

Gary Boone papers inventory, 1967-2014

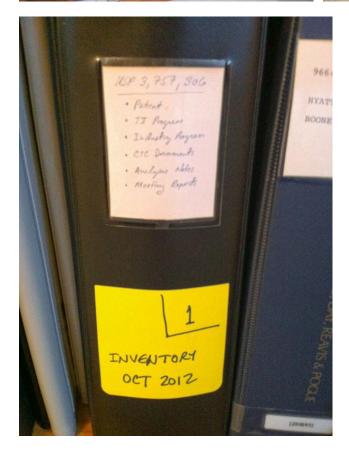
The following inventory was prepared by Steve Golson, a colleague of Gary Boone and fellow microprocessor designer. Originally these items were located at Gary's home office in Colorado Springs, CO. Steve Golson inventoried the material in October 2012 and May 2013, taking photographs of each item and the contents. During the inventory, if a box appeared to have some relevance to early microprocessor/microcontroller work at Texas Instruments, it was set aside and later donated to the Computer History Museum. Other materials found during the inventory, such as personal financial information and family history items, remained with Boone's family.

Note that this inventory lists only the items that were donated to the Computer History Museum.

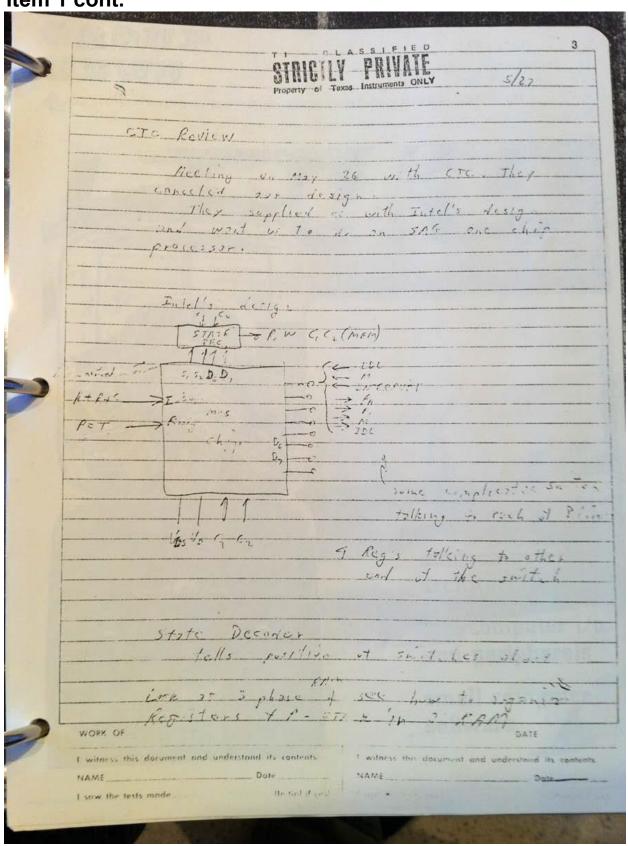
Item 1Binder located on bottom shelf of bookcase. Prior art and notes regarding USP 3,757,306







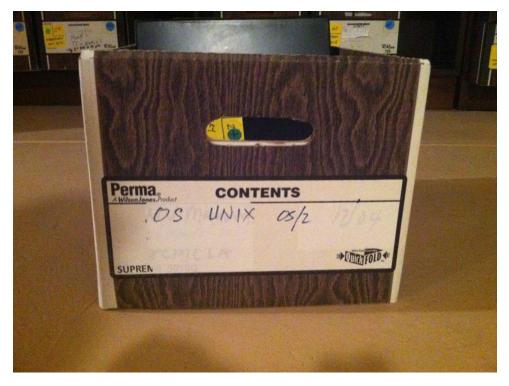
Item 1 cont.



Item 1 cont.

This item was placed in a box along with Item 2.





Item 2Binder located on bottom shelf of bookcase. Ford Microelectronics material.

