Requirements for higher=level interactive pocesses

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These notes were distributed in semi-legible, handwritten form at an ARC meeting, 1400 Tues 3 Nov 70: DCE WSD JCN WLB for go-round on requirements and possibilities; WHP CHI for coordination of Software and User Feature Activities; WKE for general coordination in Service-System Deveopment Activity.

In both ARC and NIC, the trends in our everyday activity are producing increasingly urgent needs for interactive services operating at a higher-level than those now provided by NLS/TODAS. Some approach is needed for the development of these services. What seems most feasible is the further development of our Executable-Text features, together with those of the Collector-Sorter and Analyzer-Formater processes.

To assess the trouble, cost limits, range of possibilities etc. that may be considered, I felt that an outline such as follows would provide a useful framework.

Dialogue subsequent to that meeting has already appeared in the Journal.

Note: An "unskilld" user refers to people reatively new to the NLS/TODAS environment, such as new/temporary clerical help, the NIC Agents, etc. A "Skilled" user is one who is very much at home wth NLS/TODAS, who can use the range of basic ET=CAFS (Executable=Text Collector Analyzer Formatter Sorter) features with a reasonable degree of facility == not necessarily a software engineer.

Application requirements for higher-level interactive processors:

Aiding an unskilled user to do such as

	Get message		2a1
	Send message.		2a2
	Get Journal file.		2a3
	Get query, make collection.		2a4
	Produce standard indices of collections.		2a5
	Enter Journal item.		2a6
su	apporting ARC/NIC clerical procedures.		20

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Journal management.	201
Catalog management.	202
Special Collections	203
NIC, Site A, Site B,	2b3a
JRNL, Message, Baseline,	2030
NAS, Languages, Systems, Products,	2b3c
Correspondence, Mail, Listings,	2b3d
???Indea gmpt?????	204
Mailing list maintenance.	205
Mailing label generator.	206
Distribution-printout process (JRNL, NIC, Message,)	207
Baseline summary generator.	268
Baseline updating.	209
Examples of other valuable applications for higher-level interactive processors:	3
Initial set manipulation, limited but valuable	За
A number of "Output=Processor" type of features.	30
For multi-file reports.	361
Automatic generation of Table of Contents.	361a
Automatic "publication" processes printing out a succession of files, with appropriate page sequence, page numbering, etc.	3610
Index generation?	3blc
Automatic access processes, to cataloged items:	30
E.g., Sb? JL bails????, have an ET program that can help you access the item, wherever it is stored.	3c1

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Automatic user services that call for, and coordinate, computer-operator and/or clerical support.	30
Basic new requirements seen for ET-CAFS toolkit to bring them up to power for these applications:	4
Better debugging.	цa
Complete control of user-terminal output during ??collection?? (e.g., no spurious "feedback").	40
Ability to write interpreter processes that can:	4c
Execute processes specified in NLS-file statements, in adequately clean and usable syntax.	hcl
Get execution data from NLS-file statements, as arranged in form oriented for user specification, study, and maintenance.	4c2
E.g., lists of files to be queried; lists of links to branches (files) to be processed; lists of people to send copies to; etc.	4c2a
Execute file management operations, e.g., to allow:	Цđ
Updating operation on a master file.	hql
Getting a copy of a file out of KDF for analysis, then deleting it from scratch.	495
Supporting a Journal entry file pickup process.	4d3
Supporting a message entry process, into an NLS message-accumulation file.	, Lai
Supporting special access processes to cataloged items that may not be in scratch space.	405
Specific possibilities.	5
Regarding the "interpretive processes".	5a
I see adequate and rich possibilities from the following:	5al
ET-AF intercommunication.	5ala
Get P2 P3.	Salal

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ET control equivalent to Pl.	5a1a2
ET setting of Pi at SF:XX.	5ala3
AF Call, designating procedure and pointer (or statement) dl AF interprets on Pl is adequate.	Salak

During USER-Get call from AF program, a bombout-return due to the user hitting a CD might leave a special print character at the end of the user-entry string. 5alb

I can imagine a likely ET-AF programming trick being to call for user entry as part of a Replace-Statement operation, thus getting the entry initially into a temporary-use "buffer statement,"

Then, before acting upon that entry, the ET program calls on a special "response-processor" AF procedure to operate upon it, Before returning to the ET program, the AF procedure could do many useful bits of analysis (for user goofs, for translation of abbreviations, etc.), and can reformat the contents of the buffer statement before the ET program is to incorporate itexecue it, or can move the ET-ececuto's control pointer a bit to switch te ET program under response-analysis guidance, etc.possibly correting an AF program analysis by before it is incorporated (or before it affects te further course of) the ET program. into a buffer statement for analysis by an AF procedure). CD inserted as print character.

If this sort of thing is a relatively common approach, then, if the Command-Delete action by the user was indicated by presence of the special character at the end of that buffer statement, the AF response-processor procedure could do flexible and interesting things about CD actions, too.

Incremented compiling.

E.g., Quite often, a particular higher=level ineractive (ET=based) process would initially compile a general AF program for supporting its various subprocesses. Then during subsequent processes, it might want alternately to:

Use these AF processes to create the source code for special AF procedures, as depenent upon 5a1b2

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5a1b3

5alcl

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"directions and parameters" found in NLS-file text. 5alcla Then compile, these special procedures to do particular intermediate tasks -- searching or reformatting as directed by te user-provided material which the over-all ET program is "executing" for him. E.g., for specified-content filtering in a query-merge operation. 5alclb But, if there is alternate calling upon these the one AF program for creating a temporary second AF program, the compiling and executing the latter, then executing the first again, etc., the successive re-compilation of the larger, general-support AF program for each such cycle would be a real drag .. 5alc2 Orientation 6 What's feasible? 68 What's valuable how? 60 Costs of dangers. 6C Cost/value plan. 6d (trial designs) 6e ':5219', 11/09/70 1110:36 MEJ ; .DPR=1; ':JRNLA', 11/06/70 1639:00 DCE ; .DPR=0;

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Memo #2, for Larry Roberts and Al Blue, regarding relevance of our proposed work to DOD activities or problems.	l
	la
An evolving accument. Observed to be sketchier and rougher toward the end.	lo
Succeeding versions:	lc
(sent to Al Blue) First: 6:30 a.m. pickub on Sunday Morning Second: 2:00 p.m. pickup Sunday afternoon.	lci
(Hand carried by Bill English, for Larry Roberts) Third: a few additions and changes from the Second.	102
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Compile=compiler	2d1a
Special format and conventions in source-code languages	2010

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Special System architecture for evolutionary dev by augmented team	2010
Special bookkeeping, documentation, etc.	2d1a
ANALYSIS AND DESIGN PRINCIPLES FOR ON-LINE USER SERVICES	202
USER TRAINING AND REFERENCE-AIDS	243
V APPLICATION POSSIBILITIES RELEVANT TO DOD ACTIVITIES AND ROBLEMS	2e

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I FIVE ITEMS IMPORTANT TO THE RELEVANCY QUESTION (I don't have much material to expand the three not marked with asterisks):	ц
*The goals of the project, in a substantive sense;	ha
Developed by citng specific components of our planned whole-system development	4al
Parts II, III, and IV describe them in some detail.	ha2
(Forthcoming?) See also the list of scenarios portraying representative application of these techniques.	ha3
The likely degree of our success toward these goals;	Цр
Perhaps citing recent Electronics article, or the reception at IBM watson Lab of ASIS movie, reception of our presentations at FJCC and ASIS conferences would help	
give confidence here?	hol
*The likelihood of there being DOD activities and problems to Which our products could be directly relevant.	40
Consider the range of applications listed under Item V below, DOD-Relevant Application Possibilities.	LCL
The potential value from each application and furtner, the potential value from multiple-area utilization, if greater than the sum of the parts.	4đ
How judge? Larry and Al maybe suggest way of dealing with this?	hdl
The likelihood of the resulting techniques being put into service toward these DOD ends.	Цe
RADC proposal to AFSC.	4el
Our firm intention to establish a healthy "System Developers Interface Activity" (SYDIA).	4e2
II GENERAL USER CAPABILITIES	5
FAST EDITING AND PUBLICATION	5a

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Our already fast editing techniques will naturally continue to evolve, and we plan early to concentrate upon automatic production, from our on-line files, of hard copy having a very flexible composition of text, diagrams, tables, equations, footnotes and indices == all related directly to the way in which the associated file material can be studied and manipulated on-line.

SUPER-DOCUMENTS

Pertaining to the development and production of very large, very complex accuments containing many details that are highly cross-dependent -- where much is involved in the way of special indices, footnotes, reader-supportive comments, specific cross references, etc.

we currently have quite powerful techniques for aiding an individual or small report-writing team to produce documents of the usual research-report size and complexity. 5cl

But in our approach toward team augmentation, we consider it an essential task to expand upon these techniques in the direction cited above.

A team tackling a complex system-development project must provide itself with the highest possible visibility over its working environment -- i.e. over its

Planning: plans, contingency alternatives, resource commitments, status, criticisms,

Designing: designs, design principles, constraints, estimates, analyses, supportive data, relevant needs and possibilities, 5030

Operating: roles, task definitions, assignments, policies, operational procedures and conventions,

We intend to develop and keep up-to-date a large, detailed, highly cross=referenced and well=indexed "super=document" that contains just such a description of our own project=team activity. Our techniques to facilitate its modification and re=publication will be under constant evolutionary pressure.

DIALOGUE BETWEEN ON-LINE COLLABORATORS

On-line access by collaborators to each other's files, as

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provided by a number of today's time-sharing systems, 5d1 leaves much to be desired in supporting effective dialogue.

An effective dialogue-support system is essential to team augmentation -- hand in hand with the above "super-document" facility (which enables complex issues to be dealt with) must go some such ability as the following:

Any team member at a display console can study swiftly any portion of the super-document's structured files (for which process our current system does fairly well, but for dialogue study it is only "part-way there").

whenever he wishes -- as though he were pencil-marking his private draft with marginal comments, underlines, encircled passages, arrows, etc. -- he can introduce comments that are freely sprinkled with explicit references to any specific item (e.g. any character, word, line, curve, box, or expression) within anybody's prior entry.

And this must be managed by the computer so that it doesn't matter if other people are simultaneously scanning the same material or affixing comment references to the same items.

His study techniques should enable him to selectively be made aware of various sets of the comments that might be referencing a passage he is inspecting -- i.e. ne wants to be shown that an unseen comment references this term of this equation, or this label on this diagram, or this citation).

He quite likely doesn't want to see all such reference indicators for all prior comments, so he needs a flexible ability to specify which are to be visible, as specified by such as author, creation time (relative or absolute), specified-content analysis, prior-assigned comment-set memberships, author-affixed category designations on the comment or its reference links, etc. 5d5a

Also, whenever he sees indication that an interesting type of comment referencing is associated with some item in the studied passage, he needs considerable flexibility for quickly designating how he wants to be shown such selected comments relative to their referenced material -- e.g. left-half and right-half of screen, flip-frame, or embedded and boxed.

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When creating one of his own comment entries, he needs flexible aids and methods for arranging interspersed or concurrent display of his various referenced passages relative to the content of his comment, for designating the explicit entities he wisnes to reference, and even for having the current comment-creation state preserved temporarily while he checks on some related material.

Provisions need developing for setting up little "annunciator calls" to various people, or sets of people, to requiest their special attention (at some level of priority) to a given comment. This may call for such as:

an approval signoif,

or some special kind of a vote =- automatically tallied, and recorded on the annunciator spec in that comment,

or a need to observe a"point of order" in the special methodology the team has adopted -- e.g. "I protest this decision and call for a review, citing Policy XX, relative to Budget Item YYY and Design Principle ZZZ."

All of the interactive-dialogue entries immediately become part of the super-document, super-posing a potentially very complex comment network ("network" because comments can refer to comments in indefinite extension)

It will be hard to keep track of the relationships among these comments and the substantive records about which the dialogue is swirling

-- their relationships need never be ambiguous, but consider the problem of trying to study such a structure to determine where we now stand in our developments and discussion, especially when it is the record of a complex system design and the interactive dialogue among probably very active people who have immense mobility and visibility.

This is about the toughest central challenge in effectively augmenting a team == that of developing computer aids, working methods, etc. to allow a skilled person to be highly effective in digesting the content and implications of such a record, and to develop a substantive next-stage design or plan that integrates the dialogue contributions.

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Essentially similar techniques are required to augment any individual's central intellectual capability for synthesizing the next stage of development in plan or design -- and to the extent that we are successful with this, we should be able to offer strong guidance for capability augmentation over wide ranges of individual and team activities.

DISTRIBUTED DIALOGUE

we deem it important for people other than the central, highly-trained, display-equipped team to participate in such dialogue, as well as possible: over a fairly wide range of sophistication in the computer, communication, and terminal facilities available, and in the special training of the individuals; and with as much independence as possible of geographical location.

As a first step, the organization and formatting conventions for presenting the super-document on other than the selective-view displays presents an important problem. We intend to work on this problem for:

It is assumed that for significant participation via this type of coupling, the person would need comprehensively indexed hard-copy reference material that is republished relatively often (e.g. weekly, even daily).

The typewriter link could provide him with computer aid in locating items and following cross-reference citations.

higher-quality hard copy, as described above under Editing and Publishing, for both paper and microform (probably microfiche);

remote printing devices, such as teletypewriters, line printers, and hopefully the high-speed, high-quality, scan-driven types of hard-copy devices now appearing on the market.

We are under way with arrangements to provide this reference material in the form of microfiche. Our publication techniques are aimed to provide automatic publication into this media, to make experimentally feasible a frequent=republication service to quite a few remote participants. 54761

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When a manual microfiche reader is used together with an on-lin typewriter, retrieval, indexing, cross-referencing et. can be guided by typed-out directives from the computer.

A next step (already started) is to enable direct, on-line, dialogue participation over a common time-sharing type of typewriter link -- we are giving this special emphasis to provide for early Network access to the Network Information Center.

We are also pursuing actively an extremely promising possibility associated with an emerging line of electronically-driven fiche readers -- where jumping to any frame of a fiche, or for most of them to any fiche within a cartridge, or even for some to any cartridge within a carriage, may be accomplished in from a fraction of a second within a given cartridge to only a few seconds between cartridges.

Such a reader, loaded with updated cartridges from us, where the reader and a typewriter both connect to a normal typewriter link through the Network to our computer, can provide a person with some very powerful help in his super-document studying

in some respects this can nearly be competitive with our high-response, on-line display consoles, certainly far and away better than with a manual reader.

He can follow links, indicate where ne wants to aim a comment reference (via typewriter entry of his comment), jump to an index and from there to selected points, jump successively to the candidate selection produced by a retrieval query -- all via quick directions on the typewriter, abbreviated by cues that he sees on the screen (which the computer knows about).

CONFERENCE DIALOGUE

(Quick treatment. . . .) When people are gathered together to be presented with a proposal or argument, or to collaborate actively on a problem, there are quite a few techniques to be evolved to make this work more effectively.

We already have experimented with using NLS by one person, where all can see the display, for giving both new power in 5e3a

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presenting material and answering questions, and for providing a very flexible blackboard for the record of the discussion to evolve upon.

There is both need and possibility aplenty for using multi-access capability and allowing more people to be getting independent aid from the computer.

Each person having his private NLS console (smaller, quieter, etc.??) is one step -- Whereby the above described dialogue techniques can be applied.

But techniques need be evolved to integrate the unskilled (perhaps give them each a "chauffer"?), and to aid in the new dimension of being present, seeing, hearing, feeling, etc. We have ideas -- next edition maybe cite them.

VOICE DIALOGUE

(Quick treatment. . .) We hope to experiment with a possibility that Glenn Culler's tecnniques (and computer) will provide. That is, to fix NLS so that each "statement" can contain not only the present text and'Or graphic material, but also a digital representation of a speech string.

Then we would expect to add techniques for breaking long speech strings into snorter ones (like we can break text statements now), hierarchically organize them (falls out immediately, as soon as we can tie the voice string to a statement), and provide text-link cross-referencing to any given voice string.

This would let us integrate actual speech dialogue into the above dialogue techniques -- which would make an extremely powerful addition to our team-augmentation techniques.

It would also help a lot of remote participation, where people's phoned-in voice comments could be integrated.

And for the conferencing, where all the comments, and comments on comments, etc., could be managed, and where trained secretarial help could be adding notes, doing selected transcriptions into text, etc.

And the gradual adevelopment of speech-processing

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techniques could add ever-more-powerful benefit from this voice-dialogue approach.	5h6
RETRIEVAL .	5i
(bare treatment) Our team must have very quick and comprehensive retrieval techniques over the data base of its complex working records (see above),	511
Inis will also be true for its use of its "intelligence" data base (see below).	512
Also will be keeping up a correlated data base containing such as characteristics of externally obtained system elements, reference material on externally developed techniques and data, intelligence on progress of related work by other groups,	513
TECHNICAL INTELLIGENCE	5.5
For our own needs, as a research team, we have been developing for some years a corpus of "intelligence" (bibliographic) data about the activities and products of the outside world. We intend to have this be shaped up as an effective activity, and hope to begin offering portions of it (properly indexed, etc.) to NIC users.	5j1
DATA ANALYSIS	5K
III SPECIAL MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES	6
WORKING-RECORD MANAGEMENT	6a.
The serious, longer-range goal behind the super-document and dialogue techniques is to ultimately develop the appropriate on-line aids and associated special working methodology to enable the "super-document" files tooinclude for each team member his own scratch work, self notes, current-state in-process drafts of plans, designs, memos, etc.	621
The team's goals and plans would appropriately include a place for each of his task assignments; under each of these would be his goals and plans for executing that assignment; and within these his various current activities would be associated with creating or modifying	
files.	622

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The monolithic-record notion seems basic to derive effective coordination of a team's human resources. In addition, there is much to learn about the appropriate "rules of order" for keeping the process as orderly as is necessary, and for providing a working environment that harnesses structured concepts and frees the humans' actions from the rigid compartmentalization stemming from very limited communication capability. 6a3

PLAN-DEVELOPMENT METHODOLOGY	60
TASK NEGOTIATION AND REVIEW	6c
RESOURCE ALLOCATION, ACCOUNTING AND REVIEW	6d
OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES, DEFINITION, REPRESENTATION, ONITORING	6e
CONFLICT RESOLUTION	6í
ROLES, THEIR VARIETY AND INTERDEPENDENCE	6 g
It is becoming quite evident that the working environment opening up to the augmented team will permit very	
considerable experimentation with organizational matters.	621

When any individual has inertialess transportation, highly automated locating and navigating aids, and possesses a viewing instrument that gives quick, flexibly adjusted analytic views at the terrain -- and each can reach into that terrain with powerful aids to alter it -- then the ways in which people can develop teamwork become much enrichened.

Consider a simple-seeming capability like the virtually instant convening of a meeting to deal with a complex issue which may be all of two minutes old and already has been assailed from many sides by many people with many different considerations and talents.

Depending upon the nature of the event, and because they can instantly assemble with the appropriate tools and material, do the job, and split away back to other role participations so quickly, the team might easily have a different role distribution here from the one they last approached together -- i.e. it would be like the carpentry supervisor holds the stake for the framing 6g2

6gla

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	carpenter when they are part of the team making a quick check of alignment with a surveyor's transit.	6g2a
IV	SPECIAL SYSTEM-BUILDING TECHNIQUES .	7
	SOFTWARE-ARCHITECTURE PRINCIPLES FOR INTERACTIVE SYSTEMS	7a
	compile-compiler	7a1
	we've published about our Tree-Meta development, and its use to generate our special-purpose system-design languages.	7ala
	special format and conventions in source-code languages	7a2
	A very important feature about these special languages is that their format and structuring conventions are adapted to fit our augmentation-system usage environment. This provides a degree of facility for composing, studying, and modifying source code that is very rewarding and powerful.	7a2a
	The super-document approach stems from a belief that all levels of design and analysis thinking and data should rightly be integrated into one compatible system of files over which the designers, supervisors, later maintenance people, colleagues, etc., can freely and adroitly roam	7220
	adioitiy ioam.	Idev
	The dialogue-support techniques have an important contribution to make at every level, and they require an integrated approach to recording, documenting.	7a2b1
	To organize the conceptualization of a system design into appropriate levels and areas, and to develop effective representations of the design specifications and principles at each such area, seems necessary.	7a2c
	Our software architecture approach stresses these things, and promises to make useful neadway in evolving	
	people approach and operate on the architecture of	
	complex computer systems.	7220
	special system architecture for evolutionary development by augmented team	723
	distributed resources	7a3a

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network, front ends	7a3a1
ids front end	7a3a2
modular, expandable	7a3a2a
conceptual partitioning, with spls,	7a3b
for design clarity	7a301
for easier transfer	7a3b2
for easier modular growth and modification	7a3b3
special bookkeeping, documentation, etc.	7a4

ANALYSIS AND DESIGN PRINCIPLES FOR ON-LINE USER SERVICES.

