate	la4a2d

Section 5 [page 7]

MT	TTDLE DISDLAY ADEAS	1.
MI C	LITTLE DISTLAT AREAS	10
	Ordinarily, in DNLS, the user has one "view" of a file.	
	There are a set of commands which, however, enable the user	•
	to expand the number of views he may have of the same	
	and/or other files. This feature is governed by the Goto	
	Display area subsystem which consists of the following	
	command set.	161
	GOTO DISPLAY AREA CONTROL	1bla
	This command allows the user to execute commands	
	which control the number of views the user may have	
	of files.	1b1a1
	g[oto] d[isplay area control]	1b1a1a
	Protol alibera area coutier]	Infaitu
	Once the user enters the sequence of characters "g	
	d", DNLS expects any of the following subcommands.	1b1a2
	HORIZONTAL SPLIT	1b1a3
	This command splits the display horizontally.	1b1a3a
	h[orizontal split] BUG CA	1b1aJa1
	The display is split where the BUG occured	
	horizontally (into an upper and lower segment) at	
	the bugged location moving the image of the	
	original display area to the upper or lower	
	segment depending on whether the cusor is above or	
	below the bugged position when the final CA is	
	input.	Iblajb
	No display area will be created which is	
	smaller then two lines by 20 columns (using the	
	character size of the original display area).	1b1a3b1
	VERTICAL SPLIT	1b1a4
	This command splits the screen vertically.	1b1a4a
	v[ertical split] BUG CA	1bla4a1

The display area is split where the BUG occured vertically (into a left and right segment) at the bugged location moving the image of the original display area to the left or right segment depending on whether the cursor is to the left or right of the bugged position when the final CA is input. 1bla4b

No display area will be created which is smaller then two lines by 20 columns (using the character size of the original display area). Ibla4b1

#### MOVE BOUNDARY

This command enables the user to move view area boundaries.

m[ove boundary] BUG1 BUG2 CA

The selected boundary (BUG1) is moved to the new position (BUG2). A boundary will not be moved passed a boundary of a neighbor. A boundary is moved for all display areas for which it is a boundary. Any resulting display area which is smaller than two lines by 20 columns will be deleted.

#### FORMAT DISPLAY AREA/CHARACTER SIZE

This command allows the user to change the image size of the character on the display. 1bla6a

f[ormat display area] c[haracter size] NUMBER CA 1b1a6b

The current character size of the display area which currently contains the cursor is displayed, and the user may type a number (0, 1, 2, 3) for a new character size. The final CA causes the character size to be changed. The horizontal and vertical increments are automatically adjusted. Different display areas may simultaneously have different character sizes.

Section 5 [page 9]

1b1a5

1b1a5a

1b1a5a1

lb1a5b

1bla6

1bla6c

#### CLEAR DISPLAY AREA

The bugged display area is cleared, i.e. the image is erased, the return and file return rings are released, and the association of a file with that display area is removed. The display area itself is not deleted. Ibla7a

c[lear display area] BUG CA 1b1a7a1

One may freely edit and jump using several display areas. The position of the cursor is used to resolve ambiguities. 1b2

For example, If one executes a Jump command, the position of the cursor when the final command accept is entered determines in which display area the new image is to appear.

Also, If one changes viewspecs using the leftmost two buttons of the mouse, the viewspecs of the display area containing the cursor when the buttons go down are used as the initial values and are displayed in the viewspec area. When the buttons are released, the display area containing the cursor receives the new viewspecs.

1b2b

1b2a

1bla7

(J10708) 19-JUN-72 10:46; Title: Author(s): S.R.I. - Augmentation Research Center/SSRI-ARC; Distribution: Joy A. Glenn, Kay F. Byrd, Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Eass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: MFA; Origin: <AUERBACH>J10708.NLS;2, 16-JUN-72 17:23 MFA ;

1

## STATUS NOTE FOR NLS PROGRAMMERS

I have restored the NIC-NLS directory to its state as of Monday night, fixed Update old in it, loaded it, checked it out (and checked out the Output Processor), and brought it up as the running system. Hopefully, we will be able to deal with the problems in the REL-NLS system prematurely brought up last night within the next few days. HGL

## STATUS NOTE FOR NLS PROGRAMMERS

(J10710) 7-JUN-72 23:00; Title: Author(s): Harvey G. Lehtman/HGL; Distribution: James G. Mitchell, L. Peter Deutsch, Diane S. Kaye, Don I. Andrews, Walt Bass, William S. Duvall, Mary S. Church, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Harvey G. Lehtman, John T. Melvin, Bruce L. Parsley, William H. Paxton/NPG; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC NPG; Clerk: HGL;

1

## FIXED NLS (WE HOPE)

We have backed up to a reliable system and fixed Update old in it. We are working on the new system prematurely brought up last night and hope to have it up soon. Sorry for the inconvenience. HGL
FIXED NLS (WE HOPE)

(J10711) 7-JUN-72 23:02; Title: Author(s): Harvey G. Lehtman/HGL; Distribution: Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Nil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: HGL;

1

Hurrah for LPD

Peter, I was delighted to read your journal entry on an NLS programming language. Ever since I arrived at ARC I have felt that the goalof building an intellectual workshop was only going to be successful if NLS programming capabilities existed so that people could implement their own commands, subsystems etc without system programmers; in fact I think it should be a major goal to be able to do this. This capability should at some level be easy to use by novices as well as those with more programming experience. One aspect I don't remember seeing in your writeup was a discussion of debugging aids.

RWW 8-JUN-72 9:00 10712

Hurrah for LPD

(J10712) 8-JUN-72 9:00; Title: Author(s): Richard W. Watson/RWW; Distribution: James G. Mitchell, L. Peter Deutsch, Diane S. Kaye, Don I. Andrews, Walt Bass, William S. Duvall, Mary S. Church, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Harvey G. Lehtman, John T. Melvin, Bruce L. Parsley, William H. Paxton/NPG; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC NPG; Clerk: RWW;

ESRI-ARC 19-JUN-72 10:47 10713 SRI-ARC 21 JUN 72 10713 DNLS/EXEC

1

Section 6. DNLS/EXEC

INTRODUCTION	1a
The only EXECUTIVE command documented here is the DNLS access command. All other commands of interest to the DNLS user are documented in the TNLS User Guide (see 7470;).	1a1
ACCESSING DNLS	1b
In order for the user to enter DNLS, he must use the EXECUTIVE command DNLS.	161
<pre>@nls CR [id:] IDENT CR [device:] d[isplay]</pre>	1b1a

DNLS Preliminary Reference Guide

Section 6 [page 1]

SRI-ARC 19-JUN-72 10:47 10713 SRI-ARC 21 JUN 72 10713 DNLS/EXEC

(J10713) 19-JUN-72 10:47; Title: Author(s): S.R.I. - Augmentation Research Center/&SRI-ARC; Distribution: Joy A. Glenn, Kay F. Byrd, Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: MFA; Origin: <AUERBACH>J10713.NLS; 3, 16-JUN-72 17:26 MFA ;

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i have address for bruce if anyone is interested in writing to him

12.

(J10714) 8-JUN-72 15:45; Author(s): Kenneth E. Victor/KEV; Distribution: Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: KEV;

1

More Comments on "Programmable NLS"

Hurrah to both RWW (10712,) and LPD (10709,) for their comments on "Programmable NLS". I have just spent several months building a "Catalog Production Processor" which functions in the manner they speak of re designing user commands and subsystems -- i.e., almost all the "work" of the CPP is done using basic NLS "commands" operating on normal NLS files. Most of the work I had to do to build the CPP was digging into NLS for the systems programs which do things like Execute Assimilate, Jump to Link, Update File, Output Device Printer, etc., etc. -- and diddling these system programs so that they would function smoothely in an off-line environment (particularly how error messages and conditions are handled). If the dream environment, LPD and RWW (and WLB) are talking about had existed, creating the CPP would have been a week or two's work for a skilled user rather than several months' work for a systems programmer. Extrapolate this estimate to the many other areas where we need new user systems, and the value of having a Programmable NLS"" should become apparent. I would like to suggest that we invite LPD to join our SEAS Planning Team so as to be able to effectively input his ideas into the SEAS Planning Process, and I will be glad to share with SEAS any observations which they can elicit from me regarding my experiences in building the Catalog Production Processor.

1

WLB 8-JUN-72 17:40 10715

More Comments on "Programmable NLS"

(J10715) 8-JUN-72 17:40; Title: Author(s): Walt Bass/WLB; Distribution: L. Peter Deutsch, Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/LPD SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: WLB;

JCN 8-JUN-72 18:39 10716

Resource Allocation: A Study of Present Distribution of ARC Staff Time by Activity for Use at the Next PERC Meeting

#### To: RWW CHI WHP MDK PR WLB (PERC)

To aid our effort in making an initial cut at allocating ARC's people resources, I have assembled a matrix showing peoples' estimates of the way they are spending (or are about to spend) their time on projects and overhead.

I was considering making a suggested plan of my own to give to you (PERC) at the same time, but have decided to pass this attached initial view (10461,) on to you early enough before the meeting (6/14?) so that each of us can get some independent ideas about how to re-allocate our resources - as needed and as we agree.

The distribution in (10461,) undoubtedly contains some bad guesses about how some of our time is really spent now, but I feel that it is close enough to use as a starting point.

The amount of overhead reflected in the estimates gives a time sold (on project) level of about 84% - on an hours basis. This may be closer to 81% on a dollars-sold basis because of FRAMAC and PERC effects. The ARC budget level is set at 78% (of \$). Therefore, some of the project efforts may be reduced - but not much.