Designing a whole augmentation system involves a balanced consideration of many re-designable features: e.g. the concepts (way of viewing things), ways of representing and recording the concepts, methods of developing the concepts and products associated with a task, the computer aids and utilization procedures to get maximum help in carrying out the working methods, and the ways in which a user negotiates each given service transaction in each different context.

There is no existing design discipline encompassing this range of inter-dependent system factors -- but one really must evolve if any large-scale benefit is ever to be derived from the computer services that are plainly seen to be coming.

Consider the tremendous increase in speed, capacity, and economic availability, and then add the promise of forthcoming increases in the quality of that service as the artificial-intelligence techniques become ever more powerful.

It would be sad to think of all this power possibly being harnessed by society in ways that leave these helpers remote and uninvolved from our minute-by-minute human activity.

We need to learn how to do our thinking and working so that quick little bits of their service can be harnessed on our own terms within our own way of working. 761

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The system should have these computer services matching to the human perceptual, mental, and motor mechanism in a way optimum for our purposes, and these matching ways	
will certainly be far different from those with which we have harnessed our primitive past tools.	7040
The design of the repertoire of user services provided by the computer-communication-terminal facility is a process	
requiring the kind of design discipline associated with every complex system design.	705
I consider it VERY IMPORTANT to get about the development of an AUGMENTATION-SISTEM DESIGN DISCIPLINE.	706
USER TRAINING AND REFERENCE-AIDS	7c
V APPLICATION POSSIBILITIES RELEVANT TO DOD ACTIVITIES AND PROBLEMS.	ö
Different types of application, that may utilize different portions of our whole system.	òa
Special application of isolated components from our whole system of techniques == all of which will be significantly	
improved during this next contract period.	8a1
General application of the augmented-team system.	6a2
Design of other than computer systems.	8a2a
Planning team	8a20
Special application of the augmented-team system, for computer-system-development teams.	8a3
Organizations that could utilize augmentation techniques to improve their internal effectiveness in ways that could have	
activities and problems:	80
DOD organizations. (See AlMEM)	801
Other Government agencies and departments whose effectiveness affects DOD operations;	862
DOD-sponsored research activities, where augmentation techniques could produce new knowledge and new techniques	
of nigher quality and at a faster rate.	863

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The defense industry, where augmentation techniques could do such as significantly reduce new system lead times, speed up and make more effective a contract's negotiation and monitoring processes, etc.

The computer-systems-development teams that provide these organizations with effective computer systems -- in particular, WITH TEAM-AUGMENTATION SYSTEMS.

(NOTE: This is the utilization target that we most specifically can serve, which we think has special merit as a strategic consideration.) or5a :5220, 11/09/70 1327:21 MEJ ; .DPF=1; ':A2MEM', 11/08/70 0911:12 DCE ; RTJ=0; .DPF=0;

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NLS NP: Snapshots of Portrayal-Generator Output as NLS Pictures

INTRODUCTION

The Possibility: Enabling the user to capture any of our system's computer-generated portrayals as a "picture" attached to an NLS-file statement -- not only "snapshots" of NLS and TODAS portrayal generation, but also of any of the other subsystems we use.

The Need: As our repertoire of tools and techniques expands, the task of documenting them (to teach, or merely to provide detailed description for system analysis and comparison) will become harder by some power greater than 1. We have found screen photographs to be very valuable for this purpose, but tedious and expensive and limited in use to hard-copy documents.

Followup Action Expected: I'd like to have this possibility become one of the seriously considered items in our Baseline planning. It should be kept in mind during development of the NLS Picture Package -- it would likely be that the NP for providin this snapshot feature, and its subsequent portrayal-generator processes will interact with the PP designs (data-storage form, accessing and maniplation programs, etc.),

May I have specific consideration and comments regarding this snapshot feature, its feasibility etc., from BLP, CHI, WHP?

FURTHER DISCUSSION.

Viewing and printing of the snapshot pictures.

I assume that a general design goal for the PG (Portrayal Generator) will be a freedom for the user to scale an NLS-held picture into almost an arbitrary-sized area, and to position that area where he wishes on page or display frame.

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NLS NP: Snapshots of Portrayal-Generator Output as NLS Pictures

This can be useful even to small scaling sizes where the technology of the medium (printer, viewer, display, projector) can't produce enough resolution to allow full-detail reading of the snapshot picture. I'd like to see us work toward a general processing capability in the PG for an arbitrary scale-down factor of NLS pictures (in either displaying them or printing them). If our first moves in this direction are limited to a reduction factor of 1:5 or so, I'd be satisfied.

Scaling up, beyond full frame, implies a "scissoring" capability. I see more need for this stemming from other-source NLS pictures, so I'll defer weighting the value until we consider them. For instance, large tables, large Gant Charts, large Flow Diagrams, etc (We might find value-possibility interest in one form of scissoring, for smaller pictures. In the "cutout" feature below, would often need some means of selective viewing, one means of which is area scissoring.)

Captions and Labels

Affixing captions (that are not part of the original snapshot picture) is an obvious need. At the outset we could do quite well with assuming the text part of the picture statement to be the caption, and formatting it accordingly.

For these compter-generated, snapshot pictures, the labels and arrow vectors used for identifying special entities and features of the picture will want to be fully manipulatable by the user -- superposed over the picture entities or not. So we'll need a means of ignoring (and protecting) the snapshot part of the picturing when executing these kinds of manipulations.

Cutouts

One kind of modification of the original form of a computer-generated snapshot picture that is likely to be desired would be to make cuts and eliminate parts. For instance, some labelling may be better composed in a clear area, and so an area where the picture detail wasn't relevant might want to be "cut away".

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NLS NP: Snapshots of Portrayal-Generator Output as NLS Pictures

Or, suppose that a succession of such snapshot illustrations is to snow action on a display frame in which only a portion of the frame is changing; so a full view might want to be shown on a first picture, with a box drawn around the region of special interest -- with the successive illustrative pictures showing only the action occuring in the "cutout areas" from the succession of original full-frame snapshots (perhaps blown up in size).

We could likely have a choice in handling the development of these picture=cutting features:

Retaining the full picture, carrying the "cutting geometry" specs along, and blotting out the cutaway portions in the PG process.

This is nice -- it lets people try things and then change their minds. It also lets a reviewer look to see if a cutaway area really is 0.K. to leave out.

The other way -- to actually trim the picture in its stored form -- has a certain economic appeal, but I would prefer the first way (perhaps both, with user choice?).

If one uses a cut to isolate a portion of a snapshot, he may well want it scaled up. Since I'm assuming that the user establishes the cut boundaries, blowing up such cutouts needn't involve automatic scissoring just to give them a bigger area in an "illustrated frame" (page).

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':522|', ||/|0/70 |233:44 MEJ ; .DPR=|; :JRNLB, ||/|0/70 |230:55 DCE ; (Copies to BLP, CHI, WHP, WKE, JCN); .HED=" |0NOV70 DCE 522|

NLS NP: Snapshots of Portrayal-Generator Output as NLS Pictures";

x: 77 4.

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Mail File

MSC \$5222.1 WHP 11/09/70 1818:41 SINCE YOU ARE WORKIN NG ON QUICKPRINT FOR THE 10 HOW ABOUT NOT DELETING BLANKS AT FRONT OF THE STATEMENT AND FINDING THE BGNUG THAT IS SCREWING UP THE PAGINATION WHEN HAVE A STATEMENT WITH A LOT OF CR'S AT THE END OF THE PAGE THNX ALSO THERE IS A FILE (PAX,DOCSL,) DESCRIBING LIO THAT YOU MIGHT LOOK AT AND COMMENT ON PLEASE \$

WSD \$5222.2 MEJ 11/10/70 1351:22 NLS's :JRNLP5215 is now J5215. You scare me to death when you put a file to b journallized under NLS, how about use DUVALL next time. Thanks.8

DCE \$5222.3 MEJ 11/10/70 1353:50 Your :JRNLB is now J5221.8

JCN \$5222.4 KEV 11/10/70 1749:53 THIS IS A TEST MESSAGE TO SEE WHAT HAPPENS IN SENDING NLS TYPE FILES VIA OUTPUT SEQUENTIAL TO THE MAIL SYSTEMS

ARG BER BLP CHI DOC DIA DCE DVN EKV HAL JMY JBN JCN JDH JMH JNL JTM JRX KEV LSL MGC MEH MEJ MET MSC NDM VRB VDB WHP WKE WLB WSD CXP \$5222.5 KEV 11/10/70 1811:48 THIS THURSDAY (11/12/70), FROM 1600 TO 1800, A KDF DUMP WILL BE MADE. AFTER THE DUMP, THE APPENDED LIST OF USERS WILL HAVE ALL THEIR KDF FILES DELETED. THESE USERS WILL THEN BE RENAMED X1FILES, X2FILES,...X8FILES. FOR THE SUCCEEDING WEEK OR SO, WHILE THE DISK IS MOVING BACK AND FORTH BETWEEN THE TEN AND THE 940, A KDF DUMP WILL BE TAKEN EACH TIME THE DISK MOVES FROM THE 940 TO THE TEN, BUT ONLY USERS X1FILES TO X8FILES WILL BE DUMPED. THUS ANY WORK YOU WANT SAVED DURING THIS TIME SHOULD BE PLACED IN ONE OF THOSE KDF SPACES. ALSO, ANY FILES THAT YOU WILL WISH TO WORK ON SHOULD BE MOVED FROM THE KDF SPACES OF THE APPENDED LIST OF USERS TO SOMEPLACE ELSE. KDF USERS TO BE DELETED; PILOT

ARG BER BLP CHI DOC DIA DCE DVN EKV HAL JMY JBN JCN JDH JMH JNL JTM JRX KEV LSL MGC MEH MEJ MET MSC NDM VRB VDB WHP WKE WLB WSD CXP \$5222.6 KEV 11/10/70 1832:28 EVERYBODY SEE ME BEFORE 1200 THURSDAY (11/12/70) ABOUT KDF CHANGES AND LOSS OF FILES\$

DCE \$5222.7 DCE 11/10/70 2204:52 NP(AF MODES) SEEMS LIKELY THAT WE COULD MAKE GOOD USE OF THE "MODE" SETTINGS THAT NLS PROVIDES FOR IN ITS CHARACTER STRINS. E.G. SUPPOSE THAT AF PROVIDES MEANS FOR SETTING THE MODE, BETWEEN GIVEN POINTERS, TO SUCH AS FLICKER, BOLD FACE, ETX. SUPPOSE ALSO THAT THERE WAS A WAY OF SPECIFYING THAT IN A SCAN, THE MODE OF A CHARACTER WAS PART OF THE TEST SPECIFICATION. OR, SUPPOSE THAT IN COPYING STRINGS FROM A STATEMENT INTO THE NEW "REPACING" STRING WHEN MAKING UP A NEW STATEMENT, THAT IN AF THERE WAS A WAY TO PASS OR BLOCK THE COPYING OF CHARACTERS IN THE INDICATED STRINGS ACCORDING TO THEIR MODE SETTING. WOULD ALLOW US TO DOCTOR UP A

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Mail File

BUNCH OF TEXT (BY SETTING MODES IN SUB STRINGS), THEN IN ONE TRANSFER OPERATION, MASK OUT (DELETE) THESE SUBSTRINGS. \$

DVN \$5222.8 WKE 11/11/70 1113:13 I HAVE PUT THE FOLLOWING FILES IN YOUR KDF SPACE TODAY TIM AND APTIM -- VOLUMES ONE AND TWO OF TODAS MANUAL BIBL -- ARC BIBLIOGRAPHY NO AND N6 -- TWO SECTIONS OF NEW NLS USERS GUIDE NRADC -- PART ONE OF 1968 RADC FINAL REPORT THESE WERE OLD CASSERES FILES -- GOOD LUCK \$

DVN \$5222.9 WKE 11/11/70 1149:31 PLEASE ADD THE FOLLOWING TO THAT LIST OF FILES N3 AND N12 -- MORE OF NLS USERS GUIDE BLURB --ONE PAGE DESCRIPTION OF ARC \$

DIA HAL \$5222.10 WKE 11/11/70 1237:13 I HAVE TODAY MOVED THE FOLLOWING FILES FROM PRINCE KDF SPACE TO LEHTMAN KDF SPACE: TMR, OLTMR, AND GRTMR PASSWORD WRITE ACCESS IS DIA AS BEFORE I WAS UNABLE TO SAVE TMRPR. IF YOU NEED IT YOU WILL HAVE TO GO TO OLD KDF DUMP TAPES

WKE \$5222.11 DVN 11/11/70 1328:40 Thanks \$

JCN \$5222.12 MEJ 11/12/70 0902:50 Your file (CATALOG):JRNL1 is now J5223.5

JCN \$5222.13 MEJ 11/12/70 1017:02 Your file (MSR):JRNL1 is now J5224.8

DCE JCN WLB WSD 35222.14 DCE 11/12/70 1025:16 NP(NIC MESSAGE) JIM AND WALT: IT WOULD BE VERY USEFUL TO HAVE A WAY FOR US TO USE OUR MESSAGE SYSTEM FOR COMMUNICATING OVER THE NET-DIALOGUE SYSTEM. WOULD YOU TWO COME UP WITH PROCEDURES: A) FOR USING CURRENT MESSAGE SYSTEM AS CONVENIENT LOG; B) FOR SEPARATE-MESSAGE-SYSTEM PROPOSAL, JUST FOR NDS (AS WORKED OUT WITH WSD), THAT IS A SIMPLE ADAPTATION OF EXISTING MESSAGE SYSTEM; AND C) ALSO WITH WSD, GET SOME NOTIONS GOING ABOUT WHAT SORT OF MESSAGE SYSTEM WOULD BE DESIREABLE/FEASIBLE FOR FUTURE. DOUGS

DCE JCN WIB WSD \$5222.15 DCE 11/12/70 1051:28 np(nic message), cf(5222,14) Regarding use of current message system for NIC-messages; Suppose we (at ARC) send an "NDS message" by just entering a message, to "NIC", and place the sendee's name at start of message (spelled out in full). Then we can extract and send a printout of the message to sendee via his AGENT. If a Net participant sends a message (via Agent, through NIC), we transcribe into Message System and handle it in the same way. 13

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Mail File

Can provide Site-Collections later with pages of (filtered-out) NIC-dialogue messages, doug &

JCN WLB \$5222.16 DCE 11/12/70 1104:53 I want to send some messages to Net people (e.g., Len Kleinrock, Dave Harris, Steve Crocker). Let me know soon (repeat, soon) if it is all right by you if I go ahead and use the scheme presented in (5222,15). Doug\$

WSD \$5222.17 DCE 11/12/70 1121:10 Does it have to be that upperLower case doesn't go through the Message System? I noticed that: two cases go o.k. from NLS, via ODQ to a QED file still keeping both cases (as read, in QED, on display); but, after going from there into and out of the Message System, only lower case remains. Cf(5222,16) -- and (5222,14) and (5222,15) -- I'd like to have messages printed out with both cases, if it's easy enough to provide, I'D LIKE TO COMPOSE THEM IN NLS, AND THEREFORE I GUESS THAT I'D GET THEM INTO MESSAGE SYSTEM VIA QED ETC. SUGGESTIONS? COMMENTS? WHAT'S THE COST OF PROVIDING THROUGHPUT FOR BOTH CASES? DOUGS

ARG BER BLP CHI DOC DIA DCE DVN EKV HAL JMY JBN JCN JDH JMH JNL JTM JRX KEV LSL MGC MEH MEJ MET MSC NDM VRB VDB WHP WKE WLB WSD CXP \$5222.18 KEV 11/13/70 1303:09 IF ANYONE SAVES ANY FILES IN KDF SPACE FOR USERS XIFILES,..., X8FILES, THIS SUNDAY (11/15/70), BETWEEN 7AM AND LPM (ONLY TIME THE 940 WILL BE UP) PLEASE CALL ME AT HOME (964-9870) SO I WILL KNOW TO MAKE A KDF DUMP. THANK YOU.\$

WSD \$5222.19 MEJ 11/18/70 0904:53 Where is last :MAIL file? I have tried to load copies of your KDF files NXAIL aND XAILF and both times they were bad files. Your KDF file MAIL is aN OLD MAIL file that has already been processed. \$

DCE \$5222.20 MEJ 11/18/70 0630:58 Your file :JRNLA (:ELLIOTT) is now J5225.8

DCE JCN BLP 85222.21 WKE 11/23/70 1011:57 I talked to Gene Gribble of Friday (11/20) about a better copy of the NASA Report. They will not publish in a low number series for wide distribution unless we supply a good original. From discussion with Gene I think our best line printer copy will still be lacking. I told him that we are trying to get an FR-80 (III machine) process going that should give us good quality. In any case, I promised that in two weeks (by Dec 4) we will send him a complete report on the best of FR-80 or Dura. -- I will follow up getting this produced. Note: I did not discuss with him the 15

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Mail File

possibility of printing statement numbers. Doug, if you want todo this please see me. a

\$5222.22 WKE 11/23/70 1012:01 Please get in touch with Mac McKinley of BB&N sometime before the paging box arrives (due about 12/2) for details on grounding of pager, main frame and memories.3

WSD \$5222.23 WKE 11/23/70 1014:57 I THINK ROGER'S INITIALS (RDB) ARE NOT IN THE SYSTEM YETS

ARG BER BLP CHI DOC DIA DCE DVN EKV HAL JMY JBN JCN JDH JMH JNL JTM JRX KEV LSL MGC MEH MEJ MET MSC NDM VRB VDB WHP WKE WLB WSD CXP \$5222.24 KEV 11/23/70 1034:30 PLEASE JOURNAL FILE 5226 REGARDING A PROPOSAL FOR NEW KDF PROCEDURESS

ARG BER BLP CHI DOC DIA DCE DVN EKV HAL JMY JBN JCN JDH JMH JNL JTM JRX KEV LSL MGC MEH MEJ MET MSC NDM VRB VDB WHP WKE WLB WSD CXP \$5222.25 KEV 11/23/70 1036:14 PLEASE SEE JOURNAL FILE 5226 REGARDING A PROPOSAL FOR NEW KDF PROCEDURES\$

KEV \$5222.26 WLB 11/23/70 1055:28 I DISSENT FROM THE PROPOSED KDF PROCEDURES. I THINK THERE IS TOO MUCH CHANCE O MUCH CHANCE OF GETTING SCROD BY FORGETTING WHAT'S HAPPENING WHEN.\$

KEV \$5222.27 JCN 11/23/70 1118:13 YOUR FILE JRNL123 IS NOW 5226 \$

WLB \$5222.28 JCN 11/23/70 1156:13 YOUR FILE JRNL1 IS NOW IN JOURNAL AS: 52275

JCN \$5222.29 JCN 11/23/70 1158:46 YOUR FILE JRNL1 IS NOW: 5228\$

ARG BER BLP CHI DOC DIA DCE DVN EKV HAL JMY JEN JCN JDH JMH JNL JTM JRX KEV LSL MGC MEH MEJ MET MSC NDM VRB VDB WHP WKE WLB WSD CXP \$5222.30 KEV 11/23/70 1640:52 PLEASE MAKE A COPY OF ALL YOUR XFILE KDF FILES IN YOUR OWN KDF AREA BY 1630 ON WEDS., SO THAT AFTER THE FULL KDF DUMP, WEDS. (11/25/70) 1700-1900, THE XFILES CAN BE INITIALIZED. IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS, PLEASE SEE ME.\$

WSD \$5222.31 DVN 11/24/70 1035:03 .\$

WSD \$5222.32 DVN 11/24/70 1042:26 Please note that a really brief, really short rough draft of your part of the report to RADC is due. See my KDF file RPLAN for more-or-less current outline and schedule.8 21

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Mail File

DCE JTM \$5222.33 WKE 11/24/70 1042:45 I talked to Dan Bobrow today about net protocol. He assured me that he will have his protocol running on TENEX by about the middle of December. There may even be a preliminary version in the system that Dan Murphey will bring out for us on Dec 7. The protocol he is designing will be a small subset of the official version. He will send documentation as soon as possible. He also tells me that their hardware interface will be in operation sometime next week and that we may be able to use their PDP-10 over the net soon. \$

WSD \$5222.34 WKE 11/24/70 1710:06 PLEASE CALL ME TO TALK ABOUT THE IMLAC \$

WSD \$5222.35 WKE 11/25/70 1054:16 PLEASE CALL ME CONCERNING PROGRAMMING FOR IMLAC \$

DCE \$5222.36 JCN 11/25/70 1516:13 YOUR FILE JRNL1 IS NOW :5229 IN ARC JURNL (LETTER TO MR. EDWARDS, CCH, INC.\$

WLB \$5222.37 JCN 11/25/70 1555:56 YOUR JRNLP5192 IS NOW IN THE JOURNAL AS :51925

WSD \$5222.38 JCN 11/29/70 1745:21 DIDN'T IT RAIN? HOPE YER BETTER ETCS

WSD \$5222.39 DVN 11/30/70 1038:07 When I inadvertently type "b" in TODAS it initiates a command "branch to". What does "branch to" do? What is it's full syntax? no one seems to know.\$

ARG BER BLP CHI DOC DIA DCE DVN EKV HAL JMY JBN JCN JDH JMH JNL JTM JRX KEV LSL MGC MEH MEJ MET MSC NDM VRB VDB WHP WKE WLB WSD CXP \$5222.40 WKE 11/30/70 1543:54 ALL DATASET NUMBERS WILL CHANGE ON DECEMBER 10, FOR DETAILS ON THIS AND OTHER TELETYPE CHANGES RELATIVE TO THE PDP-10 SEE MY FILE "TELETYPES" \$

WKE \$5222.41 JCN 12/01/70 0832:51 YOUR FILE :JRNL1 IS NOW :5230 IN THE JOURNALS

DVN \$5222.42 JCN 12/01/70 0833:18 YOUR FILE :JRNL1 IS NOW :5231 IN THE JOURNAL \$

WLB \$5222.43 JCN 12/01/70 0834:00 YOUR FILE ;JRNLP5420 IS NOW IN THE JOOURNAL AS :54205 43

WLB \$5222.44 JCN 12/01/70 0913:31 YOUR FILE :JRNLP4989 IS NOW :4989 IN THE JOURNALS

Mail File

WLB \$5222.45 JCN 12/01/70 0914:39 YOUR FILE :JRNLP5142 IS NOW :5142 IN THE JOURNALS

KEV \$5222.46 WSD 12/01/70 1359:57 PLEASE CHANGE SYSTEM INI/TIALISE TO LOAD SUBSYSTEM IMLAC FROM (X1)STIML, AND FILE ():OPIM FROM (X1)IMLCO..THANX\$

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':5222', 12/02/70 1553:39 JCN ; .DPR=1; ':MAIL', 12/01/70 1422:03 WSD ; .DPR=0;

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DATA ELEMENTS AND CODES FOR ARC MASTER CATALOG 11 Nov 70 JBN-JCN

0. 0

Codes in order of access and entry into the master catalog	1
*al First author	la
#1 job title	lal
#2 corporate affiliation	la2
#3 suborganization	1a3
#4 street address	la4
#5 city, state zip	la5
*a2 Second author	lb
#1 job title	lbl
#2 corporate affiliation	102
#3 suborganization	103
#4 street address	164
#5 city, state zip	105
*a3 Third author	lc
#1 job title	lcl
#2 corporate affiliation	1c2
#3 suborganization	lc3
#4 street address	lc4
#5 city, state zip	lc5
*a4 Fourth author	ld
*a5 Fifth author	
	10
*bl Editor	lî
#1 job title	lfl

DATA ELEMENTS AND CODES FOR ARC MASTER CATALOG 11 Nov 70 JBN-JCN

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#3 suborganization	lgl
#4 street address	1g2
#5 city, state zip	lg3
*b3 Second Organization	lh
#3 suborganization	lhl
#4 street address	lh2
#5 city, state zip	163
*bh Publisher	11
#3 suborganization	111
#4 street address	112
#5 city, state zip	113
*b5 First addressee of letter or memo	13
#1 job title	ljl
#2 corporate affiliation	1j2
#3 suborganization	1j3
#4 street address	1 j4
#5 city, state zip	135

1j6

DATA ELEMENTS AND CODES FOR ARC MASTER CATALOG 11 Nov 70 JBN-JCN

#6 pages

*66	Second addressee of letter or memo	lk
*67	Third addressee of letter or memo	11
*b8	Fourth addressee of letter or memo	lm
*b9	ARC Document number of addressee list	ln
	10	
--	-----	
*cl Title of item	lp	
#1 subtitle	lpl	
#6 pages	lp2	
*c2 Title of more inclusive document	lq	
#1 subtitle	lql	
#2 volume and number	192	
#6 pages	193	
*dl Day and/or Month and/or Year Published	lr	
#d2 Date written or submitted	15	
*d3 Period covered	lt	
*d4 Date of conference or meeting	lu	
*d5 Date(s) revised, superceded, deleted by issuer	lv	
*fl Form of Item	lw	
a article	lwl	
b book	1w2	
c film	lw3	
d draft	lw4	
f foto	lw5	
g proceedings	lw6	
i abstract	lw7	
lletter	lw8	

m	memo	1w9
n	newsletter	lwlO
р	paper	lwll
r	report	1w12
s	slide	lwl3
t	talk	lwl4
u	functional document	1w15
*f2	Media	lx
a	carbon copy	lxl
с	сору	1x2
e	microfiche	1×3
f	f film	J×4
m	microfilm	1×5
0	original	lx6
r	machine readable	lx7
s	slide	lx8
t	paper tape	1×9
*ml	Name of sponsor of conference or meeting	ly
#:	l name of meeting	lyl
#.	5 city, state of meeting	ly2
		lz
¥n]	ARC number of item that includes this item	1a

*n2	ARC number(s) of item(s) this item includes	laa
*n3	ARC number of document this supercedes	lab
*n4	ARC number(s) of ARC document(s) to which this refers	lac
*n5	ARC number of document this abstract describes	lad
		lae
*pl	Project name assigned by issuer	laf
*p2	Project number assigned by issuer	lag

4.1.1.1.1.

	lan
	lai
*rl Serial or code number(s) assigned by issuer	laj
*r2 Serial or code number(s) assigned by government	agency lak
	lal
*sl Sponsoring agency	lam
#3 suborganization	laml
#5 city, state zip	lam2
#6 contract or grant number	lam3
#7 project number	lam4
#8 order number	lam5
#9 other number	lam6
*s2 Sponsoring agency	lan
*s3 Sponsoring agency	120
*s1 Sponsoring agency	lap
	laq
	lar
*wl Date received at ARC	las
*W2 Date cataloged at ARC	lat
*w3 Initials of contributor	lau
*wh Source if different from b2 or w3	lav
	law
*yl Brief abstract or annotation	lax

1.11.1.11

*y2 Keys to subject content	lay
	laz
*zl NIC holdings: All, or sites by initials	lo
*z2 Subcollection;	lba
e.g., NIC, NAS, JOU, DCE	lbal
*z3 ARC master catalog management descriptors	lbb
	lbc

':5223', ||/||/70 |225:38 MEJ ; .DPR=|; ':DCODES', ||/||/70 0857:24 JCN ; .DPR=0;

A.11 (0.19)

People	1
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Whole Group	1a2
Personalities in Group	1a3
Computer Augmentation	lb
Working Environment (workspace)	lbl
Console Use	102
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Information Display	3
Information about us	За
Goals	3a1
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Organization of Systems	3a3
Subsystems available	3a3a
SYSGD organization	3a30
Languages	3a3c
Other facilities	3a.3d
eg. Todas	3a3d1
Godas	3a3d2
Other Augmentation	3a4
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.CEN=1;SLIDE CATA	LOGUE.CEN=O;	4
(0005018)		5
(ACOSO18)		5a
(A02S018)	S: 3100	5al
(A03S018)	S:3100	5a2
(A05S018)	S:3100	5a3
(A065018)	S:3100	5au
(AO8SO18)	S:3100	5a5
(A095018)	S:3100	5a6
(AllSOL8)	S:3100	5a7
(A12SO18)	S:3100	5a8
(Allsol8)	S:3100	5a9
(A15S018)	S:3100 diff.	5210
(A175018)	S:3100	5all
(A185018)	S:3100	5a12
(A20S018)	S:3100	5a13
(A21S018)	S:3100	5a14
(A23S018)	S:3100	5a15
(A215018)	S:3100	5a16
(A26S018)	S:3100	5a17
(A27S018)	S:3100	5a10
(A29SO18)	S:3100	5a19
(A305018)	S:3100	5a20

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(A32S018)	5:3100
(A33S018)	5:3100
(A358018)	S:3100

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		5823
(BOOSO18)		50
(B095018)	S:3100	501
(B1)15018)	S:3100	502
(8155018)	S:3100	563
(B16S018)	S:3100	504
(B185018)	S:3100	505
(8195018)	S:3100	506
(8215018)	S:3100	507
(8225018)	S:3100	508
(8215018)	S:3100	569
(B25S018)	S:3100	5010
(B27S018)	S:3100	5011
(8285018)	5:3100	5012
(8305018)	S:3100	5013
(8325018)	S:3100	5014
(8335018)	S:3100	5015
(B315018)	S:3100	5016
(COOSO18)		5c
(0295018)	S:3100	5cl
(0305018)	S:3100	5c2
(C31S018)	5:3100	5c3
(C32S018)	S:3100	

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		5C4
(0005038)		6
(A00S038)		6a
(A015038)	DIA, JFR On line ARPA Conf. console.	6a1
(A028038)	JFR 1 console	6a2
(A038038)	JFR, DIA ON line ARPA Conf. console.	6a3
(A045038)	JFR 1 console keyboard	6a4
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(A06S038)	JFR, DIA	626
(A078038)	JFR, DIA	6a7
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(A09S038)	JFR 1 console, keyboard	6a9
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(ALLSO38)	hardware in shop (Roger's thing)	6a11
(A12S038)	hardware in shop	6a12
(A13S038)	hardware in shop	6a13
(A16S038)	JFR + DIA at consoles; Steve Levine	6a14
(A175038)	tasker for On-line	6a15
(A188038)	DIA, JFR, Steve Levine TTY + consle	6a16
(A195038)	tape drives	6a17
(A208038)	Comp room Printer, dura, TTYs	6 a 18
(A215038)	Comp room equipment	

Ц

					0813
(BOOSO38)					60
(B02S038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		601
(8038038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		602
(B045038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		603
(B05S038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		664
(8065038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		605
(8075038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		606
(8088038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		607
(8095038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		606
(B10S038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		609
(B115038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		6010
(B125038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		6011
(B13S038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		6012
(B1)(S038)	steve Levine	at Work	Station	hand and screen	6513
(8158038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		6014
(B16S038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		6015
(B175038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		6016
(B185038)	Steve Levine	at Work	Station		6017
(B198038)	Face side St	eve Levi	ne		6618
(8205038)	JFR, DIA com	p room			6619
(8218038)	JFR. DIA com	n room			

		6620
(0005038)		60
(CO1SO38)	S:3100	6c1
(0048038)	s:3100	602
(0065038)	S:3100	6c3
(0085038)	S:3100	6c4
(Closo38)	S:3100	6c5
(0125038)	S:3100	606
(0158038)	S:3100	607
(0175038)	S:3100	600
(C195038)	5:3100	609
(0205038)	S:3100	

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	OCTO
(DOOSO38) Diagrams	6đ
(DO4SO38) Basic organization of NLS, showing use of compilers and compiler-compiler for implementation.	641
(D05S038) A State chart portrayal of our Vert manipulation Control language.	602
(D08S038) Organization of our 940 on line system.	643
(D12S038) How the Meta II Translator serves to compile a new version of itself.	6d4
(D148038) NLS 940 as on information processing system.	605
(D17S038) Overlay structure of NLS 940.	646
(D21S038) (in color) Meta Mol flow chart	

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17

		our
(0005048)		'7
(A005048)		7a
(AC1SO48) Levine	ARPA on-line meeting, JFR, Dean Brown, Steve	7al
(A02S048)	EGS, Kipers?, someone else.	7a2
(A03S048)	Dean Bergstrom and ?	7a3
(A045048)	?	7al
(A055048)	group shot	7a5
(A065048)	group shot	7a.6
(A07S018)	group shot with Doug	7a7
(A085048)	Doug - at blackboard	7a.8
(A095048)	group shot	729
(Aloso48)	Dave Hopper?, Elton Hag and Doug	7210
(AllSOL8)	same as lo	7a11
(A12SO48)	WKE	7a12
(A135048)	small group shot	7a13
(A145048)	Bob Taylor	7a14
(A15S048)	room shot	7a15
(A165048)	group shot	7a16
(A175048)	group shot	7217
(A185048)	Doug, etc.	7218
(A195048)	Doug, etc.	7219
(A2050)(8)	Torben and ?	

		7a.20
(0005119)		8
(A005119)		8 a.
(A195119)	Display Equipment EVR, MEH	8a1
(A205119)	Executive Hardware	8a2
(A218119)	IMP/NET Terminal	8a3
(BOOS119)		86
(B015119)	Blur	861
(B025119)	Workspace with people milling	852
(B03S119)	Workspace with people milling	8b3
(BO45119)	Workspace with people milling	864
(8055119)	Workspace with people milling	805
(B025119)	Workspace with people milling	806
(B07S119)	Workspace with people milling	807
(B085119)	Workspace with smaller group	868
(8095119)	Workspace with smaller group	859
(Blosll9)	3 consoles, WHP, JCN, WKE, GHB	8010
(BllSll9)	3 consoles, WHP, JCN, WKE, GHB	8011
(B125119)	2 consoles, WKE, JCN, GHB	8012
(6135119)	2 consoles, WKE, JCN, GHB	8013
(B145119)	2 consoles, WKE, JCN, GHB	8614
(8158119)	2 consoles, WKE, JCN, GHB	8015
(B16S119)	2 consoles, WKE, JCN, GHB, WHP	8016
(8175119)	2 consoles, WKE, JCN, GHB, WHP	8017

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(B185119)	Yoga console,	wsD,	MSC,	DCE	8148
(8198119)	Yoga console,	WSD,	MSC,	DCE	8619
(B208119)	Yoga console,	MSC,	DCE		8620
(B21S119)	Console use Jo	ON			

			0051
(0	005119)		80
	(COISII9)	blur	8c1
	(CO2S119)	Yoga console, WSD	8c2
	(CO3S119)	Yoga console, WSD	8c3
	(CO45119)	3 consoles, WHP, JCN, WSD	8 c 4
	(0055119)	l console, JCN, WKE	8c5
	(CO6S119)	l console, JON, WKE	8c6
	(CO7S119)	l console, gHB	8c7
	(CO8S119)	l console, GHB	808
	(CO95119)	1 console, GHB	809
	(Closll9)	S: Network Map	8c10
	(0118119)	S: Network "black box," linked HoSTS	8c11
	(0125119)	S: Network remote user through to NIC	8c12
	(0138119)	S: Partial NIC: No Godas	8c13
	(C1hS119)	S: NIC chart (full)	8c14
	(C15S119)	S: Network Map	8c15
	(0165119)	S: Network "black box," linked hosts	8c16
	(0175119)	S: Dialogue: one entry	8c17
	(0183119)	S: Dialogue: two entries	8c18
	(0198119)	S: Dialogue: six entries	8019
	(C2OS119)	S: (missing from stack, check later)	8c20
	(0218119)	S: CML Procedure, BUG1SPEC	

				8c21
(D005119)			84
	(DOISI19)	Blu	r	841
	(D025119)	Blu	lr.	802
	(D035119)	Bla	ck	843
	(DO45119)	s:	Incomplete Bootstrap Chart	8d4
	(D058119)	s:	Incomplete Bootstrap Chart	845
	(D065119)	s:	Complete Bootstrap Chart	846
	(D075119)	s:	AHIRC and Bootstrapping	807
	(D085119)	s:	List of Augmentation System Components	848
	(D095119)	s:	List of Major Service System Hardware	849
	(D105119)	s:	List of System-Programmer Tools	8410
	(D115119)	S:	List of Special Compilers	8011
	(D128119)	s:	List of User Subsystems	8012
	(D135119)	s:	NLS-vehicle chart	8d13
	(D148119)	s:	INFO SYS: INFO Management Components	8d14
	(D158119)	s:	System, + System Development, SYS-DEV AIDS	8d15
	(D168119)	s:	SYS + SYS Development, with Management Aids	8016
	(D175119)	s:	Diagram: Remote User through NET to NIC	8d17
	(D185119)	s:	Schematic of Multi-terminal lab	8018
	(D195119) SYS)	S:	First Step Bootstrapping Sequence (INFO	8419
	(D208119)	s:	Second Step Bootstrap Sequence (AUG. SYS)	8420
	(D21S119)	S:	Incomplete Bootstrap	

. .

			8d21
(E00S119)		8e
	(E015119)	DAE, MET, MSC informal in hall	8el
	(E025119)	DAE, MET, MSC informal in hall	8e2
	(E038119)	WSD, MSC, MGC, MET pre-meeting informal	8e3
	(EOLS119)	WSD, MSC, MGC, MET pre-meeting informal	8e4
	(E055119)	8 people pre-meeting informal	8e5
	(E065119)	8 people pre-meeting informal	8e6
	(E07S119)	8 people pre-meeting informal	8e7
	(E085119)	WSD, MSC, MGC, MET pre-meeting informal	8e8
	(E095119)	WSD, MSC, MGC, MET pre-meeting informal	8e9
	(E105119)	WSD, MSC, MGC, MET pre-meeting informal	8e10
	(E11S119)	1:00 full group (12 people) coffee break	8e11
	(E128119)	1:00 full group (12 people) coffee break	8e12
	(E135119)	1:00 full group (12 people) coffee break	8e13
	(E145119)	1:00 full group (12 people) coffee break	8e14
	(E155119)	1:00 full group (12 people) coffee break	8e15
	(E16S119)	1:00 sub-group coffee break	8e16
	(E17S119)	1:00 sub-group coffee break	8e17
	(E185119)	1:00 sub-group coffee break	8e18
	(E198119) E11-E15)	5:00 full group coffee break (different from	8e19
	(E20S119)	5:00 full group coffee break	

	8e20
(FOOS119)	8£
(F01S119) 7:00 almost whole group meeting	8f1
(F02S119) 7:00 another goroup almost whole group meeting	8f2
(F03S119) 7:00 almost whole group meeting (same as F2)	8£3
(FO4S119) 7:00 almost whole group meeting (same as F2)	8£4
(F05S119) 6:00 half group meeting	8£5
(F06S119) 6:00 half group meeting	8£6
(F07S119) 3:00 MSC and DCE	8£7
(FO8S119) 3:00 MSC and DCE; MSC/smiling, ARG peeking	818
(F095119) 3:00 MSC and DCE; MSC only grinning, handwork from DCE	8£9
(F10S119) 2:00 towards 11:00 7 people	8£10
(F11S119) 2:00 towards 9:00 several people	8f11
(F12S119) 2:00 towards 9:00 several people	8f12
(F13S119) 2:00 towards 11:00	8f13
(FlhS119) 5:00 towards 8:00 eight people	8f14
(F155119) 5:00 towards 8:00 eight people	8f15
(F16S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 eight people	8f16
(F17S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 WSD, DAE, WKE center of six people	8f17
(F18S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 WSD, DAE, WKE center of six people:	
this is best of the three	8 f 18
(F19S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 WSD, DAE, WKE center of six people	8£19

(F2OS119) 5:00 towards 8:00 WSD, DAE, WKE center of six people, including JAF

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		8£20
(GOOS119)		8 g
(GO1S119)	DCE pointing finger	8g1
(G028119)	DCE laughing	8 g 2
(G03S119)	WKE, WSD, JAF	8g3
(GO15119)	WKE, WSD, JAF	8g4
(G055119)	7:00	8g5
(G068119)	7:00	8g6
(G075119)	7:00	8g7
(G085119)	3:00 to 9:00	8 g 8
(G095119)	3:00 to 9:00	8g9
(G10S119)	3:00 to 9:00	8g10
(G11S119)	Group around console WKE, WSD, WHP talking	8g11
(G118119)	WKE, WSD, WHP around console talking	8g12
(G12S119)	WKE, WSD, WHP around console talking	8g13
(G13S119)	MSC Yoga console side view shows mouse	8gl4
(G145119)	MSC Yoga console side view shows mouse	8g15
(G158119)	MSC Yoga console from back shows keyset	8g16
(G16S119)	ARG demonstrating to 3 friends, gesticulating	8g17
(G178119)	ARG demonstrating to 3 friends, good gestures	8g18
(G185119)	ARG demonstrating to 3 friends, shows mouse	8g19
(G195119) of screen	ARG demonstrating to friends, from back, view	8g20
(G205119)	ARG demonstrating to friends, from back, view	

of screen

		8g21
(HOOS119)		8 h
(HO1S119)	missing	8n1
(H025119)	Benford from back, at TTY with IMP with Board	8h2
(H03S119)	Benford from back, at TTY with IMP with Board	8n3
(HO45119)	MEH leaning over Benford's shoulder	8n4
(H05S119)	MEH leaning over Benford's shoulder	8h5
(H06S119)	Benford at IMP teletype	8n6
(H07S119)	MEH adjusting camera, with CRT	8n7
(HO8S119)	MEH adjusting camera, with CRT	8 h 8
(H095119)	MEH adjusting camera, with CRT	8h9
(HLOS119)	MEH adjusting camera	8h10
(HIISII9)	MEH adjusting camera	8hll
(H125119)	MEH adjusting camera (good shot)	8h12
(H135119)	MEH adjusting camera	8h13
(H148119)	MEH adjusting camera, smiling	