4a

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2

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JCN 8-JUN-72 18:39 10716 Resource Allocation: A Study of Present Distribution of ARC Staff Time by Activity for Use at the Next PERC Meeting

(J10716) 8-JUN-72 18:39; Title: Author(s): James C. Norton/JCN; Distribution: Douglas C. Engelbart, Walt Bass, Charles H. Irby, Michael D. Kudlick, James C. Norton, William H. Paxton, Paul Rech, Richard W. Watson/PERC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC PERC; Clerk: JCN; Origin: <NORTON>PERCMENO.NLS;1, 8-JUN-72 18:36 JCN ; HJOURNAL=" JCN 9 JUN 72 4:46AM 10716"; RWW JBN 15-JUN-72 15:00 10720 Network Information Specialist: Job Description RWW JBN 15-JUN-72 15:00 10720 Network Information Specialist: Job Description

JOB REQUIREMMENTS:	1
Education:	1a
BA or BS in English or Science	1a1
Experience:	1ь
One year or more in technical information work, as a writer, librarian, or information specialist.	1ь1
Some experience with computers.	1b2
Some experience in a research organization.	1b3
JOB DESCRIPTION:	2
Will be responsible for acquiring and maintaining the NIC Functional Documents. The information is to be acquired by phone or survey.	2a
Will be responsible for writing and editing this information as appropriate for a given document.	2ь
Will be responsible for indexing of some documents.	2c
Will be responsible for accuracy and appearance of the finished documents where this is in our control,	2d
Will be responsible for learning the appropriate ARC tools to perform these tasks.	2e
This person should have typing skills, but be more than a typist	21
This person will probably also have to design and document procedures for working with the Functional Documents.	2g

RWW JBN 15-JUN-72 15:00 10720 Network Information Specialist: Job Description

(J10720) 15-JUN-72 15:00; Title: Author(s): Richard W. Watson, Jeanne B. North/RWW JEN; Distribution: Douglas C. Engelbart, Walt Bass, Charles H. Irby, Michael D. Kudlick, James C. Norton, William H. Paxton, Paul Rech, Richard W. Watson, Douglas C. Engelbart/PERC DCE; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC PERC; Clerk: JCN; Origin: <NORTON>SPEC.NLS;1, 12-JUN-72 12:44 JCN ; HJOURNAL="RWW JBN 16 JUN 72 5:29AM 10720";

REK2 9-JUN-72 11:30 10721

1

A SAMPLE JOURNAL SESSION

THIS IS A SAMPLE

A SAMPLE JOURNAL SESSION

14. 12.4

(J10721) 9-JUN-72 11:30; Title: Author(s): Robert E. Kahn/REK2; Distribution: Robert E. Kahn/REK2; Sub-Collections: NIC; Clerk: REK2;

1

arrival

Julie, expect me home at 10:37 on u.a. flite 146. see you tomorrow.

JBL 9-JUN-72 12:24 10722

arrival

(J10722) 9-JUN-72 12:24; Title: Author(s): Joel B. Levin/JBL; Distribution: Julie B. Moore/JBM; Sub-Collections: NIC; Clerk: JBL;

REK2 9-JUN-72 13:41 10723

1

TEST

BEN-TENEX LETTER

(J10723) 9-JUN-72 13:41; Title: Author(s): Robert E. Kahn/REK2; Distribution: Bolt Beranek and Newman Inc. - TENEX Group/BBN-TENEX; Sub-Collections: NIC BEN-TENEX; Clerk: REK2;

DIA 9-JUN-72 14:54 10724

NEW superwatch commands: PRINT GRAPH and PRINT SCHEDULER PARAMETERS

There is a graph-plotting command in SUPERWATCH now:	1
The command is Print Graph (ca):	2
Specify:	2a
Time interval? (respond Y or N)	2a1
IF yes, system will request two times of day, hours and minutes.	2a1a
Setting the time interval results in data points being taken only from the statistics collected in that interval.	2a1b
The stat, input file	2a2
The output file for listing	2a3
<pre># horizontal characters = (use 100 for LFT:)</pre>	2a4
<pre># lines = (use 50 for LPT:)</pre>	2a5
Distribution or Time plot? (respond with D or T)	2a6
Both options query with the following and continue until "done"	2a6a
parameter: (respond with name, e.g. %U, IOW, etc.)	2a6a1
default scaling? (respond with Y or N, usually Y)	2a6a2
A NO results in further questions about min and max values for the axies.	2a6a2a
done? (respond with N to continue with another parameter)	2a6a3
Action:	2ь
A graph is printed for each specified parameter. Data points are taken from the stat. file (limited to the time interval if specified) and used to produce a character plot on the output file. The number of horizontal characters and lines determine the size of the plot. The number of	

2b1

horizontal characters is limited to 120.

DIA 9-JUN-72 14:54 10724 NEW superwatch commands: PRINT GRAPH and PRINT SCHEDULER PARAMETERS

14.1.1.1.1.1

A time plot is a graph of the value of the parameter vs. time.

A distribution plot results is a y axis of percentage of occurrances (of a value of the parameter), and an x axis of possible values of the parameter. 2b1b

Default scaling is normally used. The axies are set up so as to include all data points.

Special scaling can be used to "focus" in on part of a graph. Points that fall off the left, right, and bottom of the plot are ignored. Points that fall off the top are indicated by "<sup>†</sup>". Read the scale values from a "default scaling" graph to determine how to answer the interrogation about x and y min and max values.

Also, Print Scheduler parameters is a simple command that will respond NORMAL or NOT NORMAL as per current scheduler setting. NOT NORMAL means that either compile time or intermediate mode is invoked.

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DIA 9-JUN-72 14:54 10724 NEW superwatch commands: PRINT GRAPH and PRINT SCHEDULER PARAMETERS

1.4 14

(J10724) 9-JUN-72 14:54; Title: Author(s): Don I. Andrews/DIA; Distribution: Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: DIA; Origin: <ANDREWS>DOCGRAPH.NLS; 3, 9-JUN-72 14:51 DIA ;

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### INVITATION TO USE THE NEW 3M READER-PRINTER

The 3M Reader-Printer for the use of ARC has been installed in the Reading Area, next to the New Periodicals shelf. Directions for its use for reading and for printing are on the machine, and are foolproof.

The collection of documents in microprint is in the grey filebox on the table with the Reader. If you remove one to read, please put it back in the front of the box.

At present, we have very few documents in fiche which we don't have in fullsize hardcopy; the policy is to acquire all new documents in both forms if possible, so that after initial use the fullsize can be deleted. A few documents of high cost and marginal interest have been obtained in fiche only, and the ARC New Document Bulletin will henceforth note these.

When the Printer runs out of paper, BER and CXP know what to do.

JBN 9-JUN-72 15:17 10725

(J10725) 9-JUN-72 15:17; Title: Author(s): Jeanne B. North/JBN; Distribution: Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: JBN; Origin: <NORTH>BLANK.NLS;2, 10-MAY-72 13:04 JBN ;

SWW 12-JUN-72 11:41 10726

NBS RESPONSE TO 10594	1
THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS IN RESPONSE TO NIC 10594.	1a
THE LEVEL AND LINE OF THE REMARKS COINCIDE WITH THAT OF	
QUESTIONS IN 10594.	1b
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS	1c
PDP-11	1 d
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20234 ATTN: MRS. SHIRLEY WATKINS, B-216, TECHNOLOGY	1e
LOCAL PERSONNEL	11
MRS. SHIRLEY WATKINS	111
(301) 921-2601 (HOTLINE(301) 921-3272)	1f2
ROB ROSENTHAL OR DON RIPPY	1f3
NO OPERATOR REQUIRED FOR TIP	1g
NO SPECIAL FEATURES	1 h
FIRST TUESDAY OF THE MONTH.	11
	1 j
PORT NUMBERS ARE 40-49, INCLUSIVELY. THE PHONE NUMBER OF THE TIP IS 948-5951, WITH ROTARY LINES.	1k

NBS RESPONSE TO NIC 10594

1

NBS RESPONSE TO NIC 10594

(J10726) 12-JUN-72 11:41; Title: Author(s): Shirley W. Watkins/SWW; Distribution: David H. Crocker/DHC; Sub-Collections: NIC; Clerk: SWW; Origin: <NBS-TIP>SWW.NLS;5, 12-JUN-72 11:34 SWW;

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**Request** for Idents

### Gino,

Please give me a list of everyone you know from Ames who is going to come to the June TNLS Course at SRI.

I will need their names (first, last and middle initial if any) and phone numbers.

You can phone me at 326-6200 ext 2469 or send me a Journal message.

Thank you.

Barbara Row (BER)

Request for Idents

(J10727) 12-JUN-72 13:26; Title: Author(s): Barbara E. Row/BER; Distribution: Gino Pucine, Dirk H. van Nouhuys/GINO DVN; Sub-Collections: NIC; Clerk: BER; Origin: <JOURNAL>GINO.NLS;1, 12-JUN-72 13:23 BER;

## Suggested Action Items for EMC

What is the status of the Delivery Team's recommendations to ARC on Disk and Drum storage changes? If we are going to get additional RP02's, we should do so soon, so that it's worth DEC's while in terms of lead time to procure and length of contract, and worth ARC's while in terms of getting adequate drum back-up and increased disk capacity.

As a separate item, I request that EMC arrange to move WSD's phone (which is directly connected to the SRI system, i.e., reachable through the SRI internal dialing system) to DIA's premises as soon as possible.

# Suggested Action Items for EMC

(J10736) 13-JUN-72 10:37; Title: Author(s): Michael D. Kudlick/MDK; Distribution: William H. Paxton, Richard W. Watson, James C. Norton/EMC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC EMC; Clerk: MDK; Origin: <KUDLICK>DUMMY.NLS;3, 13-JUN-72 9:48 MDK;

DIA 13-JUN-72 11:04 10738

update to program communication flags

Usage of Program Communication Flags	1
Flag #0 (password JLOCK): Used to control Journal access.	1a
When set, prevents anyone new from entering the Journal, but allows persons already using it to continue.	1a1
Flag #1 (Password JBFIL): Indicates a Bad File in the Journal System Files.	15
This flag may be set either by the Journal, or by slinker.	151
It indicates that an error was found in one of the Journal files, and immediately stops any further use of the Journal.	152
Persons currently using the Journal are bombed out to t TNLS command parser with the message: Global Journal File System ErrorCall NIC Center.	e 1b2a
The flag will always be reset by running recovf, and it will be additionally reset by any successful running of slinker.	1ь3
Note that slinker May also set this flag if it finds a bad file.	1b3a
Recovf should be used for recovering.	1ь3ь
Flag #2 (Password SLNKR): Controls the automatic startup of Recovf (slinker, OLJDEL).	lc
If on, NLS will not function as NLS, but will reset it and start up recovf (including logging in as background) instead.	1c1
If found on and NLS is logged in, NLS executes an error after resetting it.	1c2
Flag #3 (Password NLSUT): Controls the automatic startup of NLS utilty	ld
If on, NLS will not function as NLS, but will reset it and start up Utilty (including logging in as background) instead.	141
If found on and NLS is logged in, NLS executes an error after resetting it.	1d2

DIA 13-JUN-72 11:04 10738

update to program communication flags

Flag #4 (password OPNLK): Used by the routine (IOCTL, openlock) for preventing race conditions.	1e
Flag #5 (password EXPFG): If TRUE, SLINKER and NLSUTILTY will expunge the directories under which they are running. If FALSE, the expunge will not be executed.	1f
Flag # 6 (Password WMEAS) If on, NLS will write some measurement stuff out on a file when Execute Quit is done.	1g
Flag # 7 (Password IDLOK): A Flag which, if set, will not allow entry into the identification system.	1h
Flag #8: (Password AUTOJ)	11
Whenever Checkdisc runs, it turns this flag on.	111
After it has completed running and there were no errors, it turns it off.	112
If this flag is on, no auto-startup jobs will be started.	113
Flag #9: (Password CHKJ0)	1.j
Whenever Checkdisc runs, it turns this flag on.	1 j 1
After it has completed running, it turns it off.	1 j 2
If this flag is on, no jobs will be started.	1 ј 3
Flag #10 (Pasword TLOAD)	1 k
This flag is only on when the disk is being reloaded from mag tape.	1k1
It is used by the disk allocator (as modified by DIA). The allocator selects pages from the center of the packs normally, but when loading from tape, pages near the edges	
of the packs are used.	1k2

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update to program communication flags

(J10738) 13-JUN-72 11:04; Author(s): Don I. Andrews/DIA; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: DIA; Origin: <ANDREWS>FLAGS.NLS;2, 13-JUN-72 11:02 DIA ; (J9446) 7-MAR-72 16:22; .HJOURNAL="KEV 7-MAR-72 16:22 9446"; Title: Author(s): Kenneth E. Victor/KEV; Distribution: Kay F. Byrd, Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: KEV; Origin: <VICTOR>FLAGS.NLS;1, 7-MAR-72 16:09 KEV ;

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Reply to your reply.

thanx for the prompt reply. One point needing clarification:

What hours are you down, the first Tuesday of the month? Thanx. d/ Reply to your reply.