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		8n14
(1005119)		81
(IO15119) b	lur	811
(I02S119) J	DH on floor in office talking with JMY	812
(I038119) J	DH on floor in office talking with JMY	813
(I048119) J	DH on floor in office talking with JMY	814
(I058119) J	DH on floor in office talking with JMY	8i5
(IO6S119) D posters	GC in office, view of Janis J. and other	816
(I078119) D	GC in office, view of posters	8i7
(IO8S119) D	GC in office, view of posters	818
(I098119) U	nknown technician in shop soddering	819
(Ilos119) u	nknown technician in shop soddering	8i10
(Ills119) E	ngineering lab: Vern, Jake; MEH adjusting TTY	8i11
(I128119) M	EH adjusting TTY, Vern in back	8112
(I13S119) V background	ern with hand in tube; parts, tubes in	8113
(I1115119) E	d pushing Eidophor	8114
(1158119) E	d pulling Eidophor	8115
(I165119) M Jake in backg	achine room: long shot of cameras on tubes; round	'8il6
(I175119) M Jake in backg	achine room, long shot of cameras on tubes, round	8117
(I185119) M Jake in backg	achine room: long shot of cameras on tubes; round	8118
(I198119) J	ake and test monitor; adjusting equipment	8119

(I2OS119) Jake and test monitor; (?) checking voltage levels

(I215119) Jake and test monitor; cameras, etc. in background

8i20

		8121
(JOOS119)		8 j
(JO1S119)	none	8 j 1
(J02S119)	WSD at TTY; side view; Todas?	8j2
(J038119)	WSD at TTY; side view; in computer room	8j3
(JOLSII9) background	WSD at TTY; side view with tape drives in	8j4
(J05S119)	WSD at TTY; tape drives in background	8j5
(J068119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8j6
(J07S119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8 J7
(J085119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8 j 8
(J098119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8 j 9
(J105119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8 j10
(J118119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8 j11
(J128119)	Dean looking at IMP board with wires	8j12
(J13S119)	Dean testing IMP board with wires (?)	8j13
(J118119)	Dean testing IMP board with wires (?)	8 j14
(J158119)	GHB on console using mouse (shot from behind)	8j15
(J168119)	GHB on console using mouse (shot from behind)	8j16
(J17S119)	DAE with hand on keyset	8j17
(J18S119)	DAE with hand on keyset	8 1 1 8
(J195119) showing	DAE at console with mouse, screen, keyset	8 5 1 9
(J205119)	RAC at console with ARG leaning over to help	

					0320
()	KOOS119)				8k
	(KOISII9) Jo mouse, keyset	CN at Herman	Miller console;	shows shelves,	8ĸ1
	(KO2S119) J(chair	CN at Herman	Miller Console,	side view shows	8k2
	(KO3S119) J(shows keyset,	CN at Herman mouse, keyb	Miller console; oard	view from above	8K3
	(KOhS119) J(shows keyset,	CN at Herman mouse, keyb	Miller console, card	view from above	8 K 4
	(K058119) Bi	ruce and CHI	at console		8k5
	(K06S119) B	ruce and CHI	at console		8 K 6
	(K07S119) B	ruce and CHI	at console		8ĸ7
	(KO8S119) Lo work area wit)	ong shot (fa h clusters o	cing south toward f people	s cave) of main	8Kô
	(KO9S119) Lo of people	ong desk top	shot of main wor	kspace; clusters	8k9
	(K10S119) Lo people	ong shot of	main workspace;	clusters of	8k10
	(Klisily) Lo people	ong shot of	main workspace;	clusters of	8k11
	(Kl2Sll9) Lo people	ong shot of	main workspace;	clusters of	8k12
	(K13S119) Lo people	ong shot of	main workspace;	clusters of	8K13
	(KlhSll9) Lo people	ong shot of	main workspace;	clusters of	8kl4
	(K158119) Bi background	ruce and CHI	looking at paper	s; console in	8k15

(Kl6Sll9) Bruce behind, console in	and CHI looking at papers; shot from 1 background	8k16
(K17S119) Bruce mouse, keyset	and Chuck from side; shows console,	8ĸ17
(Kl8Sll9) Bruce mouse, keyset	and Chuck from side; shows console,	8k18
(K198119) Bruce mouse, keyset	and Chuck from side; shows console,	8k19
(K2OS119) Bruce keyset	and CHI from side; shows console, mouse,	8k20
(last six slides	show pencils!)	

	8K21
(LOOS119) miscellaneous by cameraman	81
(LOISI19) hand on keyboard	811
(L05S119) mouse	812
(LO6S119) hand on mouse	813
(L07S119) hand on mouse	814
(L098119) MGC closeup	815
(L12S119) CHI closeup	816
(L138119) IMP panel with "Interface Message Processor" showing	817
(L158119) TTY printout	818
(L198119) TTY printout	

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	819
(MOOS119) WHP MI-MII and MSC M12-M21	8 m
(MOISI19) blur	8 m 1
(M02S119) S: TREE-META to create and transform parse tree: frame 1	8m2
(M03S119) S: TREE-META to create and transform parse tree: frame 2	8m3
(MO4S119) S: input feedback SPL	8 m 4
(M05S119) S: Content Analysis and string constuction: SPL	8m5
(MO6S119) S: example of MOL	8m6
(M07S119) S: overlay map	8m7
(MO8S119) S: sequence showing keyword search using SYSGD: frame 1	8 m 8
(M09S119) S: sequence showing keyword search using SYSGD: frame 2	8m9
(MIOSI19) S: sequence showing keyword search using SYSGD: frame 3	8m10
(M115119) S: sequence showing keyword search using SYSGD: frame 4	8mll
(M125119) S: kinds of items we'd like to coordinate in NIC	8m12
(M13S119) S: interconnections of kinds of items we'd like to coordinate in NIC	8m13
(M14S119) S: first level of a NIC citation list showing names of documents and titles	8ml4
(M15S119) S: first citation item expanded to all showing title and link to abstract, author, date, source	8m15
(M16S119) S: abstract jumped to from M15	8m16

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(M17S119) S: result of keyword select shows re-ordering	
of basic citation list: keywords used are SRI and UTAH	8m17
(M18S119) S: same list with smorgasboard statement	
frozen at top	8m18
(M19S119) S: same thing but better ("?" under feedback	
line)	8m19
(M2OS119) S: execute Content Analyzer pattern "compiler"	
from smorgasboard statement	8m20
(M21S119) S: result of GONAN pattern applied to keyword	

selected list; this frame is cut off and Nl is a better copy

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	8m21
OS119) MSC NI-N6 and DAE N7-N20	8n
(NOIS119) 5: result of CONAN pattern applied to keyword elected list	8n1
(NO2S119) S: Illustrates how you can take clues from etrieved list to help you search again: copied word language" from list in Nl into pattern frozen at top	8n2
(NO3S119) S: Execute CONAN on "compiler"/OR/"language"/; in frozen statement	8n3
(NO4S119) S: result of new CONAN patteern on keyword elected list	8n4
(NO5S119) S: abstract of first citation retrieved in N4	8n5
(NO6S119) S: result of jump return	8n6
(N075119) S: Sequence showing Hierarchal inter-file tructure: frame l	8n7
(NO8S119) S: Sequence showing Hierarchal inter-file tructure: frame 2	8n8
(NO9S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file tructure: frame 3	8n9
(N1OS119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file tructure: frame 4	8n10
(N118119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file tructure: frame 5	8n11
(N12S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file tructure: frame 6	8n12
(N13S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file tructure: frame 7	8n13
(N1hS119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file tructure: frame 8	8nl4
(N15S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file tructure: frame 9	8n15

(N16S119) (feedback	S: is o	Example o nly variat	f link ion):	Sequence frame 1		ônló
(N17S119)	s:	Example o	f link	Sequence:	frame 2	8n17
(N185119)	s:	Top level	outli	ne "Scene 1	Scene 5"	8n18
(N195119)	s:	Example o	f link	Sequence:	frame 3	8n19
(N205119)	s:	Example o	f link	Sequence:	frame 4	
	8n20					
--	-----------------					
(0003119) DAE	80					
(OOIS119) blur	801					
(0025119) blur.	802					
(0035119) blur	803					
(0045119) S: ?	804					
(0058119) S: ?	805					
(0068119) S: ?	806					
(0078119) S: ?	807					
(0085119) S: Jump to Item (Select: first Comm Accept)	and 808					
(0095119) S: Jump to Item (Select: second com accept)	mand 809					
(010S119) S: Result of 09 with statement numbe	rs on 8010					
(OllS119) S: Result of 09 with statement numbe	rs off 8011					
(0125119) S: down a level with statement numbe	rs off 8012					
(0135119) S: down another level with statement on	numbers 8013					
(OllS119) S: tail of same, up a level	8014					
(0158119) S: Select, down a level (viewspecs a	ll and G) 8015					
(016S119) S: Result of 015 selection	8016					
(0175119) S: Delete word sequence: frame 1	8017					
(0185119) S: Delete word sequence: frame 2	8018					
(0198119) S: Delete word sequence: frame 3	8019					
(0205119) S: tree structure of file	8020					

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(0215119)	s:	move	branch	sequence:	frame	1	8021
(0225119)	s:	move	branch	sequence:	frame	2	

.

	8022
(POOS119) DAE P1-P5 and WSD P6-P20	8p
(POISI19) S:	8pl
(P025119) S:	8p2
(P035119) S:	8p3
(POLS119) S:	8p4
(P05S119) S:	8p5
Description of WSD sequence: application of DDT as an on-line debugging tool.	8p6
Note: Some of the pictures in this sequence are cut off at the bottom, which is where what was happenning was happenning.	8p6a
consequently, many of the pictures show the same thing, and some steps are not shown.	8p6al
A version of NLS is loaded with DDT, and a flag designating it as experimental is set.	8p6b
(PO6S119) S: NLS and DDT being loaded for debugging.	8p6b1
(PO7S119) S: NLS and DDT being loaded for debugging.	8p6b2
(PO85119) S: Examining the value of the variable exp, which is 1 if the system is experimental	8p6b3
(P095119) S: Setting the contents of the variable exp to 1	8p6b).
NLS is started under the control of DDT, and an attempt is made to use the keyword facility, which causes NLS to crash.	8p6c
(PlOS119) S: Starting up NLS in DDT at location 14000	8p6c1
(PllSll9) S: Typing in initials and name to NLS	8p6c2

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(Pl2Sl19) S: In NLS, about to load the checkpoint file which is a test file for keyword	89603
(0135119) S: NLS with the test file loaded	8p6c4
(Pl4Sll9) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after crash	8p6c5
After the crash, we are back in DDT, and some exploration is made to see what went wrong	8p6d
(P155119) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt to use keyword (notice that K has been typed and is in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after crash	8p6dl
(Pl6Sll9) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after crash	8p6d2
(P17S119) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after crash. This is the best one because it shows the print=out indicating the cause of the crash (memory error on store at loaction mybfbf + 14	8p6d3
(Pl&Sll9) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after crash.	8p6d4
(P195119) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after crash.	8p6d5
(P2OS119) S: Following the indirect store to the final location, which is in the page where Keyword should be	

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	opeae
(Q005119) WSD Q1-Q16 and CHI Q17-Q21	8 q
Description of WSD sequence: application of DDT as an on-line debugging tool (continued)	8q1
After the crash, we are back in DDT, and some exploration is made to see what went wrong	8q1a
(QOISII9) S: Looking at contents of resultant location of illegal store, and cell following.	8qlal
(QO2S119) S: Looking at contents of resultant location of illegal store, and cell following.	8qla2
(Q03S119) S: Looking at NLS relabelling at time of crach	8q1a3
(QO4S119) S: Looking at NLS relabelling at time of crach	8qla4
(QO5S119) S: LOOKING at NLS relabelling at time of crach	8qla5
We examine the crash, and find that the keyword overlay is marked as non-present.	8qlb
(QO6S119) S: Looking at overlay table entry for keyword overlay, and finding it marked non-present (65,4 is non-present, 65 would be present)	8q1b1
We find that there is another overlay with the same number in its place, which means that there was an error in initialization.	Balc
(Q07S119) S: The execution of the search produces two entries with 65, the one other than keyword (vector edit 2) is present. This indicates an error	
in initialisation. (Q08S119) S: The execution of the search produces	8qlcl
two entries with 65, the one other than keyword (vector edit 2) is present. This indicates an error in initialisation.	8q1c2
We reset, and reload DDT and NLS, searching the	

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initialization overlay for all references to the keywor overlay.	d 8q1d
(Q09S119) S: Leave DDT and reset.	8qlal
(QlOS119) S: Re-entering DDT/NLS and searching fo references to keyword overlay table entry, finding two.	r 8qld2
(QllSll9) S: Re-entering DDT/NLS and searching fo references to keyword overlay table entry, finding two.	r 8qla3
we find that it has been released at initialization to make room in the PMT for other overlays.	8qle
(Q12S119) S: Finding that the second reference releases the overlay (brs 171).	8qle1
This is fine for debugging, but not for a non-experimental system, so we put in a patch which causes it to not be released if the system is not experimental.	8qlf
(Q138119) S: Using patch command in DDT to skip the brs 171 f the system is not experimental.	8qlfl
Finally, we test the experimental version, and find that it is ok.	8qlg
(Q145119) S: Re-entering NLS after insertig patch to try it	8qlg1
(Q15S119) S: NLS with test file loaded	8qlg2
(Q16S119) S: Successfully using keyword command.	8q1g3
(Q17S119) S: Schematic: Compilation of NLS System and Compilers: frame 2	8q2
(Q18S119) S: Schematic: Compilation of NLS System and Compilers: frame 3	8q3
(Q195119) S: Schematic: Compilation of NLS System and Compilers: frame 4	8q4
(Q20)S119 S: no good	8q5

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(Q21S119) S: Schematic: Compilation of NLS System and Compilers: frame 1

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		oqo
((ROOS119) JCN	8r
	(ROIS119) S: ASIS presentation outline,	level 1 8rl
	(RO2S119) S: ASIS presentation outline, branch	financial data 8r2
	(RO3S119) S: Jump to calculator (picture running)	of little man 8r3
	(ROLS119) S: Using calculator (feedback	cut off) 8r4
	(R05S119) S: Using calculator to add	8r5
	(RO6S119) S: Using calculator, shows ins	ertion of data 8r6
	(R075119) S: Using calculator: selectin	g function 8r7
	(RO8S119) S: Using calculator: selectin (feedback cut off)	g function 8r8
	(R095119) S: Using calculator: Using fun	ction 8r9
	(R10S119) S: Using calculator: Using fun cut off)	ction (feedback 8r10
	(R11S119) S: Using calculator: Insert fu	nction result 8r11
	(R12S119) S: Outline: financial data (1 file)	ink to FUNDS 8rl2
	(R135119) S: FUNDS file (top level) goo	d 8r13
	(R1hS119) S: Personnel sequence: frame sequence is particularly good): ASIS outli branch	l (JCN says this ne, personnel 8rl4
	(R15S119) S: Personnel sequence: frame (personnel summary)	2; Funds 8r15
	(R16S119) S: Personnel sequence: frame Patterns	3; Personnel 8r16
	(R17S119) S: Personnel sequence: frame list that matches pattern ["programming"];	h; Personnel 8r17

(R188119)	s:	ASIS outline (Status: other activities)	8r18
(R198119)	s:	Support System Status Report	8r19
(R205119)	s:	Status: other activities (like R18)	8r20
(R205119) R13 and sho	S: uld	Time Sold Chart (related most closely to follow it in sequence)	

8r21

85

(SOOS119) Slides from JCN party 11/7/69

':5224', ||/|2/70 0926:07 MEJ ; .DPR=|; :JRNL+, ||/|2/70 09|6:25 MGC ; 11/14/69 1706:32 MGC (,4:xbbn); .DPR=0;

Par 18 194

JBN

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MSR

calculator and charts	Зансі
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.CEN=1;SLIDE CATA	LOGUE.CEN=O;	14
(0005018)		5
(ACOSO18)		5a
(A02SO18)	S:3100	5al
(A03S018)	S:3100	522
(A05S018)	S:3100	· 5a3
(A06S018)	S:3100	5a4
(AO8SO18)	S:3100	5a5
(A09S018)	S:3100	5a6
(AllSol8)	S:3100	5a7
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(A15S018)	S:3100 diff.	5a10
(A175018)	S:3100	5all
(A18S018)	5:3100	5a12
(A20S018)	S:3100	5a13
(A21S018)	S:3100	5a14
(A23S018)	S:3100	5a15
(A21SO18)	S:3100	5a16
(A265018)	S:3100	5a17
(A275018)	S:3100	5a18
(A295018)	S:3100	5a19
(AJOSO18)	S:3100	5220

(A32	S018)	S:3100

(A33S018) S:3100

(A35S018) S:3100

5221

5a22

		5223
(BOOSO18)		50
(B095018)	S:3100	501
(B145018)	S:3100	502
(B155018)	S:3100	503
(B16S018)	S:3100	504
(B185018)	S:3100	505
(B195018)	S:3100	566
(B21S018)	5:3100	507
(B22S018)	S:3100	508
(B245018)	S:3100	569
(B25S018)	S:3100	5010
(8275018)	S:3100	5611
(B28S018)	S:3100	5012
(8305018)	S:3100	5013
(8325018)	S:3100	5014
(8335018)	S:3100	5015
(B315018)	S:3100	5016
(COOSO18)		5c
(C298018)	S:3100	5c1
(0305018)	S:3100	502
(0315018)	S:3100	5c3
(0325018)	5.3100	

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(B118038)	Steve L	evine at	Work	Station			6010
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6c2	S:3100	(COLSO38)	
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6c4	S:3100	(CO8SO38)	
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	(A02S018)	EGS, Kipers?, someone else.	7a2
	(A035048)	Dean Bergstrom and ?	7a3
	(A015048)	?	7a.4
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	(A065018)	group shot	7a6
	(A07SO18)	group shot with Doug	7a7
	(A085048)	Doug - at blackboard	7a8
	(A098048)	group shot	7a9
	(A105048)	Dave Hopper?, Elton Hag and Doug	7a10
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(A198119)	Display Equipment EVR, MEH	8al
(A205119)	Executive Hardware	8a2
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(B21S119)	Console use JCN		

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(0038119)	Yoga console, WSD	8c3
(CO45119)	3 consoles, WHP, JCN, WSD	8 c 4
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(0065119)	l console, JCN, WKE	866
(CO7S119)	l console, gHB	8c7
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(CO95119)	l console, GHB	809
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(EOLSI	.19) WSD,	MSC, MGC,	MET pre-meet:	ing informal	8e4
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(E0951	.19) WSD,	MSC, MGC,	MET pre-meet:	ing informal	8e9
(ElOSI	.19) WSD,	MSC, MGC,	MET pre-meet:	ing informal	8e10
(EllSl	19) 1:00	full group	p (12 people)	coffee break	8ell
(El2Sl	19) 1:00	full group	(12 people)	coffee break	8e12
(E1381	19) 1:00	full group	o (12 people)	coffee break	8e13
(Ellsl	19) 1:00	full group	(12 people)	coffee break	8e14
(E1581	19) 1:00	full group	o (12 people)	coffee break	8e15
(E1651	19) 1:00	sub-group	coffee break		8e16
(E1751	19) 1:00	sub-group	coffee break		8e17
(E1851	19) 1:00	sub-group	coffee preak		8e18
(E1951 E11-E15	19) 5:00)	full grou	coffee brea)	k (different from	8e19
(E2OS1	19) 5:00	full group	coffee break	ĸ	