(J10739) 13-JUN-72 11:42; Title: Author(s): David H. Crocker/DHC; Distribution: Shirley W. Watkins/SWW; Sub-Collections: NIC; Clerk: DHC;
PERC Notes 8 June 1972

## Attendees: RWW JCN PR WLB

This meeting was devoted to a first pass at establishing mechanisms within LINAC for handling the 12 on-going tasks enumerated in a previous PERC meeting (10615,) as critical in the day-to-day functioning of ARC.

These mechanisms will operate within the organizational framework as established by DCE in (10034,) and subsequently elaborated. Many of the areas below need much more refining and PERC requests and welcomes dialog to aid the development of a workable management system.

The basic structure consists of the Projects, the Developmental Thrusts, Operations, and the Development Coordinator reporting to the Planning and Executive Review Committee (PERC).

The membership of PERC is the set of Project and Developmental Thrust Pushers, and the Operations and Development Coordinators, with a Chairman (RWW) appointed by DCE.

The functions of PERC are to plan, coordinate, and review LINAC activities, resolve conflicts and generally to see that we are investing our scarce resources on the most important tasks at any given point in time.

PERC currently has one subcommittee, the Executive Management Committee, consisting of RWW JCN and WHP. The purpose of EMC is to carry out established LINAC policies in the day-to-day operations of ARC.

The functions of the EMC are to handle the day to day operational decisions that are outside projects, thrusts, and operations which continue to occur; examples are to be found in the EMC notes for late 1971 and early 1972. Any decision of EMC is reviewable by the entire PERC if desired and the EMC role as well as PERC's will have to evolve with time. The key point is that all decisions of EMC and PERC should be available in the appropriate minutes.

At this meeting of PERC, coordinator roles within PERC were defined . A coordinator is simply a member of PERC who is responsible for seeing that some specific area of business receives the attention from PERC and EMC that is required for achieving results in that area. The role of coordinator is simply to see that activities in his area do not fall through the cracks. The responsibility is still PERC's or EMC's. 2

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RWW 13-JUN-72 13:14 10740

PERC Notes 8 June 1972

Below is a copy of the list of 13 issues posed in (10615,) as areas requiring LINAC attention, along with the beginnings of mechanisms which are being established for dealing with these issues.

0. Handling day to day problems

Day to day problems are to be handled wherever possible by discussion, dialog, meetings, negotiations between the relevant thrusts, operations, projects, individuals, design teams, etc.

Conflicts which can not be resolved at this level are to be brought to the attention of EMC or PERC.

There is a question as to whether issues should first go to EMC or PERC for delegation to one or the other. In the meantime conflicts or issues should come to the PERC chairman for referral to EMC or PERC until this area is clarified.

1. DCE work load relief/delegation

DCE has agreed to limit his involvement in LINAC by working through PERC, its subgroups and chairman.

2. People resource allocation rules

PERC will make an initial cut at people resource allocatio after studying our present commitments and the plans of projects, thrusts and operations.

The responsibility for keeping track of the assignments of people resources rests with the Operations Pusher and Development Coordinator (JCN/WHP), who will maintain the visibility of these resource assignments through the Baseline Record System. It is the responsibility of each pusher and person at ARC to see that his tasks listed in the baseline record for a project, thrust, or himself are accurate.

It is assummed that everyone is involved to one or more projects, thrusts, or operational tasks which have funds for the work which is being done, and that everyone is doing things which have been approved as desireable by the appropriate pushers and coordinators.

It is assummed that the relative priorities of tasks of projects, thrusts, operations is to be continuously 4c2

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RWW 13-JUN-72 13:14 10740

PERC Notes 8 June 1972

	reviewed by PERC and possibly altered based on new needs, better understanding of the situation etc	4c4
	If a person has something he feels should be done, he should enter his suggestion as a need or possibility in the Baseline Record for the appropriate project, thrust, operation, discuss it with the relevant pusher(s) so that it can be integrated into their planning and priority schedule.	4c5
3. 1n	Understanding current resource commitments at this instant time	4d
	This information needs to be pulled together by PERC from a understanding of our current commitments. RWW is	4.41
	coordinator in this area.	441
4.	Short term plans	4e
	As Chairman of PERC, RWW is Prodder for seeing that the planning effort gets the needed attention. He will prepare a written request reviving this effort for consideration at	
	the next PERC meeting.	4e1
5.	Recruiting	41
	PERC will take responsibility for the recruiting effort, with WLB acting as Prodder, and EMC handling the operational follow-through.	411
6.	Organization roles and responsbilities	4g
	PERC will be responsible for elaborating on the existing descriptions of organizational roles and responsibilities. This document represents current steps in this process.	4g1
7.	Conflict resolution	4h
	Conflicts should be resolved between the affected parties directly whereever possible and then be brought to EMC or PERC, through the PERC/EMC Chairman, if needbe, with DCE being the final arbiter when absolutely necessary.	4h1
8.	Project review	41
	PERC as a whole will review Projects, Developmental Thrusts, and Operations, both looking at problems/progress and at priority of tasks being done. CHI will act as Prodder for seeing that the review process remains current	

and active. PERC will set a goal of reviewing one or more activities of LINAC at each meeting.

# 9. Personnel administration

This is a difficult area which PERC would like to punt for the time being by leaving salary administration to DCE, and other problems to regular ARC processes. JCN will act as Prodder in this area for the purpose of seeing that PERC gives on-going attention to the formulation of explicit mechanisms for handling the responsibilities of personnel administration. In the mean time, any member of PERC may be approached in an "ombudsman" role by any member of ARC who has any problem which he doesn't know how to handle.

### 10. Promotion/marketing

Action in this area is held up pending clear statements from DCE as to what our policies should be. MDK will act as Prodder for keeping PERC focussed on the problems in this area and for seeing that actions possible within the existing policy framework receive due attention.

# 11. LINAC/FRAMAC/PODAC interface

LINAC, FRAMAC, and PODAC are activities existing at the same organizational level within ARC, and all three of these activities report to DCE.

The PERC Chairman is responsible for keeping LINAC in phase with the policy deliberations taking place within FRAMAC by coordination with DCE. 411

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# 411

PERC Notes 8 June 1972

(J10740) 13-JUN-72 13:14; Title: Author(s): Richard W. Watson/RWW; Distribution: Kay F. Byrd, Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC SRI-ARC; Clerk: RWW;

Origin: <WATSON>PERC.NLS;3, 13-JUN-72 13:11 RWW ; Minutes of 8 June 1972 PERC Meeting JCN 13-JUN-72 18:13 10741 To Harvey re: TV Recording Units Selection Task

These are the initial ideas we talked about on the Portable TV cameras and recorders we are considering buying as ARC capital equipment. 1 I'm assuming that you are still the pusher for the task of making a study and then a recommendation to PERC/DCE about the configuration to buy, and the generating necessary supporting documents that go with it. 1a It appears that this is a good time to resolve the issue and place the resulting order. 1a1 Since they are to be capital equipment, we need to write a small (half page?) justification, showing our need and their intended use. 1b This should probably center on their expected use in demonstrations, training (on our several projects, not just one), and on overhead: FRAMAC, PODAC, promotion, etc.. 1b1 In addition, we will probably find some ways to use these capabilities in the development and perhaps operation of the Dialog Support System. 1b2 The units now being considered are: 2 (you supply the model numbers and other details?) 2a One SONY Recorder 525 lines (not so portable) \$700? 2bOne SONY Porta-pack 525 lines \$1500? 2c 1 hour attachment 525 lines \$ 200? 2c1 One SONY Editing recorder 525 lines \$10002 2dInitial supply of tapes: 10 @ \$40 (1 hour each) \$400 2e Small 9" portable TV monitor unit? \$100 21 Total: \$3900? 2g

These units would let us record one or two ARC console TV monitors simultaneously, while recording subjects' sound and environment with the Portable unit.

Later, we could use the editing unit to combine recordings, either intermixed directly, or through our existing mixer (used 3

JCN 13-JUN-72 18:13 10741 To Harvey re: TV Recording Units Selection Task

for the ASIS Conference) for overlays, window shots, etc. to produce integrated final product tapes.

We should also consider getting the above listed small (9"?) portable TV monitor unit, so that the Portapack and the monitor can be taken to any site to show the tape recordings. Such a unit would be useful during recording sessions.

We need good zoom lenses. Do we have any?

What did we use for the ASIS?

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JCN 13-JUN-72 18:13 10741 To Harvey re: TV Recording Units Selection Task

(J10741) 13-JUN-72 18:13; Title: Author(s): James C. Norton/JCN; Distribution: Harvey G. Lehtman, Douglas C. Engelbart, Douglas C. Engelbart, Walt Bass, Charles H. Irby, Michael D. Kudlick, James C. Norton, William H. Paxton, Paul Rech, Richard W. Watson/HGL DCE(for info) PERC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC PERC; Clerk: JCN; Origin: <NORTON>HARVEY.NLS;1, 13-JUN-72 18:10 JCN ; HJOURNAL=" JCN 14 JUN 72 6:21AM 10741";

JCN 15-JUN-72 15:05 10742 To: Torben Meisling

From: Jim Norton

cc: Doug Engelbart

Thanks for your memo, Torben. I like to hear from you and will look forward to seeing you in August.

The article you mentioned was reprinted from an AP news release that evidently appeared in several hundred U.S. papers. When we were interviewed, we talked about Doug Engelbart as being the principle researcher for our program -- over and over. Newsmen being what they are (perverse?), no mention of Doug appeared, much to my dismay.