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	8e20
(FOOS119)	8£
(FOIS119) 7:00 almost whole group meeting	8£1
(F02S119) 7:00 another goroup almost whole group meeting	8f2
(F035119) 7:00 almost whole group meeting (same as F2)	8£3
(FOLS119) 7:00 almost whole group meeting (same as F2)	8£4
(F05S119) 6:00 half group meeting	8£5
(F06S119) 6:00 half group meeting	8f6
(F07S119) 3:00 MSC and DCE	8£7
(FO8S119) 3:00 MSC and DCE; MSC/smiling, ARG peeking	8f8
(F09S119) 3:00 MSC and DCE; MSC only grinning, handwork from DCE	819
(FlOS119) 2:00 towards 11:00 7 people	8f10
(F11S119) 2:00 towards 9:00 several people	8£11
(F12S119) 2:00 towards 9:00 several people	8f12
(F135119) 2:00 towards 11:00	8£13
(F14S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 eight people	8£14
(F15S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 eight people	8f15
(F16S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 eight people	8£16
(F17S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 WSD, DAE, WKE center of six people	8f17
(F18S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 WSD, DAE, WKE center of six people;	8018
this is dest of the three	OITO
(F19S119) 5:00 towards 8:00 WSD, DAE, WKE center of six people	8f19

(F2OS119) 5:00 towards 8:00 WSD, DAE, WKE center of six people, including JAF

			8f20
	(GOOS119)		8 g
	(GO15119)	DCE pointing finger	8g1
	(GO25119)	DCE laughing	8g2
	(G035119)	WKE, WSD, JAF	8g3
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	(G06S119)	7:00	8g6
	(G075119)	7:00	8g7
	(G085119)	3:00 to 9:00	8 g 8
	(G098119)	3:00 to 9:00	8g9
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	(G11S119)	Group around console WKE, WSD, WHP talking	8g11
u ja	(G115119)	WKE, WSD, WHP around console talking	8g12
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	(G205119)	ARG demonstrating to friends, from back, view	

of screen

			8E51
(HOOS119)		8 n
	(HOIS119)	missing	8 h l
	(H025119)	Benford from back, at TTY with IMP with Board	8h2
	(H035119)	Benford from back, at TTY with IMP with Board	8h3
	(H045119)	MEH leaning over Benford's shoulder	8n4
	(H05S119)	MEH leaning over Benford's shoulder	8h5
	(H065119)	Benford at IMP teletype	8n6
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	(H095119)	MEH adjusting camera, with CRT	8h9
	(HIOSI19)	MEH adjusting camera	8n10
	(H115119)	MEH adjusting camera	8h11
	(H12S119)	MEH adjusting camera (good shot)	8h12
	(H135119)	MEH adjusting camera	8h13
	(H1)(S110)	MEH adjusting camera, smiling	

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(IOIS119) blur	811
(IO2S119) JDH on floor in office talking with JMY	812
(IO3S119) JDH on floor in office talking with JMY	813
(IOhS119) JDH on floor in office talking with JMY	814
(1055119) JDH on floor in office talking with JMY	815
(IO6S119) DGC in office, view of Janis J. and other posters	816
(I07S119) DGC in office, view of posters	8i7
(1088119) DGC in office, view of posters	818
(I09S119) unknown technician in shop soddering	819
(IlOS119) unknown technician in shop soddering	8i10
(IllSll9) Engineering lab: Vern, Jake; MEH adjusting TTY	8111
(Il2Sll9) MEH adjusting TTY, Vern in back	8112
(Il3Sll9) Vern with hand in tube; parts, tubes in background	8i13
(Il4S119) Ed pushing Eidophor	8114
(I15S119) Ed pulling Eidophor	8i15
(Il6S119) Machine room: long shot of cameras on tubes; Jake in background	8116
(I175119) Machine room, long shot of cameras on tubes, Jake in background	8i17
(I18S119) Machine room: long shot of cameras on tubes; Jake in background	8118
(I198119) Jake and test monitor; adjusting equipment	8119

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(I205119) Jake and test monitor; (?) checking voltage levels

(I21S119) Jake and test monitor; cameras, etc. in background

8120

		8121
(JOOS119)		вj
(J015119)	none	8 j1
(J025119)	WSD at TTY; side view; Todas?	8j2
(J038119)	WSD at TTY; side view; in computer room	8 j 3
(JOLS119) background	WSD at TTY; side view with tape drives in	8 j µ
(J058119)	WSD at TTY; tape drives in background	8 j 5
(J065119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8j6
(J075119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8 j7
(J085119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8] 8
(J098119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8 j 9
(J105119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8 j10
(J118119)	MEH in dark, oscilloscopes, etc.	8 j11
(J128119)	Dean looking at IMP board with wires	8 j12
(J135119)	Dean testing IMP board with wires (?)	8j13
(J145119)	Dean testing IMP board with wires (?)	8j14
(J155119)	GHB on console using mouse (shot from behind)	8j15
(J16S119)	GHB on console using mouse (shot from behind)	8 j16
(J178119)	DAE with hand on keyset	8 j 17
(J188119)	DAE with hand on keyset	8j18
(J198119) showing	DAE at console with mouse, screen, keyset	8j19
(J208119)	RAC at console with ARG leaning over to help	

					8 1 2 0
(KOOS119)					8 K
(KOISII9) mouse, keys	JCN at Her set	man Miller	console;	shows shel	ves, 8kl
(KO2S119) chair	JCN at Her	man Miller	Console,	side view	shows 8k2
(KO3S119) shows keyse	JCN at Her et, mouse, k	man Miller eyboard	console;	view from	above 8k3
(KOLSI19) shows keyse	JCN at Her et, mouse, k	man Miller eyboard	console,	view from	above 8k4
(K058119)	Bruce and	CHI at cons	sole		8 K 5
(KO6S119)	Bruce and	CHI at cons	sole		8k6
(K07S119)	Bruce and	CHI at cons	sole		8k7
(KO8S119) Work area W	Long shot with cluster	(facing sou s of people	ith toward e	is cave) of	main 8k8
(K09Sl19) of people	Long desk	top shot of	f main wor	kspace; cl	usters 8k9
(K105119) people	Long shot	of main wor	kspace;	clusters o	f 8kl0
(KllSll9) people	Long shot	of main wor	kspace;	clusters o	f 8kll
(K12S119) people	Long shot	of main wor	kspace;	clusters o	f 8k15
(K13S119) people	Long shot	of main wor	kspace;	clusters o	f 8×13
(K148119) people	Long shot	of main wor	kspace;	clusters o	f 8kl4
(K15S119) background	Bruce and	CHI looking	, at paper	s; console	in 8×15

.

(K16S119) behind, cons	Bruce and sole in ba	i CHI lookin .ckground	g at papers;	shot from	8K16
(K17S119) mouse, keyse	Bruce and	i Chuck from	side; shows	console,	8k17
(K18S119) mouse, keyse	Bruce and	Chuck from	side; shows	console,	8k18
(K19S119) mouse, keyse	Bruce and t	i Chuck from	side; shows	console,	8k19
(K2OS119) Keyset	Bruce and	CHI from s:	ide; shows co	onsole, mouse,	8k20

(last six slides show pencils!)
		8k21
(LOOS119) mi	scellaneous by cameraman	81
(LOISI19)	hand on keyboard	811
(L055119)	mouse	812
(L065119)	hand on mouse	813
(1075119)	hand on mouse	814
(L098119)	MGC closeup	815
(L125119)	CHI closeup	816
(L13S119) showing	IMP panel with "Interface Message Processor"	817
(1155119)	TTY printout	818
(L19S119)	TTY printout	

	819
(MOOS119) WHP MI-MIL and MSC M12-M21	8 m
(MOISI19) blur	8 m 1.
(M025119) S: TREE-META to create and transform parse tree: frame 1	8m2
(M03S119) S: TREE-META to create and transform parse tree: frame 2	8m3
(MOLSI19) S: input feedback SPL	8 m 4
(M05Sll9) S: Content Analysis and string constuction: SPL	8m5
(MO6S119) S: example of MOL	8m6
(M07S119) S: overlay map	8m7
(MO8S119) S: sequence showing keyword search using SYSGD: frame 1	8 m 8
(M095119) S: sequence showing keyword search using SYSGD: frame 2	8m9
(MlOS119) S: sequence showing keyword search using SYSGD: frame 3	8m10
(M11S119) S: sequence showing keyword search using SYSGD: frame h	8m11
(Ml2Sll9) S: kinds of items we'd like to coordinate in NIC	8m12
(M13S119) S: interconnections of kinds of items we'd like to coordinate in NIC	8m13
(M1LS119) S: first level of a NIC citation list snowing names of documents and titles	8mlµ
(M15S119) S: first citation item expanded to all showing title and link to abstract, author, date, source	8m15
(M16S119) S: abstract jumped to from M15	8m16

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copy

(M17S119) S: result of keyword select shows re-ordering	
of basic citation list: keywords used are SRI and UTAH	8m17
(M18S119) S: same list with smorgasboard statement frozen at top	8m18
(M19S119) S: same thing but better ("?" under feedback line)	8m19
(M2OS119) S: execute Content Analyzer pattern "compiler" from smorgasboard statement	8m20
(M21S119) S: result of CONAN pattern applied to keyword selected list; this frame is cut off and Nl is a better	

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	8m21
(NOOS119) MSC NI-N6 and DAE N7-N20	8 n
(NOIS119) S: result of CONAN pattern applied to keyword selected list	8nl
(NO2S119) S: Illustrates how you can take clues from retrieved list to help you search again: copied word "language" from list in Nl into pattern frozen at top	8n2
(NO3S119) S: Execute CONAN on ["compiler"/OR["language"]; in frozen statement	8n3
(NOLS119) S: result of new CONAN patteern on keyword selected list	8n4
(N05S119) S: abstract of first citation retrieved in NL	8n5
(NO6S119) S: result of jump return	8n6
(N07S119) S: Sequence showing Hierarchal inter-file structure: frame 1	8n7
(NO8S119) S: Sequence showing Hierarchal inter-file structure: frame 2	8n8
(N09S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file structure: frame 3	8n9
(NIOS119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file structure: frame 4	8n10
(N11S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file structure: frame 5	8nll
(N12S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file structure: frame 6	8n12
(N13S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file structure: frame 7	8n13
(N14S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file structure: frame 8	8n14
(N15S119) S: Sequence showing hierarchal inter-file structure: frame 9	8n15

(N16S119) (feedback	S: is o	Example nly varia	of link tion):	Sequence frame l		8n16
(N175119)	s:	Example	of link	Sequence:	frame 2	8n17
(N185119)	s:	Top leve	l outlir	ne "Scene 1	Scene 5"	8n18
(N195119)	s:	Example	of link	Sequence:	frame 3	8n19
(N205119)	s:	Example	of link	Sequence:	frame 4	

	8n20
(OOOS119) DAE	80
(OCIS119) blur	801
(002S119) blur	802
(0035119) blur	803
(00h5119) S: ?	804
(0055119) S: ?	805
(0065119) S: ?	806
(0075119) S: ?	807
(008S119) S: Jump to Item (Select: first Command Accept)	608
(009S119) S: Jump to Item (Select: second command accept)	809
(0105119) S: Result of 09 with statement numbers on	8010
(0115119) S: Result of 09 with statement numbers off	8011
(012S119) S: down a level with statement numbers off	8012
(0138119) S: down another level with statement numbers on	8013
(OlLS119) S: tail of same, up a level	8014
(0155119) S: Select, down a level (viewspecs all and G)	8015
(O16S119) S: Result of O15 selection	8016
(017S119) S: Delete word sequence: frame 1	8017
(0185119) S: Delete word sequence: frame 2	8018
(0195119) S: Delete word sequence: frame 3	8019
(020S119) S: tree structure of file	8020

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(0215119)	S:	move	branch	sequence:	frame	1	8021
(0225119)	S:	move	branch	sequence:	frame	2	

	8022
(POOS119) DAE PI-P5 and WSD P6-P20	8p
(POISI19) S:	8p1
(P025119) S:	8p2
(PO3S119) S:	803
(PO4S119) S:	8p4
(P05S119) S:	8p5
Description of WSD sequence: application of DDT as an on-line debugging tool.	8p6
Note: Some of the pictures in this sequence are cut off at the bottom, which is where what was happenning was happenning.	8p6a
consequently, many of the pictures show the same thing, and some steps are not shown.	8p6a]
A version of NLS is loaded with DDT, and a flag designating it as experimental is set.	8060
(PO6S119) S: NLS and DDT being loaded for debugging.	8p6b1
(P07S119) S: NLS and DDT being loaded for debugging.	8p6b2
(PO8S119) S: Examining the value of the variable exp, which is 1 if the system is experimental	8p6b3
(P095119) S: Setting the contents of the variable exp to 1	89604
NLS is started under the control of DDT, and an attempt is made to use the keyword facility, which causes NLS to crash.	8p6c
(PlOS119) S: Starting up NLS in DDT at location 14000	8p6c1
(Plislig) S: Typing in initials and name to NLS	8p6c2

e

	(P12S119) S: In NLS, about to load the checkpoint file which is a test file for keyword	806c3
	(0138119) S: NLS with the test file loaded	8p6c4
	(Dission) S. Book in DDM after crach with attempt	
	to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is	
	in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after	
	crash	8p6c5 ~
Δi	fter the crash, we are back in DDT, and some	
X	ploration is made to see what went wrong	8p6a
	(P15S119) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt	
	to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is	
	in the echo register). NLS is felt on screen after	80601
		00004
	(P16S119) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt	
	to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is	
	in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after	8-6-0
	crash	opeaz
	(P17s119) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt	
	to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is	
	in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after	
	crash. This is the best one because it shows the	
	print=out indicating the cause of the crash (memory	85643
	error ou source at reaction months + ru	00005
	(P18S119) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt	
	to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is	
	in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after	0-6-11
	crasn.	opeau
	(P198119) S: Back in DDT after crash with attempt	
	to use keyword (notice that k has been typed and is	
	in the echo register). NLS is left on screen after	
	crash.	8p6a5
	(P205119) S: Following the indirect store to the	
	final location, which is in the page where keyword	
	should be	

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	8p6d6
(QOOS119) WSD Q1-Q16 and CHI Q17-Q21	8q
Description of WSD sequence: application of DDT as an on-line debugging tool (continued)	8q1
After the crash. we are back in DDT, and some	
exploration is made to see what went wrong	8qla
(QOISI19) S: Looking at contents of resultant	
location of illegal store, and cell following.	8qlal
(Q02S119) S: Looking at contents of resultant	
location of illegal store, and cell following.	8q122
(Q03S119) S: Looking at NLS relabelling at time of	
crach	8q1a3
(QOLS119) S: Looking at NLS relabelling at time of	
crach	8qla4
(Q055119) S: Looking at NLS relabelling at time of	
crach	8q1a5
We examine the crash, and find that the keyword overlay is marked as non-present.	8qlb
(0065119) S: Looking at overlay table entry for	
keyword overlay, and finding it marked non-present	
(65,4 is non-present, 65 would be present)	8q1b1
We find that there is another overlay with the same	
number in its place, which means that there was an error	0
in initialization.	agic
(Q075119) S: The execution of the search produces	
two entries with 65, the one other than keyword	
in initialisation.	8qlcl
(0085119) S: The execution of the search produces	
two entries with 65, the one other than keyword	
(vector edit 2) is present. This indicates an error	
in initialisation.	8q1c2

We reset, and reload DDT and NLS, searching the

overlay.	8qld
(Q09S119) S: Leave DDT and reset.	8q1d1
(QlOSI19) S: Re-entering DDT/NLS and searching for references to keyword overlay table entry, finding two.	8q1d2
(Q11S119) S: Re-entering DDT/NLS and searching for references to keyword overlay table entry, finding two.	8q1d3
We find that it has been released at initialization to make room in the PMT for other overlays.	8qle
(Q12S119) S: Finding that the second reference releases the overlay (brs 171).	8qlel
This is fine for debugging, but not for a non-experimental system, so we put in a patch which causes it to not be releaed if the system is not experimental.	ðqlf
(Q13S119) S: Using patch command in DDT to skip the brs 171 f the system is not experimental.	8q1f1
Finally, we test the experimental version, and find that it is ok.	8q1g
(Q145119) S: Re-entering NLS after insertig patch to try it	8qlgl
(Q15S119) S: NLS with test file loaded	8qlg2
(Q165119) S: Successfully using keyword command.	8q1g3
(Q17S119) S: Schematic: Compilation of NLS System and Compilers: frame 2	8q2
(Q18S119) S: Schematic: Compilation of NLS System and Compilers: frame 3	8q3
(Q19S119) S: Schematic: Compilation of NLS System and Compilers: frame 4	8q4
(Q20)S119 S: no good	805

(Q21S119) S: Schematic: Compilation of NLS System and Compilers: frame 1

				896
(ROOS119) JCN				8r
(0010110) 0.			2	8 - 2
(ROISITA) S:	ASIS preser	tation outline,	, level I	ori
(RO2S119) S: branch	ASIS presen	tation outline,	, financial data	8r2
(RO35119) S: running)	Jump to cal	culator (pictur	re of little man	8r3
(ROLS119) S:	Using calcu	lator (feedbac)	(cut off)	8r4
(R05S119) S:	Using calcu	lator to add		8r5
(R065119) S:	Using calcu	lator, shows in	nsertion of data	8r6
(R075119) S:	Using calcu	lator: select:	ing function	8r7
(RO8S119) S: (feedback cut	Using calcu off)	lator: select:	ing function	8r8
(R095119) S:	Using calcu	lator: Using fu	inction	8r9
(RIOSI19) S: cut off)	Using calcu	lator: Using fu	inction (feedback	8 r 10
(RIISII9) S:	Using calcu	lator: Insert :	function result	8 r 11
(R12S119) S: file)	Outline: f	inancial data	(link to FUNDS	8r12
(R135119) S:	FUNDS file	(top level) go	bod	8r13
(R145119) S: sequence is pa branch	Personnel s rticularly go	equence: frame od): ASIS out]	e l (JCN says this Line, personnel	8r14
(R155119) S: (personnel sum	Personnel s mary)	equence: frame	2; Funds	8r15
(R16S119) S: Patterns	Personnel s	equence: frame	3; Personnel	8r16
(R17S119) S: list that mate	Personnel s	equence: frame	4; Personnel	8r17

+

(R185119)	s:	ASIS outline (Status: other activities)	8r18
(R195119)	s:	Support System Status Report	8r19
(R205119)	s:	Status: other activities (like R18)	8r20
(R2OS119) R13 and show	S:	Time Sold Chart (related most closely to follow it in sequence)	

8r21

(SOOS119) Slides from JCN party 11/7/69

85

':5224', 11/12/70 0926:07 MEJ ; .DPR=1; :JRNL|", 11/12/70 0916:25 MGC ; 11/14/69 1706:32 MGC (,4:xbbn); .DPR=0;

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Letter, DCE to Prof. William S. Elliott, Imperial College

Professor William S. Elliott Professor of Computing Centre for Computing and Automation Imperial College of Science and Technology School of Mines Building Prince Consort Road London SW 7 England

Dear Bill:

I have sent off (by air) a copy of our film and I am enclosing here a few slides that I think might add a bit to the material contained in the movie -- although the movie covers so many facets of our activity that there really aren't very many things that a slide can add without requiring a good bit of descriptive material with it. For the latter purpose, I would like you to be specific about requests for photographs or slides with respect to the subject you would like to have portrayed (after you have seen the movie). You can refer to items as "seen in the movie", or as "referencing one of our reports" to designate the topic of some slide=photograh, and we will see if we have something of the sort in stock.

With respect to the enclosed slides -- if you would like to have permanent copies, would you please have them made from these and return to us the originals? (I don't put a particularly high probability on these slides having very much value to you.)

Regarding the movie -- if you want to keep it for more than a month, please let us know. Also, we have had a bit of trouble in the past with the manner in which the films were returned to us, so I would appreciate it very much if you would observe the comments and suggestions on the enclosed memo (by Mil Jernigan).

Let me know if I can help you obtain any publications (see enclosed list) that you don't have. We are trying (in amongst our PDP-10 implementation struggles) to pproduce a technical report dealing with our special-purpose compilers and languages. If we are successful, we will be sure to send you a copy. Otherwise, it will probably be next April before our next regular progress report is available.

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Letter, DCE to Frof. William S. Elliott, Imperial College

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Regarding the general topic of transferring some of our compilers and processors into your computer system -- I would recommend that if we do proceed with such activity, you consider something like the following sequence:

1) Implement our TREE META compiler-compiler. We can give you listings and help in implementing its subroutine library, etc., in one of your computers.