We are not planning to use the term "HIAS" coined for us by the AP. Aside from these two "negative" points we are glad to have the fairly broad coverage that the article provided.

My role in ARC is still developing and is increasingly interesting and challenging. I work (and think?) at many levels from designing and implementing new system features to analyzing possibilities, processes, situations, and strategies to managing our Operational activity - while using the online (and offline) system extensively.

I often reflect on my good fortune in having your support and encouragement, particularly in 1968, that brought me into this work. It really made a difference to my career. If I can help someone else in a similar way, I'll know what it means to him.

\* THANKS AGAIN \*

About the information you wanted:

I have enclosed our last ARPA (RADC) project interim report (8277,).

We are just finishing the Final Report for the past twenty-seven months' work for ARPA. I also include a draft copy of several sections of that report, including its Table of Contents. It will be published in September, I suspect.

This draft is really just for your personal use now, as it is not yet approved by ARC or SRI.

I am sending a copy of our proposal (7404,) for the project we are now just starting for the next twenty-one months.

We also have a small project with ONR, the Annual Report (10045,) being enclosed.

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Doug is working on plans to broaden our interactions with other system-developers, by launching what he calls the "Bootstrap

most recently published project report.

produce reports.

Community".

We hope to use our dialog support system to cooperate with other system development groups so as to accelerate the overall augmentation system-building process. It's hard to get started, but we have faith that it will eventually happen.

The list of references may be of use, since this is our

Our small project with RADC to help them learn to use the system in their own environment has just started and will not

We still have trouble getting the basic ideas about what augmentation systems could be and could mean across to people. It always seems to come back to the fact that people have to experience using the system before they really start getting an understanding of the framework within which Doug is talking.

It's mainly a combination of their having different frames of reference and our not being as clear about our ideas as we should--but we're working on it.

It seems easy to stimulate enthusiasm about "the system" in people who see the system's superficial "flashyness". This at least captures the attention of people whom we want to understand what we're about. It's effecting their real understanding that is our challenge.

The ARPANET is growing in size and in number of people involved. People from all over the country are beginning to use NLS at ARC via the Network to compose documents and transmit them to others in the Network.

We are slowly seeing people who are remote from one another starting to cooperate (using our NIC Journal) on common tasks --distributed subgroups, isolated people with common interests.

The medium is now there for this to grow. All it needs is some time to "ripen".

We have recently been reviewing Doug's 1962 Conceptual Framework document (I'll enclose one in case yours is not handy).

We are still on the planned program Doug laid out then, but

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the description of "Joe", the future augmented worker, is close to a picture of our present advanced user, with only a few system features lacking.

We plan to make a picture of "Joe" ten years from now soon, at least I plan to.

Well, I must close. See you soon?

To: Torben Meisling

From: Jim Norton

cc: Doug Engelbart

(J10742) 15-JUN-72 15:05; Title: Author(s): James C. Norton/JCN; Distribution: Douglas C. Engelbart/DCE; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: JCN;

Origin: <NORTON>TORBEN.NLS;1, 15-JUN-72 10:12 JCN ; HJOURNAL=" JCN 20 JUN 72 10742";

#### JCN 16-JUN-72 13:24 10743

Preliminary Shelf Design for ARC Hardcopy Baseline Records

The following outlines the design for a Easeline hardcopy Shelf layout: 1 Use 1" and 2" Green plastic covered binders. 1a Each binder to have these dividers: (See 101, Operations Administration example) 1b Contents (no divider) 1b1 Goals and Responsibilities -1-1b2 Current Plan -2-1b3 Current Tasks: Requirements and Designs -3-1b4 Blank dividers between tasks, tabs at bottom 1b4a -4-Current Tasks: Schedule Views 1b5 Relevant Documents and References -5-166 Blank dividers between tasks, tabs at bottom 1b6a Other Data -6-1b7 The binders will be organized as follows: 1c For Projects: 1" for most activities, 2" where needed. 1c1 Activity summary accounts (\*nnn\*) will not have binders 1c1a 1868 Contract RADC/ARPA: 1c2 **\*100\* OPERATIONS** 1c2a **101** Administration lc2a1 102 CSO - Hardware 1c2a2 103 CSO - Software 1c2a3 104 CSO - Operators 1c2a4 105 PSO - General 1c2a5 106 User Interface 1c2a6 **\*200\* DEVELOPMENT** 1c2b 201 Development Coordination 1c2b1 202 Delivery 1c2b2 203 DSS - Dialog Support System 1c2b3 204 DPCS - Documentation Production and Support System 1c2b4 205 BRS - Baseline Record System 1c2b5 206 SDHS - System Developers Handbook System 1c2b6 207 SEAS - Software Engineering Augmentation System 1c2b7 208 NLS/TENEX General 1c2b8 208 Other 1c2b9 \*300\* MINI-CONSOLE 1c2c **301** Administration 1c2c1 302 System Development 1c2c2 \*400\* IPT 1c2d 401 Administration 1c2d1 \*600\* NIC 1c2e

JCN 16-JUN-72 13:24 10743 Preliminary Shelf Design for ARC Hardcopy Baseline Records

601 Administration	1c2e1
603 CSO	1c2e2
605 PSO	1c2e3
606 Net Interface	
(includes Station Agent and Net participation)	1c2e4
607 NIC Development	1c2e5
*700* XEROX	1c2f
701 Administration	1c2f1
702 MPS Development	1c2f2
8622 Contract ONR:	1c3
*800* SDIS	1cJa
801 Administration	1c3al
808 SDIS - System Developers Intelligence System	1c3a2
1894 Contract RADC:	1c4
*900* RADC	1c4a
901 Administration	1c4a1
905 Baseline Management System Development Support	1c4a2
In addition:	1d
An overall ARC Baseline view binder will include:	141
Current Task Schedule by Individual	1d1a
Current Task Schedule - All ARC	1d1b
(The above views are those currently produced weekly by the BRS.)	1d1c
The following procedures will be used initially to keep the Baseline Record hardcopy collection up to date:	2
Each Project, Development activity, and Operations pusher will provide an initial (and suubsequent updates) plan as per RWW/PERC request (10753,).	2a
Each plan will be entered into the Journal with a copy to IDENT: "BRS" (to be set up by BER) in the MSR directory.	2a1
The first hardcopy production of each plan is the responsibility of the originating pusher (with help from PSO).	2a2
Subsequent plan updates hardcopy will be made by PSO (details to worked out soon by JCN) with reference to the file <msr>BRS under (Journal) branch.</msr>	2a3
Weekly BRS all task and person views will be prepared and filed by PSO (as at present).	2ь

JCN 16-JUN-72 13:24 10743 Preliminary Shelf Design for ARC Hardcopy Baseline Records

The present Baseline data file will have major headings	
renamed to correspond to the pattern outlined above.	2c
Current task requirements (as exist) and designs (few now	
exist) will be printed by PSO using the program below.	2d
RESET % settings for requirements formatting in BRS 4/72	
JCN-BLP %	2d1
ALLSUBT = YES	2dla
BODYSUBT = YES	2d1b
REPQUOTE = YES	2d1c
SUBHED = YES	2d1d
SUBSTRUC = Requirements Designs Subtasks % %	2d1e
Plans in response to the initial request (10753,) will contain information about works, responsibilities. These can be	
separated later by PSO for separate filing, since they will	
change less often than plans.	2e
Any relevant documents or reference material may be filed as	
would like to see here.	21
Any ideas on this "scheme" are welcome JCN.	2.4
	~0

JCN 16-JUN-72 13:24 10743 Preliminary Shelf Design for ARC Hardcopy Baseline Records

(J10743) 16-JUN-72 13:24; Title: Author(s): James C. Norton/JCN; Distribution: Douglas C. Engelbart, Walt Bass, Charles H. Irby, Michael D. Kudlick, James C. Norton, William H. Paxton, Paul Rech, Richard W. Watson, Cindy Page, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, J. D. Hopper, Douglas C. Engelbart/PERC CXP DVN JDH DCE; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC PERC; Clerk: JCN;

Origin: <NORTON>BASESHELF.NLS; 2, 16-JUN-72 13:09 JCN ; HJOURNAL="JCN 20 JUN 72 5:51AM 10743"; JCN 16-JUN-72 13:22 10744 Baseline Binder Setup Task for PSO

Please make up binders in accordance with the set outlined in the attached document (10743,).	1
There are several boxes of green binders in my office that should be used for this purpose.	1a
Each binder should have numbered dividers from the supply room by DCE's office.	1ь
Each binder should have two typed labels mounted in metal holders as in the example binder for activity 101 - Operations Administration on the Baseline shelf in the Cave.	1c
Two inch binders should be used for those items marked on (10473,) in red. The others should be 1 inch binders.	1d
Please see me if any questions arise. I would like to have this task completed by Monday, June 19th if possible.	2

JCN 16-JUN-72 13:22 10744

Baseline Binder Setup Task for PSO

(J10744) 16-JUN-72 13:22; Title: Author(s): James C. Norton/JCN; Distribution: Douglas C. Engelbart, Walt Bass, Charles H. Irby, Michael D. Kudlick, James C. Norton, William H. Paxton, Paul Rech, Richard W. Watson, J. D. Hopper, Cindy Page, Douglas C. Engelbart, Dirk H. van Nouhuys/PERC JDH CXP DCE DVN; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC PERC; Clerk: JCN; Origin: <NORTON>BINDERS.NLS;1, 16-JUN-72 13:09 JCN ; HJOURNAL=" JCN 20 JUN 72 5:52AM 10744";

1

# NET Servers Status Info

# Dick;

Have a format for a Server Status Information file, which users could access when curious about current or future-planned down-time for the NET servers. I'd appreciate any suggestions you have. Location: (arpa,dhcsstat,0).

DHC 14-JUN-72 13:27 10746

NET Servers Status Info

(J10746) 14-JUN-72 13:27; Title: Author(s): David H. Crocker/DHC; Distribution: Richard W. Watson/RWW; Sub-Collections: NIC; Clerk: DHC;

1

# ITS A GREAT NEW WORLD

SPEAKEASY IS P AND RUNNING AT UCLA PHONE ME

ITS A GREAT NEW WORLD

(J10747) 14-JUN-72 13:35; Title: Author(s): Stanley Cohen/SC; Distribution: Ernest H. Forman, Stanley Cohen/EHF(LCOKY) SC; Sub-Collections: NIC; Clerk: SC;

1

Output Proc Problem, still.

# Dirk;

The problem I asked you about yesterday, regarding the output processor padding the beginning each line with 3 spaces seems to still be occurring.

This, whenever I use any margin command, "LN" or BLM" cause the left padding and "RM" or "BRM" result in the right over-printing.