If you implement TREE META and decide to progress no further in transferring programs and techniques from our lab, I would guess that you would get very valuable return on the relatively modest manpower investment (e.g., 3 man months): it will not only be a tool very useful for computer-science instruction and experimentation, but it could provide you with a very powerful means for developing utility languages for your own research work. Further, you will have thus made a rather large step towards transferring much of our work.

2) Bootstrap our "system-programming language" into your machine. We have up-graded the language from MOL (mentioned in the reports you have) to what we are now calling LlO, into which we are now converting our system for the PDP-10.

L10 is much less machine dependent than MOL, and is slanted particularly towards supporting the development of systems. For instance, it should be a perfectly adequate base for going into interactive graphics operations, handling the interaction, the display construction, etc. I would assume that you would want to adapt it to link with (assumedly FORTPAN) the programs you are using for the "heavy-weight" computations associated with your research.

(NOTE: The L10 compiler is described in the TREE META language, and compiles by the TREE META-compiler, so its implementation should be quite easy.)

We are building into L10 useful "interactive-calculator" features (such as JOSS and BASIC), but I imagine that if you get into three-dimensional-surface processes you will want to stick with the computational languages that you have been using.

We plan for a continuing evolution of LlO -- a year from now perhaps we'll have a practical and powerful incremental compilation mode (to support interactive check-out and 781

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Letter, DOE to Prof. William S. Elliott, Imperial College

debugging), plus a number of other useful and powerful features. This evolution should be such that once you have one of our working versions (plus TREE META, of course), you would find it quite easy to track with us. There may be slight syntactic changes, for a given upward step, requiring some modification of existing-program source code, but we would of course try to minimize such.

I would assume that, during Stage 1 above, you would have ample opportunity to examine the implementation cost, the potential value for your uses, etc., and by the end of Stage 1 be able to decide whether or not to implement Stage 2. Again, your having Stage 2 would provide a good deal of potential value in your experimental environment, whether or not you proceed with the later stages.

3) The next step would be to implemeent our SPL's (Special Purpose Languages). Each of these is specifically designed for programming a particular level or module of our system.

For instance, what we call the CML (Control META Language) was designed to write the interaction-dialogue parts of the on-line system -- the interactive interchanges between user and system leading up to the final "call for execution" for some data-changing and/or view-modification. Another SPL was especially written for the string-manipulation processes associated with some of these data operations. Another supported the file-structure manipulatons, etc.

In the past, these SPLs have been syntactically independent, and were treated as dialects of one "SPL compiler," which had a syntactic convention for switching from dialect to dialect (right within one statement, for instance). We are improving things in our next step, integrating all of these special SPL's under the one "continuous" L10 language. The SPL's will be syntactically consistent extensions of L10 == no more dialect-switching required. I this case, your acquiring our SPL features will really mean extending L10 in these directions.

Again, you would not have to proceed beyond this step, with implementing our specific on-line systems, in order to derive value from this stage of implementation. The SPL's could be very useful to you in developing your own interactive CRT systems -- by this time you would find it easy to extend or modify these languages to suit particular system-building applications. 704

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Letter, DCE to Prof. William S. Elliott, Imperial College

4) As a final, optional stage, we talk about taking across our whole interactive system (NLS/TODAS) -- or, do it in upward-compatible pieces, or modify to your taste (you could do special things with relative ease, because the organization, structure, and processes will all be programmed in extended LlO),

In trasferring NLS, there will be machine-system things to worry about, having to do with your file-management and operating systems. This will be probably the main source of transfer labor. The interfaces to your particular terminal hardware will require special attention, of course, but we will plan by that time to have a specially partitioned terminal-interface (software) module, which should make this interfacing quite straightforward.

As for prior stages, there could be considerable advantage obtained by implementing to this point, even if you don't intend to make NLS/TODAS generally available, outside of a small group, for experimentation and utilization. What I am getting at here is that the value, for your own system-programming and system-developmeent activities, would be very high.

The operations that our on-line systems provide -- for composing, modifying, studying, and debugging source-code files (for either LIO programs, or programs written in the TREE-META compiler-writing language) -provide a significant gain in programmer effectiveness;

Furthermore, the ability to link documentation, specifications, etc., into source-code files is extremely helpful;

The application of other features in our system -scanning, cataloging, querying, project-managemnt, print-out formatting, analysis, etc. -- have a very considerable value in themselves for the general work of a system-development project.

If you implemented as much of our "whole" system as was useful to your system development work, I am sure that you would find the framework of languages and programs a very good base from which to develop towards any special system you wished to explore.

I will await your further requests, suggestions, comments, etc.

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7d2

7d2a

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7d2c

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Letter, DCE to Prof. William S. Elliott, Imperial College

Again, I might add that I would be much pleased with any sort of collaboration that would ensue between us.

My very best regards to you!

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':5225', 00/00/00 1020:17 MEJ ; .DPR=1; :JRNLA, 11/18/70 1003:54 DCE ; .DPR=1; .DSN=1; .RTJ=0; .DPR=0; .DPR=0;

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23NOV70 KEV 5226

PROPOSED NEW PROCEDURES FOR KDF DUMPS

Until Cybernex is finished with our drum and disk, we will continue operating as we have been for the past week, i.e., dumping the XFILES each night.

When Cybernex is done the following alternative to the once a week full KDF dump is proposed. I would appreciate any comments. 2

Each morning, from 8:30-9:00, a dump of the XFILES will be made.

Every two weeks, a full KDF dump will be made

After the full KDF dump, the KDF spaces for the XFILES will be INITIALIZED.

Implications of this new preedure are:

There will be a daily tape of any new work, and people should therefore never have to back-up more than one day if anything diasterous happens

Prior to the full KDF dump, people will have to copy their work from the XFILES to their own KDF area if they wish to be able to continue work on their files

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:5226, ||/23/70 |053:|| JCN ; .DPR=|; ':NEWSAVEPRO', ||/23/70 |028:57 KEV ; .DPR=0;

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18NOV70 WLB 5227

ANALYSER-FORMATTER PROGRAMS FOR INITIAL CONVERSION OF CATALOG ENTRIES TO NEW FORMAT

PROGRAM	1
(walt1) PROCEDURE; % Control Procedure % :0 > +P1 :	la
+ <fixblanks></fixblanks>	lal
% Replace tabs and cr-s with blanks %	lala
+ <offblanks></offblanks>	122
% Delete excess blanks %	1a2a
:C SE(P1) < ['*] TP2 : IF NOT flag	1a.3
THEN	1a3a
RETURN	1a3a1
ELSE	1a3b
:C " dlo " †P9 > : IF flag	1a3b1
THEN	la3bla
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) P9, " Waltl *" :	la3blal
% Tag entry as having been processed by "Waltl" %	lagblala
ELSE	1a3b1b
:0 > ;	la3blbl
ST Pl	1a3b1b2
RETURN ENDF ENDF	1a3b1b3
+ <gettitle> % Check general format, and fix title % IF NC flag</gettitle>	DT la4
THEN	1a4a
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) SE(Pl), "TITLE* *" :	lahal
flag + l;	12422
RETURN ENDF	la4a3

15 11

1a5
la5a
laó
la7

+ 4

(fixblanks) PROCEDURE; % Replace tabs and cr-s with blanks %	10
:C SF(Pl) /TAB/CR/ ↑P2 ↑Pl +Pl +Pl: IF flag	161
THEN	lbla
:C ST Pl + SF(Pl) Pl, " ", P2 SE(P2) :	lblal
GOTO fixblanks ENDF	1bla2
RETURN END. %%	162

(offblanks) FROCEDURE; % Delete excess blanks %	lc
:C SF(Pl) [SP SP] ↑Pl +Pl +Pl +Pl : IF NOT flag	lcl
THEN	lcla
flag + 1 ;	lclal
RETURN	lcla2
ELSE	lclb
:C (PT) +P2 +P2 : IF flag	lclbl
THEN	lclbla
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) Pl, " ", P2 SE(P2) :	lclblal
GOTO offblanks	lclbla2
ELSE	lclblb
:C SE(Pl) < [FT] +P2 +F2 > : IF flag	lclblbl
THEN :C ST P1 + SF(P1) P2:	lclblbla
ELSE :C ST Pl ← "" : flag ← l ENDF ENDF	ENDF lclblblb lclblc

RETURN END. %%

 $\approx q_{-}$

1c2

(gettitle) PROCEDURE; % Check general format, and delimit title %	la
<pre>:C SF(P1) ['(] &D ') ['"] [PT] ↑P2 +P2 ([','" / '"', / ',' '" / '"] / [',]) [PT] ↑P4 +P4 < ['"', / ','" / '"' ', / '" / ',] [PT] ↑P3 +P3 P2 ['"] [PT] ↑P1 +P1 :</pre>	ldl
IF NOT flag	102
THEN	1d2a
RETURN	ld2al
ELSE	1d2b
:C Pl '? (PT) +Pl +Pl : IF flag	14201
THEN	ld2bla
:C Pl ', TPl :	ld2blal
:C SE(P1) [" 3z* "] > [" *z3"] +P9 :	ld2bla2
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) Pl, " *cl ", P2 P3, " *@ ", P4 P9, "?TITLE?", P9 SE(P9) :	ld2bla3
ELSE	1d2b1b
:C Pl ', †Pl ; > :	ld2blbl
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) Pl, " *Cl ", P2 P3, " *@ ", P4 SE(P4) : ENDF ENDF	1420102
flag + 1;	103
RETURN END. %%	104

(

getauthors) FROCEDURE; % Delimit authors in author field %	le
+ <cleanalist></cleanalist>	lel
:C SF(Pl) [')] ↑Pl ←Pl [PT] ↑P2 ←P2 :	le2
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) Pl, " *al ", P2 SE(P2) ;	1e3
+ <delauthor> IF NOT flag</delauthor>	leų
THEN RETURN	leµa
ELSE : C ST P1 + SF(P1) P1, " *a2 ", P2 SE(P2) :	leµb
+ <delauthor> IF NOT flag</delauthor>	lehc
THEN RETURN	leicl
ELSE :C ST Pl + SF(Pl) Pl, " *a3 ", P2 SE(P2) :	lehc2
+ <delauthor> IF NOT flag</delauthor>	le1c3
THEN RETURN	1е4с3а
ELSE : C ST Pl + SF(Pl) Pl, " *44 ", P2 SE(P2) :	le4c3b
+ <delauthor> IF NOT flag</delauthor>	le4c3c
THEN RETURN	le4c3cl
ELSE :C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) Pl, " *a5 ", P2 SE(P2) ENDF ENDF ENDF ENDF	: le4c3c2 le4c3c2a
RETURN END. %%	le5

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cleanalist) PROCEDURE; % Fix up list of authors %	11
:C SF(P1) [')]	lfl
:C BETWEEN PL P2 ([", and "] \uparrow P4 < [',] \uparrow P3 >) : IF flag	lf2
THEN	lf2a
NULL	lf2al
ELSE	lf2b
:C BETWEEN P1 P2 ([" and "] \uparrow P4 < [" dna "] \uparrow P3 >) : IF NOT flag	1f2b1
THEN	lf2bla
flag « 1; RETURN ENDF ENDF 1	f2blal
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) P3, ", ", P4 SE(P4) :	lf3
+ <cleanalist></cleanalist>	1£4
RETURN END. %%	1f5

(delauthor) PROCEDURE; author %	% Set up	pointers to delimit	one
:C SF(Pl) [',] [P1]	↑P2 ←P2 <	(', j [PT] APL +PL >	["*cl"] : lgl
RETURN END.			lg2
FINISH %%			ln

18NOV70 WLB 5227 ANALYSER-FORMATTER PROGRAMS FOR INITIAL CONVERSION

OF CATALOG ENTRIES TO NEW FORMAT

PROGRAM	2
(walt2) FROCEDURE; % Control Procedure % :C > +Pl :	2a
% Tag entry as having been processed by "Walt2" %	2a1
:C SE(P1) < ('*) TP3 : IF NOT flag	2a1a
THEN	2alal
flag + l;	2alala
RETURN	2alalb
ELSE	2a1a2
:C " ltlaw " †P2 : IF flag	2 a la2a
THEN	2a1a2a1
:C > ; ST Pl + SF(Pl) P2, " Walt2 *" :	2a1a2a1a
ELSE	2a1a2a2
flag + 1;	2a1a2a2a
RETURN ENDF ENDF	2a1a2a2b
% Delimit date of publication %	222
:C < SE(P1) ["2Z* "] ↑P8 [".)"] ↑P6 ↑P7 ←P7 ←P7 ←P7 [='*] ['(] ↑P5 ←P5 ←P5 [PT] ↑P4 ←P4 : IF NOT flag	2a2a
THEN	2a2a1
:C SE(P1) ['*] ↑P3 > ; '* ;	2a2a1a
ST Pl + SF(Pl) P3, "*DATE* *" :	2a2a1b
<pre>flag + l;</pre>	2a2alc
RETURN	2a2ald
ELSE	2a2a2
:C Ph ', TP4 :	2a2a2a

18NOV70 WLB 5227

ANALYSER-FORMATTER PROGRAMS FOR INITIAL CONVERSION OF CATALOG ENTRIES TO NEW FORMAT

:C > BETWEEN P7 P8 ([PT]) : IF flag 22222b
THEN 2a2a2b1
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) P4, " *dl ", P5 P6, " *?", P7 SE(P8) : 2a2a2bla
ELSE 2a2a2b2
:C ST P1 + SF(P1) P4, " *d1 ", P5 P6, P7 SE(P8) : 2a2a2b2a
flag + 1; ENDF ENDF 22222020
% Delimit journal name, volume, number, and pages, if any. If all are found, add fl and f2 fields. % 2a3
+ <v> IF NOT flag 2a3a</v>
THEN 2a3al
+ <try> 2a3ala</try>
ELSE 2a3a2
+ <n> 223222</n>
+ ENDF 2a3a2b
flag + 1; 2a4
RETURN END. %% 225

(V) PROCEDURE; % Delimit journal name and volume. %	20
+ <dl> IF NOT flag THEN RETURN ENDF</dl>	201
:C f SP ('V / 'V / "/V" / "/V") 'O ("l." / "ls." / "ls" / 'l)	202
↑P4 ←P4 ((SP PT) / D)] ↑P5 +P5 + <d2> :</d2>	202a
IF NOT flag THEN RETURN ENDF	2020
:C < Ph [SP] ↑Ph ', ↑Ph ; > : + <fix></fix>	263
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) Pl, "*c2 ", P3 P4, " #2 Vol. ", P5 P6, Pl P2, P7 SE(P7) :	264
flag + l;	205
RETURN END.	206
(n) PROCEDURE; % Delimit journal number. %	20
+ <dl> IF NOT flag THEN RETURN ENDF</dl>	2cl
:C ('N / 'n / "/N" / "/N") ("o." / "os." / "os" / 'o) ((SP PT) / D) ↑P3 +P3 + <a2> :</a2>	2c2
IF NOT flag THEN RETURN ENDF + <fix></fix>	203
:C ST Pl ← SF(Pl) Pl, "#3 No. ", P3 P6, Pl P2, P7 SE(P7) :	2c4
RETURN END.	2c5
(p) PROCEDURE; % Delimit journal pages. %	24
+ <al> IF NOT flag THEN RETURN ENDF</al>	201
+ <dp> IF NOT flag THEN RETURN ENDF</dp>	202
+ <d2> IF NOT flag THEN RETURN ENDF</d2>	243
+ <fix> :C ST Pl + SF(Pl) Pl, "#6 ", P3 P6, Pl P2, P7 SE(P7) :</fix>	241
+ <ad></ad>	205
RETURN END. %%	206

(try) PRO	OCEI	DURE;	%	Gheck	for	jname	and	maybe	pages	only.	%	2e
+	<dl></dl>	IF	NOT	flag	THEN	RETU	RN ENI	DF					2e1
+	<d2></d2>	IF	NOT	flag	THEN	RETU	RN ENI	DF					2e2
:	C P9	!*	: IF	fla	g								2e3
	THE	ΞN											2e3a
		:0	ST P	• I •	SF(Pl)	Pl,	"#c2	", F	3 P6,	۰ ",	P9 SE	(P9)	2e3a1
	ELS	BE											2e3b
		: C	P7 +	<ap></ap>	: IF	NOT	flag (THEN	RETURN	I ENDF			20301
		:C	['*/	',]	< CH ·	19 1	* (PT.	1 1P8	←P8 ;	> :			2e3b2
		IF	NOT	flag	THEN	RETU	RN EN	DF					2e3b3
		:C ",	ST P P9 S	Pl ← SE(PS	SF(P1)) : E)	Pl, NDF	"#c2	", F	93 P6,	" #6	", P7	P8, "	2e3b4
+	<add)< td=""><td>></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2e4</td></add)<>	>											2e4
R	ETUR	EI	D. 3	5%									2e5
18NOV70 WLB 5227 ANALYSER-FORMATTER PROGRAMS FOR INITIAL CONVERSION OF CATALOG ENTRIES TO NEW FORMAT

(dl) PROCEDURE; % Delimit some stuff. %	6 2f
:C SF(Pl) [" *@ "] ↑P3 ↑P2 +P2 < [" @	8*"/ †Pl > P3 : 2fl
RETURN END.	212
(d2) PROCEDURE; % Delimit some stuff. %	6 2g
:C [',/'*] ↑P9 ←P9 [PT] ↑P7 ←P7 < CH :	[',/'*] [PT] ↑P6 +P6 > 2g1
RETURN END.	2 g 2
(add) PROCEDURE; % If all fields conver fields. %	rted, add fl, f2 2h
:C ["*dl"] ['*] ↑Pl +Pl +Pl ↑P2 :	2n1
:C ST P1 + SF(P1) P1, "*f1 a *f2 o *'	, P2 SE(P2) : 2h2
RETURN END.	2h3
(dp) PROCEDURE; % Delimit some stuff. 9	21
:C ('p / 'P / "/p" / "/P") ("p. "	/ "p " / ". " / SP) : 211
RETURN END.	212
(fix) PROCEDURE; % Select string " *@ '	'or " *". % 2j
:C P9 '* : IF flag THEN :C +P2 +P2 :	ENDF 2j1
RETURN END.	2 j2
FINISH % %	2 k

18NOV70 WLB 5227 ANALYSER-FORMATTER PROGRAMS FOR INITIAL CONVERSION OF CATALOG ENTRIES TO NEW FORMAT

PROGRAM %%% NOT COMPLETED %%%	3
(walt3) PROCEDURE; % Control Procedure % :C > TP1 :	За
% Tag entry as having been processed by "Walt2" %	3a1
:C SE(P1) < ['*] TP3 " 2tlaw " TP2 : IF flag	3ala
THEN	3alal
:C > ; ST P1 + SF(P1) P2, " Walt2 *" :	3alala
ELSE	3a1a2
:C > ; ST Pl ← SF(Pl) P3, "Walt2 *FORMAT* *" :	3a1a2a
RETURN ENDF	3a1a2b
% Break up *@ field at each comma. %	3a2
+ <break></break>	3a2a
flag + l;	3a3
RETURN END. %%	3a4

18NOV70 WLB 5227 ANALYSER-FORMATTER PROGRAMS FOR INITIAL CONVERSION OF CATALOG ENTRIES TO NEW FORMAT

(break) PROCEDURE; % Break up *@ field at each comma. %	30
+ <al> if NOT flag THEN RETURN ENDF</al>	301
+ <a2></a2>	362
RETURN END.	363
(dl) PROCEDURE; % Delimit some stuff. %	3c
:C SF(Pl) [" *@ "] ↑P3 ↑P2 +P2 < [" @*"] ↑P1 > P3 :	301
RETURN END.	3c2
(d2) PROCEDURE; % Delimit some stuff. %	3d
:C [',/'*] TP9 +P9 [PT] TP7 +P7 < CH [',/'*] [PT] TP6 +P6 > :	301
RETURN END.	345
FINISH % That's all there is. There is no more. %	3e

':5227', 11/23/70 1135:20 JCN ; .DPR=1; :WALT1-3, 11/18/70 1120:13 WLB ; Distribute to NIC file: WLB DCE JBN JCN CXP

1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 HED=" 18NOV70 WLB 5227 ANALYSER-FORMATTER PROGRAMS FOR INITIAL CONVERSION OF CATALOG ENTRIES TO NEW FORMAT":

.SNF=72; .MCH=65; .DLS=1; .PGN=0; .PST=1; .COD/21B/=11LB; .DIR=0; .DPR=0;

20NOV70 JEN 5228

Answering Service for the NIC

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Palo Alto Answering Service 445 Sherman Avenue Palo Alto, California Att: Ruth Stewart

November 20, 1970

Re: Answering Service for the ARPA Network Information Center (at Stanford Research Institute)

As discussed by phone, we would like the following procedures to be used for our service, which we understand is now available.