Very strange. ... Any thoughts? d/

DHC 14-JUN-72 13:56 10748

Output Proc Problem, still.

(J10748) 14-JUN-72 13:56; Title: Author(s): David H. Crocker/DHC; Distribution: Dirk H. van Nouhuys/DVN; Sub-Collections: NIC; Clerk: DHC;

MDK 14-JUN-72 15:48 10749

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TRANSMITTAL LETTER: NLS NETWORK SERVICE FACILITY 20 JUN 72

2

## To: (Prospective Offeror)

Subject: (RFP No. )

Gentlemen:

Stanford Research Institute invites you to submit a proposal on Facilities Management of the "NLS Network Service Facility," as set forth in the attached Request for Proposal.

Your submittal should arrive at SRI by August 1, 1972, and be addressed to:

> Stanford Research Institute 333 Ravenswood Avenue Menlo Park, Calfornia 94025 Attention: Mr. G.C. Kasolas Contract Administrator

Three copies of your submittal are requested, each of which should contain all of the elements of cost in detail necessary in your opinion to perform the effort contemplated. Performance of the effort, period of performance., and type of contract will be in accordance with and as indicated in the attached RFP.

This request does not commit SRI or the government to pay any costs incurred in the submission of the proposal, or to procure or subcontract for services or supplies in connection with the submission of this proposal. Further, this Request for Proposal does not commit SRI or the government to any costs incurred in anticipation of a contract.

Your attention is invited to that section of the RFP which clearly states that it is SRI's intent to incorporate prospective offeror's proposal within and as a part of an SRI proposal for a prime contract with the U.S. government. Accordingly, appropriate permission will be required. 8

Notification is to be given to SRI within 10 days indicating the prospective offeror's intent to bid. If a proposal is not to be submitted, the attached RFP is to be returned to SRI.

Very truly yours, G.C. Kasolas Contract Administrator 10

NDK 14-JUN-72 15:48 10749 TRANSMITTAL LETTER: NLS NETWORK SERVICE FACILITY 20 JUN 72 3

MDK 14-JUN-72 15:48 10749 REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL: NLS NETWORK SERVICE FACILITY 20 JUN 72 4

# Gentlemen:

This is a Request for Proposal on facilities management of an "NLS Network Service Facility," consisting of a PDP-10 TENEX timesharing system connected through a TIP or an IMP to the ARPANET. The purpose is to support SRI-ARC in providing special timesharing computer services to the ARPA Network user community. (SRI-ARC is the Augmentation Research Center of Stanford Research Institute.) By "facilities management" we mean the procurement, operation, and maintenance of a computer hardware and software system, including such supporting functions as archival data storage and retrieval, output processing and report distribution, and user accounting and interfacing. These concepts are defined in the text that follows. 14

## INTRODUCTION

15

Price Quotation	16
Your price quotation should address these three main aspects of facilities management:	17
(1) Basic system and support requirements	17a
(2) Expansion possibilities	17b
(3) Contingency and miscellaneous events.	17c

In addressing these three aspects, the quotation should indicate which items are critical in any sense, e.g., long lead time to procure, difficult to provide desired service levels, etc. The "Statement of Work" section covers the above three categories in more detail.

Note that while the Statement of Work describes the type of facilities management operations we envision, we will also entertain proposals that deviate from our specifications. All items are to be construed as indications of SRI-ARC expectations, not as binding constraints that must be agreed to in your reply to this request. We will consider awarding a contract based on specifications different from those we describe, provided that our end goals are met and that costs and other factors are in line with our expectations. 18a

The quotation will be evaluated by SRI-ARC according to the following criteria:

18b

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REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL: NLS NETWORK SERVICE FACILITY 20 JUN 72 5

Qualifications of	
Personnel	
Facilities management company.	1861
Facilities	
Type of equipment	
Location of equipment	
Capability for future expansion	
Location of personnel.	1862
Ability to meet schedule	1853
Cost and/or price	1864

The quotation must include certain details of personnel experience, location of equipment and personnel, etc. These are enumerated in the "Facilities Management Criteria" and "Miscellaneous Requirements" sections.

If any proposal/offer contains proprietary information it should be appropriately identified and marked, and permission be given both to SRI-ARC and to the U.S. government to use such information for evaluation purposes in considering the offeror's proposal. Explicit permission to incorporate offeror's proposal into and as a part of SRI-ARC's proposal to the U.S. government for a prime contract will be required.

#### **Contract** Considerations

Because of budgeting and timing constraints, we request that the price quotation be available to us by August 1, 1972, and be valid until January 1, 1973.

We anticipate that a fixed-price subcontract, under a U.S. government prime contract, will be negotiated for a one-year facilities management arrangement to commence January 1, 1973. (Other proposed forms of subcontract may be considered.) We expect that the contract negotiation period will begin about September 1, 1972. However, we must emphasize that at the present time we have no funds to negotiate a contract. Your reply to this request will be the basis for our making proposals to acquire the necessary funds. We make no guarantee that any contract will be awarded.

21

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SRI-ARC may elect to prenegotiate a contract with a selected, qualified vendor before receipt of a formal prime contract from the government, to expedite and facilitate commencement of the proposed requested services. Prenegotiation of a contract would not incur any cost obligation on the part of SRI-ARC. 23a

If, to meet the agreed on start date, it becomes necessary to order equipment before a contract go-ahead, such would be solely at the vendor's risk. 23b

If it becomes feasible to negotiate a two-year contract rather than a one-year contract, or if it becomes possible to renegotiate the one-year contract into a contract lasting more than one year, then we would like to consider doing this. Therefore, we would like your quotation to include any information (such as pricing changes, dates by which you would have to know of the altered plans, etc.) that would affect or be influenced by these possibilities. 24

STAT	<b>FEMENT</b>	OF	WORK

6

Specific requirements concerning the above three main aspects of the facilities management concept will now be considered. 26

25

27

27a

(1) Basic system and support requirements

Hardware Configuration

The hardware system is a 128K PDP-10 computer system, with pager, swapping drum, disk storage, associated peripheral devices, and interfaces to accommodate local terminals and terminals on the ARPANET. 27a1

A list of hardware components necessary to support about 20 simultaneous users (out of a community of about 200 users) under the TENEX timesharing system is given in the attachment (Figure 1). 27a2

A proposed configuration that provides the equivalent or better functions and service levels to that shown in the attachment will not disqualify an offeror from being selected for the facilities management contract. 27a3

Hardware Procurement, Installation, and Maintenance 27b

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We expect you to manage the procurement, installation, and maintenance of the hardware required for our needs. In the configuration of Figure 1 certain special equipment is indicated. This is the following: 27b1

The BEN "pager" and associated arithmetic processor modifications to the PDP-10 computer. 27b1a

The interface message processor (IMP), and phone lines to allow tie-in to the ARPA Network. 27b1b

The interface hardware to connect the IMP to the PDP-10. 27blc

27b2

2763

27c

27c1

Please note the following:

7

The IMP will have to be acquired through the Advanced Research Projects Agency, ARPA. The BBN pager, the arithmetic processor modifications, and the IMP interface hardware probably will have to be acquired from BBN. 27b2a

Certain software aspects of TENEX (especially the Network Control Program) are implemented to use these special pieces of hardware. Any deviations from the existing hardware would require software modifications. 27b2b

Other considerations:

Availability and cost of floor space, air conditioning requirements, and similar installation factors and costs should be stated in your quotation. 27b3a

Please indicate in your Proposal whether you intend to operate more than one PDP-10 TENEX timesharing system as part of your overall installation. We would expect that your ability to provide a reliable system would be enhanced if more than one such system were being operated by your personnel. 27b3b

Software Procurement and Maintenance

TENEX Timesharing System

The TENEX timesharing system software will be government furnished. Some initial modifications to the standard BBN TENEX software are required for the processing of the SRI-ARC on-line system software, "NLS". SRI-ARC would assist you in making the initial installation and initial modifications as necessary. 27c1a

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Following installation, all subsequent BEN releases of the TENEX software are to be installed on receipt. For each such new release, installation may require that previous SRI-ARC modifications to TENEX, and/or previous modifications made by you the facilities management company, would have to be installed in the new release, possibly with SRI-ARC assistance.

NLS (SRI-ARC's On-Line Interactive System)

The NLS system is to be provided and installed by SRI-ARC as a subsystem under TENEX. Maintenance and upgrading will be the responsibility of SRI-ARC. The NLS system is not to be copied, duplicated, or put to any use other than that prescribed herein for the purposes of facilities management for SRI-ARC. 27c2a

### **TENEX Subsystems**

Only a subset of the whole set of available TENEX subsystems will be installed. Those subsystems to be installed will be described at the time the contract is negotiated. The facilities management company will not be expected to provide maintenance on any of the subsystems. Maintenance could be provided by HEN, by DEC, or by SRI-ARC. 27c3a

#### Supporting Functions

#### Computer Operations

Six days per week, Monday through Saturday. 27d1a Two shifts per day, covering 5 AM to 9 PM Pacific time. 27d1b

#### Archival Data Storage and Retrieval

By archival storage is meant storage on magnetic tape or other tertiary storage medium, usually an off-line medium.

27d2a The TENEX system has facilities to allow the operator to cause selected files to be archived automatically. This function will have to be performed weekly. 27d2b

An archived file should be able to be placed in the on-line storage medium, on user request to the facilities management operator, within a period of time not longer than one hour and preferably as short as 10 to 15 minutes after the user request is received. 27d2c

27c2

27c3

27d 27d1

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## Output Processing and Report Distribution

Printer output, generated by SRI-ARC supported software, will have to be mailed to users at their request, sometimes with multiple copies (not carbon, but repeated). In some special cases, blocks of such output would be transmitted directly to SRI-ARC for further processing. (SRI-ARC would provide address information; the printouts could be addressed automatically; the type of paper would be specified by the user.) 27d3a

#### Accounting for Resources Used

A detailed monthly report, by account number and user name, is to be provided to SRI-ARC. Standard TENEX accounting routines may be used for this purpose. 27d4a

### **User** Interfacing

An operator must be available to answer requests for general (beginner-level) information about use of the TENEX timesharing system. (A manual on TENEX usage exists and would be available to the facilities management company.) 27d5a

The requests that can be anticipated will concern file status, output status, system availability, storage space allotments, and the like. 27d5b

Training of users is neither required nor expected of the 27d5c facilities management team.

#### (2) Expansion possibilities

We consider that the capacity or capabilities of the initial configuration will have to be improved (upgraded) from time to time, though not frequently, to enhance services to users. Some of the areas and capabilities that we anticipate will require upgrading are listed below. Please indicate any difficulties you foresee in such upgrading, and by what increments in cost and capability such upgrading could be attained. 28a

Central processor and main memory: core size core speed number of processors.

28a1

27d3

27d4

27d5

. 28

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	Swapping drum:	
	capacity	
	bandwidth.	28a2
	On-line file storage:	
	capacity	
	average access time	
	transmission rate.	28a3
	Archival (off-line) file storage:	
	capacity	
	density	
	average time to move a file from off- to on-line storage.	28a4
	Low-speed communications:	
	eight-level serial teletype code	
	up to about 64 lines on-line from any point in the U.S.	
	speeds up to 2400 bits per second.	28a5
	Operator service and/or support:	
	type and level of service/support provided.	2846
	Another possible mode of expansion is to add different types of equipment, such as computer output to microfilm. We recognize to these types of equipment will have to be specified by us at the time they are desired, and that no quotation can be made by you this time. However, we would like your comments on this if you foresee any difficulty in making such additions (for example,	hat at
	whether you would be willing to make any necessary software	20.
	additions to accommodate the new equipment).	285
(3	) Contingency and miscellaneous events	29
	In considering the requirements for facilities management as described above, it is clear that certain contingencies and other events may occur at unpredictable times. We will expect that	r
	mutually acceptable conditions will be included in the contract	for
	facilities management to cover these events.	29a
	Those events that can be anticipated are listed below. With each event is a preliminary statement of how we currently would prefer to handle it. This is subject to further modification by SRI-AR and to negotiation with the selected facilities management compared	h C, ny. 29b
	Your comments on these procedures should be included in your rep	ly
	to this request. Comments should include what procedures you won	ald
	propose instead of, or in addition to, those we are proposing.	29c

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## (a) Contingencies

Failure to Meet Agreed-on Start Date

"Meeting the start date" means that, commencing with the agreed-on start date, the computer system and all supporting functions are "fully operational and usable" in prescribed fashion through the ARPANET at least 90 percent of the time during the first six consecutive days of operations, with no more than three "crashes" during that period. 29d1a

"Crash" means that the computer system is down and inaccessible from ARPANET terminals. (However, if only the IMP is down and everything else is operational and usable, then the system will not be considered down.) 29d1a1

If any file is lost or damaged as a result of hardware malfunction or operator error, the computer system will be considered to be not fully operational and usable commencing with that shift in which the problem was detected, and continuing until the problem is corrected. (A "shift" is either of the two periods (1) 5 AM to 1 PM, and (2) 1 PM to 9 PM, Pacific time.) 29d1a2

Failure to meet the start date would result in total nonpayment by SRI-ARC until such time that the system and all supporting functions are "fully operational and usable", as defined above, for one period of six consecutive days. The beginning of that period would be the effective start date of the contract, and payments by SRI-ARC would be based on that date.

If the effective start date occurs later than three months after the originally agreed—on start date, then renegotiation of the contract may occur. 29d1c

Downtime After System Becomes Operational

The computer system will be considered "down" if, in any week during which normal operations are expected, the system and all supporting functions are not "fully operational and usable" (as defined above in terms of percent up-time, number of crashes, and files lost or damaged). 29d2a

Payments by SRI-ARC would cease commencing with the time at which the computer went "down". 29d2b

29d 29d1

29d2

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Payments would be resumed after one period of eight consecutive hours of up-time is experienced.

Note that the intent of this definition of downtime is as follows: The frequency of crashes as well as their duration are both important factors. One crash per hour resulting in less than 10 percent downtime will not be tolerable. We can, however, tolerate a bad day, i.e., two or three crashes in one day, provided this happens no more than once per week. 29d2d

#### Lost or Damaged Files

Accounting for file storage charges incurred by a user from the point in time that a file is damaged or lost to the point in time that the latest intact version of it is restored should be credited to that user's account. 29d3a

Recovery of the latest intact version of a damaged or lost file should be accomplished within the four-hour period from the time of notification to the facilities management team. 29d3b

The utility operation of saving the changed files of the on-line file storage medium by dumping them onto an off-line, tertiary (back-up) storage medium such as magnetic tape must be done at least once per day. (This is not the same function as "archiving", described above, archiving being permanent tertiary storage of selected files). 29d3c

Files thus dumped must be saved on a systematic cyclic retention basis, which we suggest should be the following: 29dJc1

Dump changed files once per day and save those of the most recent six days. 29d3c2

Dump all files once per week and save those of the most recent four weeks. 29d3c3

Dump all files once per month and save those of the most recent three months. 29d3c4

### Failure to Perform to Specifications

Failure to perform to specifications over some extended period of time (currently anticipated as one month) would result in termination of the facilities management contract at SRI-ARC option, with no cost to SRI-ARC other than that due for the services provided during the time the contract was in force. 29d4a

29d2c

29d3

29d4

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# (b) Miscellaneous

13

Use by the facilities management company of the SRI-ARC computer system, for educational purposes, testing, or any other reason:

SRI-ARC has a running version of essentially the same computer system as that shown in Figure 1. It is possible that the facilities management team may want to use the SRI-ARC system for any number of purposes. 29e1a

SRI-ARC would negotiate this separately from the facilities management contract. 29elb

Use of SRI-ARC expertise by the facilities management company for purposes of training its own personnel: 29e2

If such training is desired, please indicate this in your reply to this request. 29e2a

Indicate the type of training ( e.g., TENEX systems software, NLS systems software, TENEX user facilities, NLS user facilities, PDP-10 computer operations, etc.), the number of personnel to be trained, and the previous experience of these personnel in the areas where training is desired. 29e2b

Addition of users other than those authorized by SRI-ARC: 29e3

If it becomes possible for the facilities management team to provide service from the same computer system that is operated for SRI-ARC to users other than those authorized by SRI-ARC, this would be subject to negotiation with SRI-ARC.

It is expected that in such an event the facilities management contract would be modified to show decreased costs to SRI-ARC resulting from the compensating revenue gained by the facilities management company from the new users. 29e3b

# FACILITIES MANAGEMENT CRITERIA

We anticipate that the services provided by the facilities management team will meet certain criteria, as outlined below. We would like your response to indicate whether you can meet these criteria, and if not what deviations you would like us to consider. J1

Equipment

31a

29e

29e1

30

29e3a
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The computer equipment must be capable of providing services and functions equivalent to that provided by the equipment listed in Figure 1 (see attachment). 31a1

#### Location

The location of the computer equipment is not of paramount importance, but it is desirable that it be accessible through local phone calls from SRI-ARC (i.e., it would be either located within the San Francisco Bay Area, or accessible via a data concentrator located in that area). 31b1

It is necessary that there be located within the San Francisco Bay Area a staff of qualified persons from the facilities management company with whom SRI-ARC could discuss technical and administrative aspects of the facilities management arrangement, both during the contract negotiation stages and throughout the life of the contract. 31b2

Experience	of F	acilit	ies	Management	Company
------------	------	--------	-----	------------	---------

We require that the facilities management company we select shall have had experience in providing timesharing service on a commercial, competitive basis for at least two years. 31c1

Experience of Personnel

We expect there will be two different types of staffing requirements on the facilities management team: systems programming, and computer operations. 31d1

These positions should be filled by persons with experience appropriate to the level of the work required. 31d2

Such experience levels should be no less than the following: 31d3

Systems Programming: two years experience with commercial timesharing systems. 31d3a

Computer operations: one year experience with commercial timesharing operations. 31d3b

### MISCELLANEOUS REQUIREMENTS

Cost Breakdown

32

31b

31c

31d

32a

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We ask that you detail your expected costs on the attached DD Form 633, as applicable. This is required to facilitate possible future government audit. 32a1

Indicate what overhead rates (and their basis) that you have used for calculating the charges to us of the personnel who will be running the system. J2a1a

**Financial Statement** 

Include the most recent financial statement of your company (your 1971 Annual Report will be sufficient). 32b1

Representative List of Contracts for Similar Services 32c

With your reply to this request, we would like you to include a representative list of other recent or ongoing contracts (both government and commercial) under which you provide services similar to those we have described in this document. 32c1

We would like documentation on the type of service, the duration of the contract, the name of the contractor, and the dollar volume to be included with each contract on this list. 32c2

33

32b

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34

REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL: NLS NETWORK SERVICE FACILITY 20 JUN 16

## ATTACHMENT. Figure 1: Hardware Configuration

Unless otherwise noted, all components listed below are those of Digital Equipment Corporation for the PDP-10 computer system. General characteristics of the principal devices listed below are included in the next subsection of this attachment. Components that provide equivalent or better functions and service levels will be considered in evaluating proposals. 35

Computer system: one KA10 Arithmetic Processor one BBN "pager" and associated arithmetic processor mods 128K words (eight modules) ME10 core memory one DK10 addressable clock. 35a Swapping drum: one DF10 data channel one RC10 swapping drum control unit one RM10B swapping drum. 35b Disk storage: one DF10 data channel one RP10C disk control unit two RP03 disk drives (one is a spare). 35c Magnetic tape: one TM10A magnetic tape control unit two TU41 magnetic tape drives (one is a spare). 35d Terminal interfaces: one BBN IMP (interface message processor) one IMP interface. 35e Printer: one upper/lower case buffered line printer (of the quality of a Data Products Line Printer Model 4500) 35f The principal devices listed above have the following general characteristics: 36 KA10 processor: 10 character per second console teleprinter 366 instructions, including floating point and byte manipulating instructions multiplexed input/output processor with seven levels of priority interrupt. 36a

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17

ME10 core:	
16,384 36-bit words per module	
1.0 microsec cycle time	
up to four memory access ports	
four-way interleaving and instruction look-ahead.	36b
RM10B swapping drum:	
345,600 36-bit words of storage	
(90 tracks, 60 sectors per track, 64 words per sector)	
8.5 millisec latency	
4.3 microsec per word transfer rate.	36c
RP03 disk drive:	
up to 10,240,000 36-bit words of storage	
400 cylinders	
30.0 millisec avg seek time	
12.5 millisec latency	
15 microsec per word transfer rate.	36d
TU41 tape:	
7 channels	
200, 556, and 800 bpi density	
120,000 characters per second.	36e
Data Products Model 4500 Line Printer:	
132 characters per line	
600 lines per minute	
96 printing characters, including:	
blank	
upper and lower case alphabet	
numerals 0, 1,, 9	
special characters:	
* # \$ % & @ * - *	
* = + - ( ) [ ] < >	-
:;,.?/	36f

37

MDK 14-JUN-72 15:48 10749 TRANSMITTAL LETTER: NLS NETWORK SERVICE FACILITY 20 JUN 72

(J10749) 14-JUN-72 15:48; Title: Author(s): Michael D. Kudlick/MDK; Distribution: Douglas C. Engelbart/DCE; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: MDK;