Incoming calls to 329-0710 and 329-0741 will be answered by the Palo Alto Answering Service after 3 rings, on a 24-hour basis. Calls to these numbers will come in from many different points in the country, frequently through an Enterprise or Zenith number arrangement. The first of these numbers automatically hunts to the second if busy.

PAAS will answer as "Network Information Center Answering Service"

Between 5 pm. and 8 am. PAAS will also say: "It is xx:xx o'clock here. Is it an emergency or may I take a message?"

If it is an emergency, our key numbers in order of preference are:

For Network Information Center Problems:

Jeanne North	(nome)	326-7716
Walter Bass	(home)	493-3177
Jim Norton	(nome)	851-0589
Doug Engelbart	(home)	322-9087

For Network Technical Problems:

ARC Computer Room	at SRI	327-4990	
ARC Console Room	at SRI	327-4562	
John Melvin	(home)	328-7745	
Bill English	(nome)	851-1732	8b.

Please relay after-hours messages to Jeanne North at SRI at 329-0712 as soon after 8 am. as possible; and assume that any taken during the day will be deliverable in a few minutes. We are trying to keep the phones at the Augmentation Research Center

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Answering Service for the NIC

completely covered by our people during the day.

Very truly yours,

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Jeanne B. North

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':5228', 11/23/70 1146:45 JON ; .DPR=1; :PAANS, 11/20/70 1051:01 JON ; .DPR=0;

St. n

21Nou69 DGC 5220	7
Proposal for Desearch No. FSU-69-100	
Extension to Contract No. F30602-68-C-0286	l
STUDY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF COMPUTER AUGMENTATION TECHNIQUES	2
PART ONE TECHNICAL PROPOSAL	3
I INTRODUCTION .CEN=1; .CEN=0;	4
A. General	La
This proposal is for a two-year extension to Air Force (RADC) Contract No. F30602-68-C-0286.	hal
This contract supports research within the Augmented Human Intellect Research Center (AHIRC) at Stanford Research Institute.	lala
A brief description of the Center and its developments is presented below; for a more extensive summary see Ref. 1 (Section VI).	lalb
B. The Augmented Human Intellect Research Center	46
The AHIRC is a community of researchers, supported by several different contracts, in which all the research activity is aimed at exploring the possibilities for augmenting the performance of intellectual work with the help of real-time computer aids and the actual experimental development of computer aids and augmentation systems.	цыі
Several different coordinated research activities have been developed, sponsored by different contracts, to pursue the various aspects of this augmentation research. Important aspects include the following:	462
(1) The Management System Research Activity, Which has been supported by RADC under the current contract	462a
(2) The basic development, operation, and maintenance of a real-time computer-display facility, which has been supported by ARPA (through RADC) under this contract and is dedicated solely to the AHIRC's activities.	4020
All the researchers within the AHIRC do as much of their work as possible at display consoles (depending on console availability and whether a specific task can appropriately be done at a console). Thus they serve not only as researchers but as the subjects for the analysis and evaluation of the augmentation systems that they are	
developing.	403

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SRI Proposal for Research ESU 69-100 [Sec. I INTRODUCTION]

> Consequently, an important aspect of the augmentation work done within the the AHIRC (for instance, of the RADC=supported Management=Systems Research) is that the techniques being explored are implemented, studied, and evaluated with the advantage of intensive everyday usage within a coordinated working environment that is compatible with the particular techniques being studied. 404

C.	Organiz	ation	of this	Proposal
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This proposal is divided into two parts, each of which is broken down into several sections.

Part One is the Technical Proposal, covering the proposed work and its background and context.

Section II of Part one is a brief, formal summary of the proposed work.

Section III discusses the current orientation and direction of the AHIRC, in relation to the proposed work and to other work being considered for performance under other sponsorship.

Section IV is a presentation of background information relevant to the proposed work, covering the present status of work which will be continued under the proposed contract and including some information on current planning status of certain future activities.

Section V is the detailed discussion of the proposed work, and Section VI is the reference section. 4cla4

Part Two is concerned with proposed contractual provisions, with sections covering such topics as contract period, reporting schedules, etc. A detailed cost estimate for the proposed work is attached.

	4010
II SUMMARY OF PROPOSED WORK .CEN=1; .CEN=0;	5
A. Computer Facility	5a
This contract will support the lease, maintenance and operation of the basic computer facility, including the display system, disc file, and other special hardware devices.	5a1
In addition, it is planned that the following specific improvements will be made in the facility:	5a2
(1) Replacement of the current XDS drums with faster Univac FH-432 drums, to improve service capacity	5a2a
(2) An extended external core system to provide improved response to display terminals	5a2b
(3) A disc system, such as the IBM 2314, to increase the file storage capacity	5a2c
(h) A conference facility, with projection display, for experiments in team collaboration	5a2d
(5) A video and control switching facility to allow switching of display terminals to active computer ports.	5a2e
B. ARPA Network Participation	50
Participation in the Network experiment will continue, with the following primary goals:	561
(1) Development of basic facility hardware and software to support Network Information Center (NIC) services	5bla
(2) Development of techniques to permit the use of our on-line system (NLS) from display terminals in the Network.	5010
C. Network Information Center (NIC)	5c
Operational administration of the Network Information Center services will be continued.	5c1
The following services will be expanded and improved:	5c2
(1) Typewriter-Oriented Documentation Aid System (TODAS), allowing flexible access to the NIC from typewriter terminals throughout the Network	5c2a

[Sec. II SUMMARY OF PROPOSED WORK]

(2) Graphics-Oriented Document Output System, producing hard copy in microform and paper for distribution to NIC users	5c2b
(3) Collection techniques for soliciting and integrating documents into the NIC collection	5c2c
(4) File management techniques, including indexing and retrieval, to accommodate the expanding collection.	5c2d
New services such as messages, news, complaints, etc., will be added as the needs emerge.	5c3
D. Team Augmentation Research	5a
In augmentation system development and research we will concentrate on those aspects that support design teams. This will involve the following:	5dl
(1) Development of a user- and service-system design discipline to guide the evolution and evaluation of team augmentation systems	5d1a
(2) Study and development of management techniques necessary to effectively coordinate augmented design teams	5010
(3) Development of special user subsystems to support team collaboration.	

III DIRECTIONS FOR THE AUGMENTED HUMAN INTELLECT RESEARCH CENTER .CEN=1; .CEN=0;

A. General

Future directions for work in the AHIRC will be influenced by forces originating both inside and outside the Center.

Forces generated by our cumulative experience in the development of augmentation systems within the Center indicate some new directions for our own bootstrapped research effort.

External forces are generated by our participation in the ARPA Network experiment and by an increased awareness for the need to communicate with the "outside world" == people outside the Center who are engaged in related work.

The internal forces and those generated by our Network participation combine to produce a shift in our internal research emphasis towards two specific activities: (1) team augmentation and (2) the development of a system design discipline. These are discussed below under "Shifts in Emphasis."

Increased awareness of the need to communicate and interact with the outside world will lead toward the development of a new area of specific concern, discussed below under "Transfer of Results."

The goals associated with research in team augmentation, with the development of a system design discipline, and with the transfer of results are related to one another within the AHIRC goal structure as described below in the section entitled "Short-Term and Long-Term Goals."

The proposed work will contribute only incidentally to the transfer of results. In the section "Selected Plans Under Other Sponsorship," we discuss the System Developer Interface Activity (SYDIA), for which we are seeking additional sponsorship. It is intended that this activity will be the primary effort in the area of the transfer of results.

B. Shifts in Emphasis

This proposal reflects a maturing shift in emphasis in our research work. We propose to shift our emphasis toward two

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[Sec. III

DIRECTIONS FOR THE AUGMENTED HUMAN INTELLECT RESEARCH CENTERJ

basic activities: (1) team augmentation and (2) the development of a system design discipline.

1. Team Augmentation

Whereas in the past we have given almost exclusive attention to augmenting the individual worker, we are now considering also the augmentation of a team of collaborating workers, each of whom is individually augmented.

The high mobility and manipulative capability of a skilled "augmented individual" has a unique potential which can be realized when a number of augmented individuals join into a collaborative team. Not only can each individual move very rapidly through the joint working files to study them, enter new information, and update old material, but this power can be amplified by special computer aids, conventions, and skills that directly facilitate the processes of intercommunication and coordination.

The contemplated efforts in "team augmentation" involve several facets:

(1) The development of conventions and procedures for organizing the working records of our plans, designs, objectives, design principles, schedules, etc., so as to give effective mutual "task orientation" to the members of a team by ensuring optimal accessibility of all information related to the team's objective

(2) The special development of a "Dialogue Support System" to facilitate the rapid evolution of these Working records via dialogue among members of the design team

(3) The development of techniques to facilitate simultaneous remote collaboration among people at physically remote on-line terminals (of any sort), by giving them direct communication with one another, independent of their current individual work interactions with the computer. This includes provision, where feasible, for the following: 6b1

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6b2b1b

6b2b1c

[Sec. III

DIRECTIONS FOR THE AUGMENTED HUMAN INTELLECT RESEARCH CENTERJ

(a) Video and/or voice intercommunication 6b2blcl

(b) Easy and flexible control of means for duplicating, at any terminal, all or part of the type-out or display from another terminal 6b2blc2

(c) Ready transfer of control of one terminal's computer interaction to another terminal's input devices.

These techniques will evolve within AHIRC under conditions of application to our own coordinated system-development work, and will be applied over a wide range of collaborative actions, from simple question-answering facilities to complex design work involving intense mutual participation by the team members. Much of our team-augmentation research will be done as part of our continuing Management System Research activity (see Section V below). 6b2b2

As applicable techniques become effective within AHIRC, we will explore their use and value for the following:

(1) Support of Network Information Center (NIC) services such as teaching, question-answering, and some types of query servicing 6b2b3a

(2) Working collaboration between AHIRC staff and personnel at other Network sites 6b2b3b

(3) Working collaboration between people at remote Network sites, independent of AHIRC staff, 6b2b3c

2. Development of User- and Service-System Design Discipline

The functional features of the "user system" -- the large collection of computer aids available to an AHIRC worker == have evolved with some ingenuity, a greal deal of cut-and-try experimentation under actual-usage conditions, and a certain special orientation offered by our overall research framework. However, up to now there has been a significant lack of objective, methodical engineering design for the overall user system.

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6c1

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6c2

6c2a

6c2b

6c2c

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A user-system design discipline is definitely needed, and we intend to devote an increasing amount of effort toward developing such a discipline. 6b3al

Like the user system, the "service system" == the hardware and software underlying the features for augmenting users == has evolved in an ad hoc fashion. 603b

Here there is also a significant need for a system-design discipline.

A system-design discipline would have a communicable, teachable, generally applicable framework supporting a coordinated set of concepts, terminologies, principles, methods, and special tools.

C. Transfer of Results

Behind these basic aspects of our work in the AHIRC (team augmentation and design disciplines) lies an essential feature of our long-term strategy, namely the goal of producing results that will be of direct value to other groups of system developers -- in particular, to those who will be developing augmentation systems.

This is in contrast to being of direct value to customers who will want systems for their own direct use (e.g. to augment a manager, a designer, an editor, or a researcher).

Display terminals, communication channels, and computer service are destined to become both cheap and plentiful, and it is certain that a very large number of organizations will want to use them. They must rely upon system developers who will need to be capable of the following:

(1) Analysis of system-usage environments

(2) Design and implementation of a smooth, powerful, and coordinated system of user aids, conventions, methods, etc.

(3) Training and "education" of new users, many of whom will be completely unfamiliar with the potential of this new technology

(4) Subsequent monitoring of user performance so as to

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implement the changes necessary to track the evolution of users' attitudes, concepts, skills, usage habits, and wants. 6c2d

Although it is important to stimulate the eventual customers for augmentation systems, and to make them aware of the potential for these systems in their work, we feel that our results should be directed primarily toward helping system developers. Over the longer term, we plan to do this by pursuing the following goals:

Item 1: Making visible an advanced, integrated system, operating in a heavy-usage environment, that can orient system developers to the available cost-value tradeoffs 603a

Item 2: Developing an effective system-design discipline to aid in developing augmentation systems, whether or not these systems resemble ours 6c3b

Item 3: Maintaining thorough, highly current, comprehensive documentation, designed for quick location of relevant material 6c3c

Item 4: Establishing broad-band communication channels over which a dynamic interchange of information can take place, so that a maximum proportion of our knowledge can be quickly available in useful form

Item 5: Offering, as a model, a complete prototype design of an augmentation system especially designed for augmenting system development. 6c3e

This system would be compatible with the system-design disciplines described above, and would include techniques for planning, analyzing, designing, programming, debugging, documenting, and teaching. 6c3el

D. Short-Term and Long-Term Goals

Our plans for executing the proposed work are as follows: 6dl

(1) Achieve the short-term goals implicit in the team augmentation activity, in the development of a system design discipline, and in the tasks itemized under Transfer of Results (Section III=C above)

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(2) Contribute to the long-term goal of directing our results for maximum benefit to future developers of augmentation systems.

There is considerable overlap between short-term and long-term goals.

For instance, in the case of the transfer of results, the basic bootstrapping development of techniques within the AHIRC seems to guarantee a very good basic buildup toward Items 1, 2, 3, and 5 of Section III-C; our participation in the Network experiment contributes directly to Item 4; and the development of the NIC service will contribute toward Items 1 and 4.

E. Selected Plans Under Other Sponsorship

To pursue directly the itemized long-range goals of Section III-C, we currently have other plans under consideration, coordinated with those outlined in this proposal. These plans would be carried out under other sponsorship:

We are formulating plans for what we tentatively call the System Developer Interface Activity (SYDIA). We expect early in 1970 to be approaching representative candidates with proposals for multiple sponsorship. The initial purpose of the SYDIA will be to develop the following:

(1) A facility for an effective interchange of information, skills, orientation, etc. between AHIRC and the existing and potential community of augmentation-system developers

(2) The ability to assist other groups to transfer our system, or parts of it, directly into another hardware environment.

Later, with specific individual funding arrangements, we would expect to begin developing close interchange relationships with various system-development groups; hopefully, some groups would then adopt our augmented techniques for system-development work.

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IV RELEVANT BACKGROUND .CEN=1:	
.CEN=0;	7
A. Facility Support	7a
1. Hardware	7a1
The computer facility currently consists of the following:	7ala
(1) A leased XDS 940 with 65K memory, 4.5 megabyte swapping drums, 96 megabyte disc file, 3 tape transports, and 16 Teletype lines	7a1a1
(2) A display system (government-furnished equipment) providing for 12 display consoles, each with keyboard, keyset (five microswitches), and pointing device ("mouse")	7a1a2
(3) A leased line printer, 340 lines per minute with 96 ASCII characters.	7a1a3
The leased disc file, display system, and line printer operate through a special multiplexer, built here, that provides direct memory access for up to 6 devices.	7ala4
We have just completed an interface to the Interface Message Processor (IMP) for Network communications. This currently operates with direct access to 940 memory through the multiplexer.	7alb
We are in the process of adding to this an external core system that will relieve some of the congestion in the 940 core.	7alc
External core will be used initially for display buffers, printer buffers, and communication buffers for the ARPA Network. Further plans are for an interactive external core system with small processors operating from the external core to handle	
users. This system is described in more detail in Section V of this proposal.	7alc1
We are also looking into different types of typewriter terminals, and will soon add 8 more Teletype channels with provision for faster operation (up to 30 characters	
per second) on some channels.	7ald
2. Software	782

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Basic support software consists of the following:	7a2a
a. Time-Sharing System (TSS)	7a20
This is a modified version of TSS 1.96 developed by Project GENIE at Berkeley.	7a2b1
b. Tree Meta Compiler-Compiler	7820
Tree Meta, developed by AHIRC and patterned after basic work at SDC, produces compilers with direct binary output. Its principal application is in the production of compilers for the MOL and the SPLs (see	
below).	7a2c1
c. Machine-Oriented Language (MOL)	7a2d
The MOL is a high-level ALGOL-like language with special features oriented to the characteristics of the XDS 940. It is used for basic system	
programming.	7a2d1
d. Special-Purpose Languages (SPLs)	7a2e
The SPLs are used for content analysis, string manipulation, and input feedback specification in	
NLS.	7a2e1
e. On-Line System (NLS)	7a.2f
The On-Line System is the basic AHIRC system of interactive computer aids for manipulation of text and graphics.	7a2f1
f. Typewriter-Oriented Documentation Output System (TODAS)	7a2g
TODAS is a typewriter-oriented counterpart of NLS.	7a2g1
B. Management Systems Research	76
The Management Systems Research Activity is best thought of within the framework of the following three categories: (1) Manager Augmentation, (2) Organization Augmentation, and (3) Management Research.	761

"Manager Augmentation" involves the augmentation of

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> managers, as distinct from the enhancement of the organizations they manage. Work under way in the present contract includes the design, development, and use of special on-line aids for management functions. Specific examples of these developments include the following:

(1) A new on-line graphics package is being implemented, with special features for the portrayal of management data. 7blal

(2) A special on-line calculator has been developed. 7bla2

(3) A "portal processor" (previously called the "NLS processor") is being developed to perform powerful analytical operations and to return text and graphic information as NLS file data.

"Organization Augmentation" refers to specific enhancement of an organization as a whole, as distinct from augmentation of managers of the organization. Much of this work is in the realm of improved communications between individuals and groups in the organization. Examples of the work under way in this area include the following:

(1) Development of methods for maintaining on-line working versions of our own files, containing plans, specifications, estimates, status reports, etc., and the development of techniques to aid individual members of the organization in cooperating on the continued study and modification of these files.

(2) The first-stage implementation of the Journal and the Dialogue Support System, which will be basic systems to support the ongoing deliberations of a team of planners and designers.

"Management Research" is concerned with the development of methodology for building management-augmentation systems. Actual work under way as a part of the current contract focuses on the study of our own organization, which is composed almost entirely of on-line workers.

A most important feature of our Management Systems Research Activity is the use of our own organization to test our developments in augmentation of managers and 701a

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organizations, and as the focus of our attention in the development of Management Systems methodology. This is in keeping with our overall bootstrapping strategy.	7b1d
C. ARPA Network Participation	70
The ARPA Computer Network will be operating in its preliminary phases by the beginning of this contract, with the AHIRC as one of the first four nodes.	7cl
In the past year we have participated with other Network members in the development of basic communication procedures and in the design of a general approach to the problem of operating display terminals and complex subsystems over the Network.	7c1a
At this time our hardware and preliminary software interfaces are in operation and we have been conducting three=node tests with UCSB and UCLA.	7clb
D. Network Information Center (NIC)	74
The AHIRC has agreed to operate a Network Information Center (NIC) for the ARPA Computer Network. During the current contract period we have developed an overall plan for the NIC and have been developing the following basic services as components of the planned "NIC System."	7d1
1. Master Collection Acquisition and Processing System	742
This service will acquire relevant information and documents, possibly transcribe some of them into	
documents.	7d2a
2. File Structure and Catalog System	743
This system will provide the means for using index and catalog files to locate and retrieve document files in the master collection, and will provide for archival storage of the computer-held NIC files (including index and catalog files).	7d3a
3. Typewriter=Oriented Documentation=Aid System (TODAS)	7d4
This system will enable a remote typewriter-terminal	

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> user (operating on line at his host site, coupled through the Network to our computer) to do the following:

Access NIC files, do retrieval operations through indices and the NIC catalog, obtain flexibly abbreviated printouts of summary or document files, or have complete printouts routed through either his typewriter terminal, a local printer, or the GODOS system (see below).

Compose document files for entry into computer storage in the NIC, or modify and update computer-held NIC document files that he is responsible for.

L. Graphics-Oriented Document-Output System (GODOS)

GODOS will provide for rapid automatic output of computer-held document files onto either paper or microfilm (yielding either microfiche or roll-microfilm copies).

Such files currently can contain a fairly flexible mixture of text and line drawings or character-plotted drawings. Currently, GODOS uses a Stromberg=Carlson SChO60 CRT-to-film output system; it automatically produces a succession of film frames, organized by page, with drawings embedded appropriately in the associated text. 7d4a

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V PROPOSED PROJECT ACTIVITY .CEN=1; .CEN=0;	8
A. Computer Facility Support and Development	8 a.
This contract will support the computer facility as shown in the estimated cost breakdown attached to Part Two of this proposal and will provide for anticipated improvements in the hardware facility.	8a,1
The following specific improvements are planned, but because of the experimental nature of the facility, this list may not be complete and changes or additions may be expected.	8a2
1. Expansion of Service Capacity	8a.3
We have been studying ways to increase the capacity of our system to accommodate the anticipated load of the Network experiments and NIC service without excessive loss of service to local users,	8232
The present facility, with the improvements currently in progress, is expected to provide good local service for 12 displays and about 20 Teletype users, Beyond this we are planning for 20 Teletype users over the Network within the next year, and by the end of the year 2 or 3 experimental display (NLS) users over the Network	82 321

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a. Considerations for Replacement of Computer

We have considered the possibility of replacing the XDS 940 facility with a more powerful computer, but have decided not to base our planning on a new machine at this time. We have investigated the anticipated Berkeley Computer Corporation machine, the Standard Computer Corporation SC-9000, and the PDP=10. The first two of these were candidates because of code compatibility, and the PDP=10 was considered because of ARPA's extensive support of work on this machine.

The Berkeley machine promises to be very good, but delivery of a machine for us would be somewhat uncertain and it appears that the cost will be too high. 8a3bla

we rejected the PDP=10 at this time because of the very large software effort to convert our

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system to a new machine and the current lack of a really good time-sharing system. 8a3blb

The SC-9000 is the most likely, but delivery would be in early 1971 at best -- and then uncertain since a true 940 emulation has never been developed.

At some time within the next two years it may be appropriate for us to consider a new machine, but at this time we plan instead to extend the capability of the 9h0 by replacing the current swapping drums with faster devices and by continuing the development of an interactive external core system for display and Network users.

b. Fast Drums

We find that the primary problem with system response is the swapping load. This could be significantly improved with faster drums (such as the one used on the Project GENIE machine). Our plans are now to replace the current RADs with Univac FH=432 drums.

These drums have a word (24-bit) transfer rate of about 360 kc/s as compared to about 140 kc/s for the current RADs. We would lease the drums and a controller from Univac, and build the interface to the 940 here. 8a3cla

This interface would be similar to the current interface for the Bryant disc, but considerably simpler since much of the bookkeeping is taken care of by the Univac controller. 8a3clal

We are currently investigating these drums more thoroughly, including a simulation program to look into memory conflicts and expected system improvement. If all goes well we expect to install them in about 4 to 6 months. 8a3c2

The increase in cost will be about \$2000 per month over the present facility. Details are shown in the cost estimate.

c. Interactive External Core System

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We are currently in the process of implementing an external core memory system to be used for display refreshing, line-printer buffers, and communication buffers for the ARPA Network.

We have been considering a means of further extending the capability of our system through the addition of small processors operating out of this external core. These processors would handle feedback to local display users and do preliminary processing for Teletype users on the Network.

For local displays the intent is to partition the on-line system (NLS) so that the highly interactive feedback to display users is handled by the small processors and the 940 itself is called only for changes in the data or major reformatting of the display image.

Early studies have shown that with this system we can expect a two- or threefold improvement in the response to on-line users. 8a3d2al

An important additional advantage would be that the partition of NLS between the 940 and the external processors is similar to what we anticipate for Network users, with remote host computers performing the same functions as our external processors. Much of the work here will overlap that required to develop NLS service for remote display users over the Network.

We plan to complete detailed plans and some preliminary experiments on the interactive external core system during the current contract period. The funds in this proposal are for the second phase of development, assuming that the experiments show this to be the right approach.

2. Additional File Storage

Expanding service to the NIC increases the demand for file storage capacity of the facility. The immediate plan for expansion is to expand the Bryant disc file to its full capacity of 192 megabytes. 8a3d1

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Although this will not be adequate capacity for very long, it is a quick and relatively inexpensive way to get an extra 96 megabytes, involving only a field modification to the hardware and straightforward software changes.

Beyond this, we anticipate considerable need for a very large reference-file store with relatively rapid access. 8abb

This storage system will be for use in contexts where tape systems would be inappropriate because tape mounting and searching processes would lead to inefficient service queueing and response delays in otherwise fluid interactions.

As the best currently available answer, we are tentatively planning on the addition of a multiple disc drive, such as the XDS 7242 (similar to the IBM 2314). This would be relatively easy to add to the system and, with the interchangable disc packs and some operator procedures, should provide the needed storage for some time to come.

3. Conference Facility

We would like to provide better facilities for a group of people working together at consoles and for small meetings where consoles are not available for everyone. 8a

To this end, we propose to assemble a meeting-room facility consisting of a projection TV, several appropriately designed consoles, and furniture designed so that three or four people may work at the consoles with ten or so "inactive" participants.

Consoles, probably like our existing chair/console system, will be designed so that they can be positioned for reasonably independent operation yet turned to view a common blackboard-size projection display. The picture from any console will be readily switchable to the screen.

This facility should be extremely valuable for local meetings and design sessions, as well as for discussions with visitors and for demonstrations. 8a

4. Console Switching Facility

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We expect the 9h0 system to be limited to 12 active display stations (along with Network service) for some time, but much more flexible and effective utilization of the system could be made if additional consoles were available, at different locations, with provisions for logging in.

For example, a console available in the computer room and shop would facilitate the development of on-line aids to debugging and maintenance.

Certain individuals with high console usage would benefit greatly if they had consoles in their offices.

The conference facility described above could be developed expressly for collaboration with other consoles located more appropriately for individual use.

We propose to use several more consoles (including those in the conference facility) with video and control switching so that any console can be switched to any of the 12 active channels that might be available.

The video switching facility will also be used to enhance the experiments with video coupling of work stations and for experimenting with new features such as microfiche viewing over work-station displays. 82601

в.	Representative User Subsystems	80
	1. Graphics Construction and Manipulation	801
	The ability to compose and edit line drawings will be extended and coordinated better with the text-editing capabilities.	8bla

In addition to vectors and labels, several predefined and parameterized entities such as ovals and rectangles will be offered. For editing purposes a rectangular area may be dynamically defined and treated as a unit. 8010

2. Calculator

An interactive calculator has been incorporated into NLS, allowing the user to perform simple arithmetic

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operations on file material. The text of the file is used both as the source of operands and as the destination of results. 8b2a

Extensions will include a small operator-precedence compiler for the evaluation of arithmetic expressions. 8b2b

3. Portal Processors

To allow for the expansion of NLS to fit certain functional needs of its users, an interface to NLS called the "portal" is proposed. Through this interface, processors (programs) will have the entire power of NLS available as a file=processing system.

This method of implementing the less significant or more specialized parts of the total system as processors operating via the portal allows the basic part of NLS to be a stable program, neither increasing in size nor slowing in response to a user's requests. Some of the capabilities to be added in this way are listed below. 8b3b

One processor will provide for more sophisticated hard-copy output. This processor will allow for improved formatting control, conversion of on-line file "links" into hard-copy references (i.e., references to page numbers in documents), integration of graphics and textual material, and creation of tables of contents and indices.

Processors are proposed for constructing graphs and curves from numerical data contained in NLS files and inserting the graphic results back into files. Other processors will generally extend the numerical calculating capabilities of NLS.

Through the content-analysis capabilities of NLS, processors will be used to define and manipulate sets involving segments of several different files. 80303

Special processors will be used to modify the internal structure of files in accordance with changes in the programming of NLS. Other processors may be used to modify the visible structure or content of NLS files.

Processors will also be used in the addition of data

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> to specially formatted files, such as NIC catalogs or weekly cost tables. 80305 4. Programming Support 864 We will explore techniques for using NLS as an aid to programming. Problems to be considered include debugging, language design, system reference files, and training of new programmers. 8bha The first effort to aid debugging will be the development of methods for the use of NLS in conjunction with DDT, the 940's loading/debugging subsystem. This will allow the programmer to use NLS with his source code and documentation while simultaneously using DDT with the compiled code. 8b4b The use of a compiler-compiler called Tree Meta greatly reduces the effort required to implement changes in the programming languages. This aids the development of languages that contribute to lucid code while exploiting the power of NLS to compose, study, and modify source code. An example of this is a recent modification allowing file links to be used for procedure calls. Further changes are planned for the special-purpose languages. 8bhc

System reference files are being developed to aid the programmer in using the existing facilities in NLS. Future development will include a system for the automatic generation of an NLS file containing cross-reference information in the form of links and suitable for use with the content-analysis and keyword systems.

The problem of training new programmers will be approached through the development of an on-line curriculum covering the structure of NLS, its design principles, and its programming conventions. In conjunction with this, better methods for developing and maintaining technical documentation will be explored. 8ble

5. Reference=Collection Retrieval

We hope to improve our techniques for retrieving and saving references to on-line files and to off-line documents.

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At present we have a "keyword" system that retrieves a set of references ordered according to their relevance to a set of keywords chosen by the user.	8555
We plan to extend this facility to show the user a measure of the relevance of each retrieved reference and to allow him to collect references from several different files at once,	85551
We also hope to improve our techniques for saving the retrieved references and for recording the retrieval process so that the same retrieval operations can be performed on other reference	85550
corrections of on a constantity expanding correction.	00502
6. Dialogue Support Systems	000
systems will be developed to support three basic types of dialogue among members of system-design teams.	8662
a. Simultaneous Remote Collaboration	8666
Augmented simultaneous remote collaboration will enable a small group whose members may be physically remote from one another to collaborate on system design problems through intimate, interactive combination of their efforts over short periods of intensive work.	86661
b. Conferencing	866c
Augmentation systems will be developed to support "conferencing." This is defined as a dialogue mode in which either of the following conditions is satisfied:	866cl
(1) Participants are gathered together physically in one place, similar to the setting for a conventional conference.	8b6cla
(2) Participants are not necessarily gathered together physically, but each remote contributer devotes his attention to the same subject matter over the same time period.	8b6clb
c. Distributed Dialogue	8b6d

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"Distributed Dialogue" is a dialogue mode in which participants make various contributions to many subjects on a continuing basis, over an extended period of time, at an intensity somewhat less than that in the collaborative mode.

7. Collection of Data on NLS User Behavior

Insight gained from data on the behavior of NLS users is needed to aid in the design of hardware and software and in development of techniques for use of the system. Data on user behavior is needed to tell us more about such things as the following:

(1) The effect of system characteristics, such as user-perceived system response time, on the actions of the user

(2) The ease with which particular tasks can be done on the system 857a2

(3) The patterns of interaction between the various users of the system.

Data on the behavior of users can come both from informal observation and from controlled experiments. We will use a variety of analytic and descriptive techniques in the interpretation of the data.

C. Management Systems Research

We propose to continue our research in the three areas of Manager Augmentation, Organization Augmentation, and Management Research.

In all cases we will use the basic bootstrap principle, developed in the current contract period, of designing and developing management-augmentation systems for use within the Center to enhance the Center's own effectiveness. The proposed areas for continued research are as follows: 8c2

1. Management Research

a. Study of an On-Line Organization 8c3a

An on-line organization is a new phenomenon. We propose to continue and intensify our study of its

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basic nature and potential, and to study alternative structures for its management. The work under way in the present contract is an excellent start, but much remains to be done. 8c3al b. Augmented-Manager System Development 8c3b We will develop our ability to design, develop, implement, and understand manager-augmentation systems. This is the system-development research necessary to support the augmentaton of an individual manager, as described in Section V=C=2 below. 8c3b1 c. Augmented=Organization System Development 8c3c We will continue and intensify our effort to develop the ability to design and develop organization-augmentation systems. This is the system-development research necessary to support the augmentaton of an organization, as described in Section V=C=3 below. 8c3c1 8ch 2. Manager Augmentation a. On-Line Aids for a Manager 8cha Design, development, implementation, and use of systems of interactive display-oriented man/computer management aids. A possible example would be an improved interactive dynamic graphics package tailored especially for management functions, with the following features: 8chal (1) Display of charts, graphs (possibly showing dynamic phenomena), and tables Schala (2) Incorporation of these into the overall structure of NLS, with all the powerful NLS commands available for operating on them. Schalb b. Analysis and Evaluation SCLD Development of on-line techniques for analyzing management data and the performance of a manager. Scubl 3. Organization Augmentation 8c5

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a. Design, Implementation, and Use of Basic
 Communication Systems
 A central factor in organization augmentation is the enhancement of communication between members and groups and the integration of this enhanced communication into the basic operation of the

organization. This will be a major activity in the coming period, building on the work started in the Journal and the Dialogue Support System. 8c5al

b. Data Collection, Experimental Design 8c5b

There is much to be understood about techniques for collecting data about the nature, performance, status, and needs of an organization. An on-line community offers an extraordinary opportunity for the development of data-collection techniques, especially if every member of the organization works on line for a reasonable part of his day. 8c5b1

In parallel with this is the need to develop a repertoire of designs for experiments in the management of an organization, using as much of the available computer technology as possible. 8c5b2

c. Analysis, Measurement, and Evaluation

Further work will be performed to define and analyze the relationships among an on-line organization's goals, tasks, strategies, jobs, etc., and to build on-line aids to support these analyses. This work will be directed towards building methods for measuring and evaluating an organization's performance.

D. ARPA Network Participation

Our participation in the ARPA Network experiment will increase over the next two years. Our major involvement, the Network Information Center, is described in detail below. In support of the NIC we will continue to develop the basic communications software necessary to permit access to our system from typewriter-like terminals over the Network.

Immediate plans are to allow up to six or so users to

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log into our system over the Network and obtain access to the NIC services exactly as local users would.	8dla
Beyond this we plan to develop systems (possibly in a extended external core system) that will allow many users (20 to 30) access to the NIC without the overhea of logging in to the time-sharing system.	in id 8dlb
As our primary focus in further work on Network problems we will aim at making our on-line system (NLS) available first for experimental operation from remote display terminals, and later as a high-grade means of access to N services.	, 110 8d2
This will involve continued participation in the development of a general=purpose language and interfac that will allow the operation of complex subsystems fr various kinds of display terminals throughout the Network.	e om 8d2a
It is difficult to predict how the Network will develop, but we expect to participate fully in its experimental operation and in specific tests that may evolve.	843
E. Network Information Center (NIC)	8e
1. General	8el
Planning for the NIC has purposely concentrated on th development of basic service capabilities adaptable to variety of probable ways in which the needs for and usages of a NIC might evolve.	e a 8ela
The budgetary level assigned to NIC activities within the AHIRC, as proposed herein, is in accord with this approach and covers an expected continuation of developmental activity and a modest but growing amount of service activity.	, 8elal
As we evaluate the type and quantity of NIC servic in the light of the evolving Network "experiment," emergent needs and possibilities will probably call for subsequent adjustments to the level, scope, and nature of NIC activity.	es 8ela2
The AHIRC assumes that it has the following responsibilities with respect to the NIC:	8ela2a

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(1) To keep RADC and ARPA apprised of NIC needs and possibilities	8ela2al
(2) To make specific recommendations for appropriate changes in NIC activities	8e1a2a2
(3) Possibly to readjust, to a reasonable extent, the internal allocation of the AHIRC funding under this contract in order to accomodate such changes.	8e1a2a3
Beyond this, it is expected that further increases in scope or quantity of NIC services will come only from a negotiated increase in funding level.	8e1a2b
2. Services	8e2
The various services comprised in the NIC system will need continuing attention; the following are examples:	8e2a
a. Collection	8e2b
The material that should be included within the NIC reference collection will naturally expand in both scope and quantity.	8e2b1
We will need to develop criteria for soliciting documents, and procedures for acquiring and integrating new material.	8e2b2
b. File-Management System	8e2c
Means must be developed to handle the large size of the collection (large both in total bit mass and in the number of separate items to be coordinated).	8e2c1
Improvements are likely to be needed in the indexing conventions and in the computer aids for search and retrieval.	8e2c2
Our general approach encourages the practice of having primary reference documents stored as computer-held files.	8e2c2a
AHIRC developments outside of NIC are producing techniques for doing string analysis and	

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manipulation processes over such a document file -- indeed, over specified collections of document files, such as all the files referenced by some particular file. 8e2c2b

Reasonable extensions of these techniques promise to provide contextual-analysis capabilities that Would be quite powerful for automatic development of associated indexing files. 8e2c2c

Other practices and computer aids are developing within AHIRC to serve relatively basic intellectual activities of individuals and collaborative teams. These promise additional important possibilities for adaptation to NIC user service.

C. TODAS

We plan to develop more efficient command repertoires, with smoother and more flexible usage procedures, including such features as the following: 8e2d1

(1) Expanded character set, equations, diagrams, footnotes, tables of contents, concordances (word-usage reference tables), etc. 8e2d1a

(2) Improved search and retrieval power 8e2dlb

(3) Different versions of commands for different categories of users. 8e2dlc

We plan to improve the TODAS instructional and reference documentation.

As use of the Network increases, we expect that our system will have to handle an increasing number of TODAS users. We hope that the interactive external core system, described in Section V-A-1-c, will accommodate 20 to 30 TODAS users. We would have to develop other techniques to further increase this number.

For example, the number could be increased by having "remote subsystem" interfacing programs, operating within a remote host computer. These programs would act as interfaces between our

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computer and remote TODAS users, and would reduce the per-user burden on our system.	8e2d3a
d. GODOS	8e2e
We plan a continuing effort to extend the capability for handling such special constructs as drawings, equations, special symbols, footnotes, marginal notes, etc.	8e2e1
We plan to develop automatic techniques for converting the links used to cross-reference computer-held files from their current form (user-name, file-name, referenced location) to some form more useful to a hard-copy reader (such as document-name, page-number, paragraph-number).	8e2e2
There will be a general development of such auxilliary output-processing features as automatic generation of word-occurrence indices, tables of contents, lists of other NIC documents referencing a particular document, etc.	8e2e3
Special attention to the automatic production of microform (i.e., microfiche or roll film) editions of collections of computer-held NIC documents (as well as their associated indices, etc.) is planned, depending upon how the use and value of local microform collections develops among the remote-user clientele.	8e2e4
e. Development of New Services	8e2f
New services might include messages, complaints, news, personnel rosters, etc.	8e2fl
3. Operational Administration	8e3
Various new activities will evolve and old activities will receive increased attention.	8e3a
For example, an increasing burden of routine service functions will be associated with the expected growth in the size of the reference collection, in the size and interest range of the user clientele, and in the number of service transactions with this clientele.	800-1
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Procedures and methods for providing routine service must be established, and the necessary personnel assigned, trained, and supervised.

It is expected that the NIC operation will gradually develop a staff devoted entirely to operational service and that, perhaps within the period of the proposed work, this operational staff will be fairly large and will outnumber the remaining developmental staff.

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VI REFERENCES .CEN=1; .CEN=0;

> 1. Engelbart, D. C., and W. K. English, "A Research Center for Augmenting Human Intellect," in AFIPS Proceedings, Vol. 33, Part One, 1968 Fall Joint Computer Conference, pp. 395-410 (Thompson Book Co., Washington, D. C., 1968).

Proposal for Research No. ESU-69-100 Extension to Contract No. F30602-68-C-0286 10 STUDY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF COMPUTER AUGMENTATION TECHNIQUES 11 PART TWO -- CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS 12 I ESTIMATED TIME AND CHARGES 13 It is proposed that the research work outlined herein be performed during a period of 24 months, starting 8 February 1970. 13a Pursuant to the provisions of ASPR 16=206.2, attached is a cost estimate and support schedule in lieu of the DD Form 633-1. Also enclosed is a signed form complete except as to the "Detail Description of Cost Elements." 130 II GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED EQUIPMENT 14 The performance of the proposed work will involve the use of government-furnished equipment covered by NASA Contract No. NAS1=7897 and Air Force (RADC) Contract No. F30602=68=C=0286. 14a III REPORTS 15 The Institute will submit an Interim Technical Report which documents and summarizes the work performed during the first 12 months under the proposed modification. This report will be submitted in draft form 12 months and 30 days after commencement of the proposed work. 15a A Final Technical Report will be submitted 30 days after the second 12 months. 150 The Institute will submit management reports on a quarterly basis as under the present contract. 15c During the period of the proposed work, we expect to be developing a "Handbook," which will be a comprehensive description and history of all work in the Center, suitably structured for study and revision with the Center's computer aids. It is anticipated that individual projects, such as the proposed work, will be covered in the Handbook as "chapters" and reports will be produced in hard copy directly from the Handbook (with suitable editing to produce useful hard-copy formats). Depending on the progress of Handbook development. reports on this contract may be in this form. 15d IV CONTRACT FORM 16

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[PART TWO CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS]

> It is requested that any contract resulting from this proposal be awarded as a supplemental agreement to Contract No. F30602-68-C-0286.

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[PART TWO CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS]

V ACCEPTANCE PERIOD

This proposal will remain in effect until 7 February 1970. If consideration of the proposal requires a longer period, the Institute will be glad to consider a request for an extension of time.

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