Origin: <KUDLICK>RPQXMTL.NLS;6, 14-JUN-72 15:42 MDK ; @LBS=1\* How to Sort

(J10752) 15-JUN-72 14:22; Title: Author(s): Dirk H. van Nouhuys/DVN; Distribution: Gino Pucine, Dirk H. van Nouhuys/GINO DVN; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: DVN; Origin: <VANNOUHUYS>SORT.NLS;2, 15-JUN-72 14:14 DVN ;

DVN 15-JUN-72 14:22 10752

How to Sort

To sort a Plex alphabetically, load the file, then	1
g[o to] p[rograms] s[ort plex] ADDR CA CA CA	1a
Where ADDR is the adrress of any top level statement in the plex.	1ь
The syntaxconventions used to describe commands in the TNLS User Guide (,7470,6)	1ь1
Bear in mind that "alphabetically" here means in order of the characters in standard 5-bit ASCII code, that is first some special characters, then numbers the all upper case, then all lower case, then some other special characters.	2
It is fairly easey to write secial programs that sort in other ways, i.e. alphabetiaclly without regard to case, and many such programs have been writen. If you want to locate and use such programs, call me back.	з
For more infomation on the sorting program generally see (,7683,10)	4

1

**Request** for Plans

RE	QUEST TO PROJECT THRUST OPERATION PUSHERS FOR PLANS	1
	INTRODUCTION	1a
	The goal of this planning effort is to get down as many of our ideas as possible even if we do not have present resources to do all that is planned.	lal
	The time frame is from now until the end of the current contract Feb. 1974.	1a2
	It is possible that we might not do any work in particular areas in the near future other than continuing planning in order to concentrate resources in a smaller number of areas. In other words rather than do a little work on a lot of things we might sequence through thrusts in time, but it is important that we understand the possibilities and interactions so that the proper underlying facilities	
	exist.	1a3
	WHAT IS REQUIRED	1ь
	Plans are desired from the following activities:	151
	Project 1868 ARPA/RADC:	162
	OPERATIONS	1b2a
	DEVELOPMENT	1b2b
	Development Coordination	1b2b1
	Delivery	1b2b2
	DSS - Dialog Support System	1b2b3
	DPCS - Documentation Production and Support SYstem	1b2b4
	BRS - Baseline Record System	1b2b5
	SDHS - System Developers Handbook System	16266
	SEAS - Software Engineering Augmentation System	16267
	Basic NLS development	1b2b8
	NIC	1b2c
	MINICONSOLE	1b2d
	XEROX	1b2e
	Project 8622 ONR:	1b3
	SDIS (RINS)	1b3a
	Project 1894 RADC:	1.64
	RADC	1b4a
	JCN has set up (or is going to set up) some binders and	
	procedures for keeping hardcopy of the Baseline plans in	
	the cave area. This is important so that we can read each	
	others plans and begin to get some cross dialog between	
	related areas.	165

All Pushers should place in the binders Journal-entered copies of whatever they have as a first cut on June 30, and **Request** for Plans

plan to have more complete plans which are organized	
according to the organization described below on July 11.	1b6
A copy of our current contract and proposal to ARPA are	
available in the Handbook.	167
PLAN ELEMENTS	1c
The following items are the basic considerations each	
pusher should provide in his plan (using links where	
helpful):	1c1
1. Basic objectives of the activity as you see them.	1c1a
What should it result in or produce?	1cla1
What are the needs which these results are trying to	
meet.	1cla2
2. The tasks, level of effort you think are really	
required to meet our present immediate (today),	
commitments, for example ARC operations, NIC operations,	
the ICCC Conference, Xerox, CIRAD, RADC, bug fixing,	
completion of presently being implemented feature etc	1c1b
3. New, alternative, changed features that may be	
addedincluding descriptions of what they are, how	
they might work, what they mean to the system and/or the	
users	lclc
4. All the non-machine methodology, procedures, and	
training that need development to really use the tools	
and features to produce useful total packages	
sub-systems, (Please don't neglect this area as it has	
been in the past. It is vital to what we are doing)	1c1d
5. Stages of development logical combinations of	
features (a self contained product which can meet some	
needs which you see), procedures, training (not just	
points in time)describing the "look" at significant	
points.	1c1e
The stages should be activity-related not	
necessarily related to ARC overall stages (we can	
work those out later).	1cle1
Refer to stages by number: stage 1, stage 2, etc.	lcle2
Some activities will have less apparent need for	
showing stages of development than others. Still, it	
seems it is important to "partition" the future plan	
in some way, even if on an arbitrary, less meaningful	
basis.	1c1e3
6. Relationships to other tasks or features needed	lelf
Where critical needs (for this activity) exist, they	
should be pointed out with some discussion of the	
situation.	lelf1
These should be discussed either with relevant	
feature descriptions, or as "item 3.", as a separate,	
more general topic for the activity as a whole.	lclf2
7. Effort needed to meet stages.	1c1g
ROUGH estimates in man-weeks by feature or stage (+	

RWW 15-JUN-72 15:06 10753

**Request** for Plans

types or who in mind if important? -- but we will do this later in most cases) lc1g1 Implications on the staffing skills and levels required of ARC as a whole-e.g., skills needed but not present in ARC's staff or present in small "amounts".

1c1g2

**Request** for Plans

(J10753) 15-JUN-72 15:06; Title: Author(s): Richard W. Watson/RWW; Distribution: Joy A. Glenn, Kay F. Byrd, Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC SRI-ARC; Clerk: RWW; Origin: <WATSON>PLAN.NLS;6, 15-JUN-72 15:04 RWW; New Rules for Using the CATALOG Directory

The CATALOG Directory file allocation has grown too big and new rules governing its use are being put into effect as of MONDAY 19 JUNE. If you don't read this memo and take action by then, some files which are important to you may be deleted

WLB 15-JUN-72 15:14 10754

New Rules for Using the CATALOG Directory

I have just noticed that the file usage of the CATALOG directory has reached 1290 pages. This violates the agreement I made with Smokey -- i.e., that CATALOG would be given a large space allocation so that the Catalog Production Processor could run and that in return I would see that the actual usage remained under 1000 pages. Hence, the following actions are required:

(1) I have created a file (catalog, lfilelist, 1) which will serve the same purpose as (nic, lfilelist,) -- i.e., any files not described in (catalog, lfilelist,) are candidates for IMMEDIATE deletion and expulsion.

(2) Everyone having files in CATALOG directory which they do not want deleted should either move them to another directory or make an entry for them in 1FILELIST by Monday, 19 June. The format for entries is:

\*( FILENAME \* ) TAB IDENT TAB DATE

Description of file contents

Where "IDENT" is the ident of the person responsible for the file, and "DATE" is the date after which the file can be deleted without contacting the person responsible for the file. "DATE" may be "Permanent" if the file REALLY needs to be kept around forever (i.e., until voluntarily deleted by the person responsible).

(3) Before adding new files to the CATALOG directory, think carefully whether they really belong there or in one of the NIC directories or in your own personal directory.

(4) On MONDAY 19 JUNE I will arbitrarily delete and expunge from the CATALOG directory all files which have not been listed in 1FILELIST. 1b2

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la

1b

1b1

1bla

1c

1d

New Rules for Using the CATALOG Directory

(J10754) 15-JUN-72 15:14; Title: Author(s): Walt Bass/WLB; Distribution: Mil E. Jernigan, Barbara E. Row, Linda L. Lane, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Jeanne B. North, Richard W. Watson, Cindy Page/MEJ BER LLL BAH JBN RWW CXP; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: WLB; Origin: <BASS>MSS.NLS;1, 15-JUN-72 14:01 WLB;

WLB 15-JUN-72 15:14 10754

JBN 15-JUN-72 16:34 10755 Request to EW for Any New Site Names and Numbers

1

Ellen: We're updating RWW's Official List of Host Names, RFC 289, NIC 8295, and need to correlate with you and to get from you any sites we can add at this time. I've created <north>SITENAMES and <noth>SITENUMBERS, giving the info in the two orders. Would you please copy these and make necessary corrections and desirable additions and send me a message when they're ready? Much obliged.

JBN 15-JUN-72 16:34 10755 Request to EW for Any New Site Names and Numbers

100

(J10755) 15-JUN-72 16:34; Title: Author(s): Jeanne B. North/JBN; Distribution: Ellen Westheimer, Jeanne B. North/EW JBN; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: JEN; DVN 16-JUN-72 15:15 10758

Plans for Revision of the Draft Report to Rome

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2
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3e7
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DVN 16-JUN-72 15:15 10758 Plans for Revision of the Draft Report to Rome

The descriptions of journal operation from the NIC section to the Journal section $\langle JC   1 \rangle$ .	5a
Initials in brakcets indciate people resonsible. The numbers next to the initials are my guess about the number of working hours required. The people resonsible should discusse with me any canges in other parts of the report which flow from their changes.	6
In my mind, the real current state of the report is the file (documentation, spqr, 1:x).	6a
It requires some care to keep confusions from arising as to what is the latest version of parts of the report.	65
For that reason, we have adopted the convetion that people who want to make changes should copy the branch where they want to make alterations into a working file, that they tell me when they do so, and finally ask me to return the revised branch.	6c
Only Linda or myself read changes into the highest numbered version of (documentation, spqr, )	6d
Let me take this opportunity to list a few things that I intend to do or push for doing before this is a printable draft:	7
Make the form of headers the same in all sections,	7a
Rewrite abstact,	7ь
Put in special print direactives to make examples, lists, and the like more attractive,	7c
Finish references,	7d
Change title to:"Final Report: Network Information Center and Computer Augmented Team Interaction",	7e
Make the table of contents correspond to the headings and sub headings o the sections,	7 £
Fill in the intra-report links,	7g
Proof read final complete draf.	7h

DVN 16-JUN-72 15:15 10758 Plans for Revision of the Draft Report to Rome

(J10758) 16-JUN-72 15:15; Title: Author(s): Dirk H. van Nouhuys/DVN; Distribution: Mil E. Jernigan, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Douglas C. Engelbart, James C. Norton, Harvey G. Lehtman, Linda L. Lane, Richard W. Watson, Ed K. Van De Riet/MEJ MFA DCE JCN HGL LLL RWW EKV; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: DVN; Origin: <VANNOUHUYS>REREV.NLS; 3, 16-JUN-72 14:50 DVN ;

HGL 16-JUN-72 15:24 10759

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2a

Change in Some DEX Control Characters

In order to help the PSO people making use of DEX-1 to enter catalog citations, we have modified some of the system's control characters to avoid some of the more common characters which are used in citations.

When the next version of NLS is brought up next week, the following substitutions will be made:

retesc; the carriage return escape character; will be "%" rather than "\*".

Indel, the line delete character, will be "t" rather than "]". 2b

HGL 16-JUN-72 15:24 10759

Change in Some DEX Control Characters

(J10759) 16-JUN-72 15:24; Title: Author(s): Harvey G. Lehtman/HGL; Distribution: Joy A. Glenn, Kay F. Byrd, Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Earbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: HGL; Origin: <LEHTMAN>MESS.NLS;2, 16-JUN-72 15:22 HGL ;

DVN 16-JUN-72 17:00 10760

Visitor Log: Seymour Zenlea of Mitre

Title: Visitor Log, Semour Zenlea of MITRE	1
Keywords: wired city; MITRE; Hanscom Air Force Base;	2
On June 5 Seymour Zenlea of MITRE in Bedford, Massachusetts visited ARC.	з
His background is in industrial engineering and his present title is systems analyst and cost analyst.	Эа
MITRE has been working on its own money on a plan to wire an air force base after the manner of the wired city idea that came	
originally from Bell Canada and is being applied at (???).	4
Two-way cable TV wouldconnect work stations throughout the base and offer a large variety of services.	4a
MITRE, plans a testbed at Bedford in the next fiscal year (beginning work July 1972) and if that goes according to plan would start work at some future time on Hanscom Air Force Base which is next door to them.	4ь
They hope the Air force will pay for part of the test bed.	461
Mr. Zenlea ame to us through Col. Danielian (Special Assistant for Automation for the Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans and Operations for the Air Force) who had referred him to Duane Stone at Rome Air Development Center who had referred him to us.	4c
Doug and I talked to Zenlea for about an hour. Then I showed him the system and answered general questions for about another hour, and he lunched with RWW, PR, MDK, DCW, and JEW.	4d
He was interested both in the possibility of NLS as a service and in learning more about terminal hardware in general.	4e
We suggested for the testbed stage MITRE-Bedford might easily join the ARPA Network through Lincoln Lab which is next door.	4e1
If they later wanted to make greater use of the system, we described the possibilities of NLS being available for a price through TYMSHARE.	4e2
He looked over our terminal system, and I gave him very rough costs. For further information on hardware we referred him to Bill English at XEROX.	4e3

Visitor Log: Seymour Zenlea of Mitre

(J10760) 16-JUN-72 17:00; Title: Author(s): Dirk H. van Nouhuys/DVN; Distribution: Douglas C. Engelbart, Michael D. Kudlick, Paul Rech, Richard W. Watson, Duane L. Stone/DCE MDK PR RWW DLS; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: DVN;

Origin: <VANNOUHUYS>ZEN.NLS; 2, 13-JUN-72 10:15 DVN ;

Personal Evaluation of the EST Course

(1) The EST Course is worth \$150.	1
(2) EST is NOT any of the following, although it has things in common with all of them:	2
Autogenic Training	2a
Encounter	2ь
Gestalt	2c
Gurdjief	2d
Positive Thinking	2e
Prayer	2f
Psychosynthesis	2g
Psychotherapy	2h
Self Healing	21
Self-hypnosis	2j
Sensitivity Training	2k
Sufism	21
Tao	2m
Yoga	2n
Zen	20
(3) What EST IS is communicated only experientially i.e., there is no presentation of EST "Theory". For those of you who need it (e.g., those of you who have not experienced EST), I present below a brief INTERPRETATION of what EST is, for what it's worth (nothing).	з
EST is a system involving elements of philosophy, psychology, religion, metaphysics, and spiritual discipline.	Эа
The purpose of EST is to increase ALIVENESS. "Aliveness" probably cannot be defined; it is related to the ability of organisms to successfully and joyfully function in the universe.	Эр

WLB 19-JUN-72 11:54 10761

## Personal Evaluation of the EST Course

The principle technique used and taught in EST is that of "Creating Space." To create space means roughly to establish the conditions which will make something possible -- i.e., the something which will fill the space created. As a trivial example, telling a new NLS user how to use the Cutput Processor creates the space for her to use the Cutput Processor.

The basic mechanism used in the EST Course for creating space is verbal communication, although space can be created in many other ways as well.

The aspects of verbal communication most heavily employed are (1) language and (2) belief modification.

There is almost an "EST Language", by which I mean not only are there certain words which are given particular weight and significance, but also there is an understanding that there are certain things which it just doesn't make sense to talk about at all or which only make sense when spoken of in certain ways.

By "belief modification" I mean the modification of ones beliefs, attitudes, and understandings that takes place when new ideas, concepts, and images are communicated to a person. This technique (at least as employed in EST) is so powerful that belief modification takes place without conscious decision -- i.e., the space is created by the communication itself.

For example, if you fervently believe that the earth is flat, and someone tells you with equal conviction that it is round, you will not have to decide to change your belief in the earth being flat, but you will never again be able to say that the earth is flat without wondering if it really is round, and you may be more receptive in the future to evidence that the world is round than you were in the past.

(4) It is my sense that "EST Theory" has a great deal in common with "Augmentation Theory."

(5) Werner Erhard may well be the most capable "Personal Development" man in the world today, and I imagine that he is very capable at "Organization Development" as well, since his background is, in fact, in organization development. 3c

3d

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Je1

3e2

3e2a

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2

WLB 19-JUN-72 11:54 10761

Personal Evaluation of the EST Course

(J10761) 19-JUN-72 11:54; Title: Author(s): Walt Bass/WLB; Distribution: Joy A. Glenn, Kay F. Byrd, Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Donald R. Cone, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, William S. Duvall, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/PODAC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC PODAC; Clerk: WLB; Origin: <BASS>ESTEVAL.NLS;1, 19-JUN-72 11:52 WLB;

# WLB 19-JUN-72 12:00 10762

1

Invitation to an Oak POD / EST Presentation

Stewart Emory and possibly some other members of the EST Staff will be visiting Oak POD this Wednesday, 21 June, 3-5 PM, to show a videotape of an EST Seminar given at the Wells Fargo Bank and to answer questions. Any PODs or individuals who wish to join us for this presentation are cordially invited to do so. Location will probably be the Conference Room. WLB 19-JUN-72 12:00 10762 Invitation to an Oak POD / EST Presentation

(J10762) 19-JUN-72 12:00; Title: Author(s): Walt Bass/WLB; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk: WLB;

PHL 19-JUN-72 15:27 10764

Monitor 1.29 Bug

Following an automatic restart, the system currently fails to print a BUGHLT message. This can be corrected by making the following changes in PISRV.MAC, page 2:

At SYSGO+13, delete: MOVE 1, BUGHAD ;RESTORE CELLS HRRZM 1, BUGHLT HLRZM 1, BUGCHK

Following SYSGO+21 (MOVEM 1,DEUGSW), insert: SKIPA 6,BUGHAD

At SYSGO1, replace: SYSGO1: SKIPA 7, DIDSCI SYSLOD: SETZ 7,

with:

SYSGO1: SETZ 6, SKIPA 7,DIDSCI SYSLOD: SETZB 7,6

Following SYSLOD+7 (BLT 1,SCDVE), insert: HRRZM 6,BUGHLT HLRZM 6,BUGCHK la

1b

1

1c

1d

PHL 19-JUN-72 15:27 10764

Monitor 1.29 Bug

(J10764) 19-JUN-72 15:27; Title: Author(s): Peter H. Lipman/PHL; Distribution: Thomas F. Knight, Edward R. Fiala, Charles W. Rose, David W. Shipman, James A. Moorer, Stan L. Mantiply, Rainer W. Schulz, Bob Van Tyul, Jeanne B. North, Robert L. Dendy, John T. Melvin, Kenneth E. Victor, John W. McConnell, Peggy M. Karp, Dan L. Murphy, Rod M. Fredrickson, Peter H. Lipman, Donald C. Wallace, Carl M. Ellison/TUG; Sub-Collections: NIC TUG; Clerk: RJR; Origin: <LIPMAN>BUGS.NLS;3, 19-JUN-72 15:24 RJR; EMC Notes June 19 1972

EMC MEETING NOTES JUNE 19, 1972	1
Present: DCE, WHP, RWW, JCN	2
Decisions:	з
Hire Dean Meyer, a UCSC student, who has worked at ARC in the summer before, for the summer primarily to work on helping DPCS get set up to produce NIC Func Documents, ARC's final report and other documents on COM. This will involve working with WLB, RWW, MFA, DVN and others on choosing fonts, establishing requirements on Gutput Processor, formatting, picking directives, etc.	За
Make an offer to Briania Burns to work for NIC to upgrade, update and handle NIC Functional Documents.	Зь
Order OF 10 channel RPIOC Controller and 2 RPO2 Drives as per Delivery recommendation (10589,) if they can be placed on present disk contract.	Эс
Dump Bryand Disk.	3d
Refer back to DCE for more study of Professor Edwin Parkers request to include NLS in his study of bibliographic systems. Order 1 plasma display-nova for George Eilers and refer study of plasma display-nova to Delivery: DCE to write some requirements.	3e 3f
Other:	4
Inform ARC that George Eilers and others at SRI are making large proposal to ARPA on packet a communications system involving hand held consoles and that that project if it comes in has now outgrown the need to be directly connected to ARC.	4a
Inform WHP of CIRAD agreement to exchange some WSD time for HGL's help there, about 3 days so far; to be used when needed.	4ь
Inform ARC that an extension for DIA has been ordered.	4c
Review ICC conference commitments to date and preliminary discussion indicating DCE's feeling of value to be gained there by getting some NIC needs filled and demonstrating NLS and new developments in line with thrust planning. More	
discussion to take place at next PERC meeting.	4d

EMC Notes June 19 1972

Review decisions to upgrade and finish more user an other documents as part of ARC's reporting package and for ICC Conference. JCN to coordinate.

4e

EMC Notes June 19 1972

(J10765) 19-JUN-72 15:55; Title: Author(s): Richard W. Watson/RWW; Distribution: Joy A. Glenn, Kay F. Byrd, Ralph Prather, James E. White, Augmentation Research Handbook, Jacques F. Vallee, Diane S. Kaye, Paul Rech, Michael D. Kudlick, Don Limuti, William R. Ferguson, Priscilla Lister, Linda L. Lane, Marilyn F. Auerbach, Walt Bass, Mary S. Church, Douglas C. Engelbart, Beauregard A. Hardeman, Martin E. Hardy, J. D. Hopper, Charles H. Irby, Mil E. Jernigan, Harvey G. Lehtman, Jeanne B. North, James C. Norton, Cindy Page, William H. Paxton, Jeffrey C. Peters, Jake Ratliff, Barbara E. Row, Ed K. Van De Riet, Dirk H. van Nouhuys, Kenneth E. Victor, Donald C. Wallace, Richard W. Watson, Don I. Andrews/SRI-ARC; Sub-Collections: SRI-ARC SRI-ARC; Clerk: RWW; Origin: <WATSON>EMCNOTES.NLS;2, 19-JUN-72 15:53 RWW;