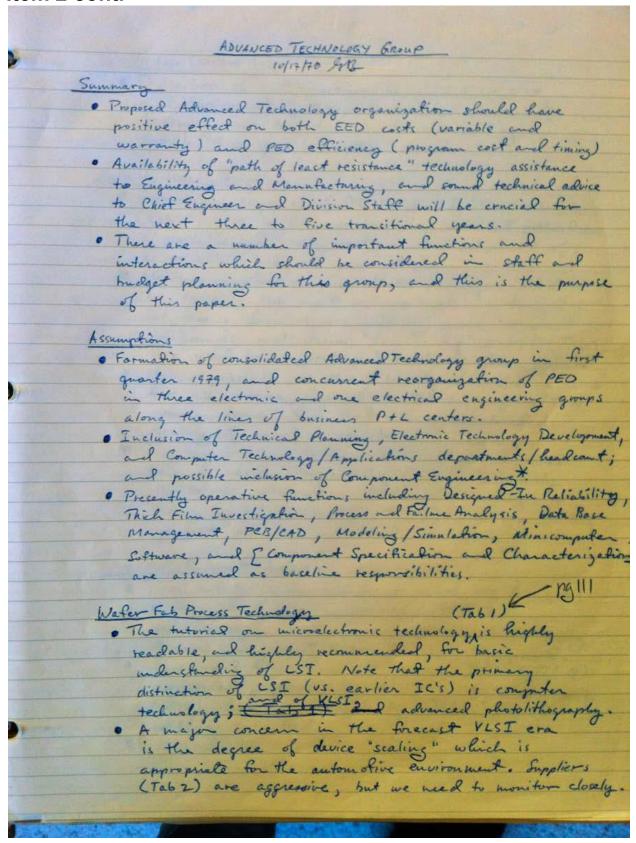






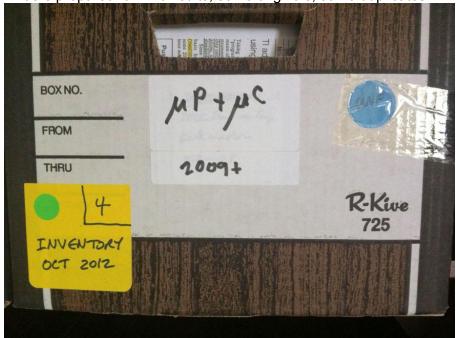
This item was placed in a box along with Item 1. See photo above under Item 1.

Item 2 cont.

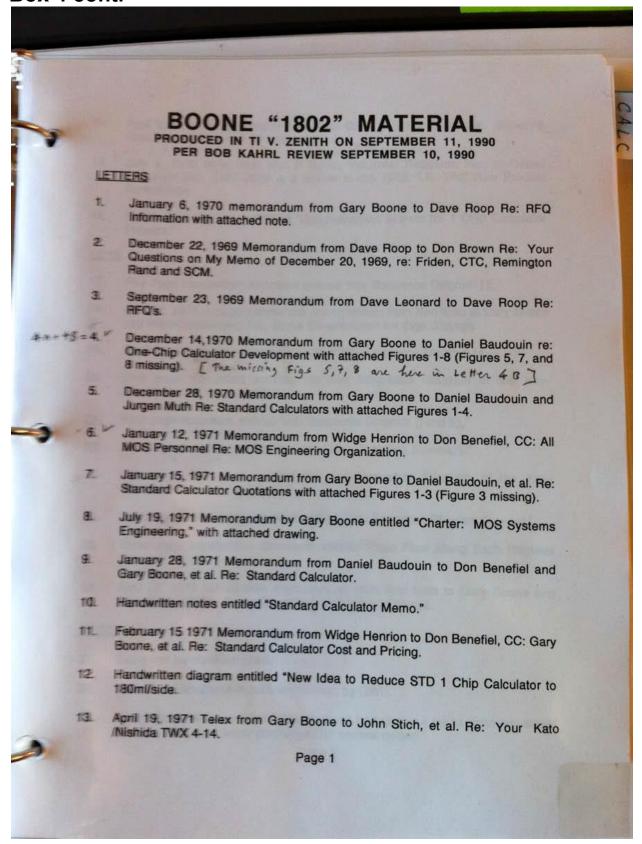


Box 4

Binders prepared for TI lawsuits, some originals, some duplicates.







Box 4 cont.



- 14. April 23, 1971 Memorandum from John Stich to Gary Boone Re: Standard Calculators and your 4-19 telex.
- 15. July 3, 1972 letter from Neil P Ruzic, Industrial Research Inc., to Daniel Baudouin Re: TMS 1802 is a winner in the 1972 "I.R. 100" New Product Competition.
- Handwritten document entitled "Documentation system for 1 Chip Calculator Projects."

KEYS

- 17. Five Page handwritten document entitled "Key Sequence Diagram I E."
- April 22, 1971, 6 page handwritten memorandum from Ken Kato to Gary Boone and Mike Cockren(sic) Re: Some Consideration for Sign Change.
- 19. Six Page handwritten document entitled "Key Sequence Diagram (+, -, =)."
- 20. One page document entitled "A] Key Sequence Diagram in the Key-Combination of x, +, I and E."
- 21. Four page document entitled "Key Sequence Diagram (I and E)."
- 22. Five page document entitled "Irregular Key-Operation Summary."
- 23. One page document entitled "B] Key Sequence Diagram in the Key-Combination of x, +, +, and =."
- 24. Five Page handwritten document entitled "Key Sequence Diagram (+, -, =)."
- 25. Three page handwritten document entitled "Data Flow Along Each Register (Cont.)."
- April 22, 1971 handwritten memorandum from Ken Kato to Gary Boone and Mike Cochran Re: Some Consideration for Sign Change.

DESIGN

- 27. Two page handwritten chart.
- 28. TMS 1802 Simulation Input Data Format, by GWB.
- 29. Computer print-out entitled "Power up, all nodes come up to unknown states except a -bus completely discharged for several cycles."

Page 2

Box 4 cont.



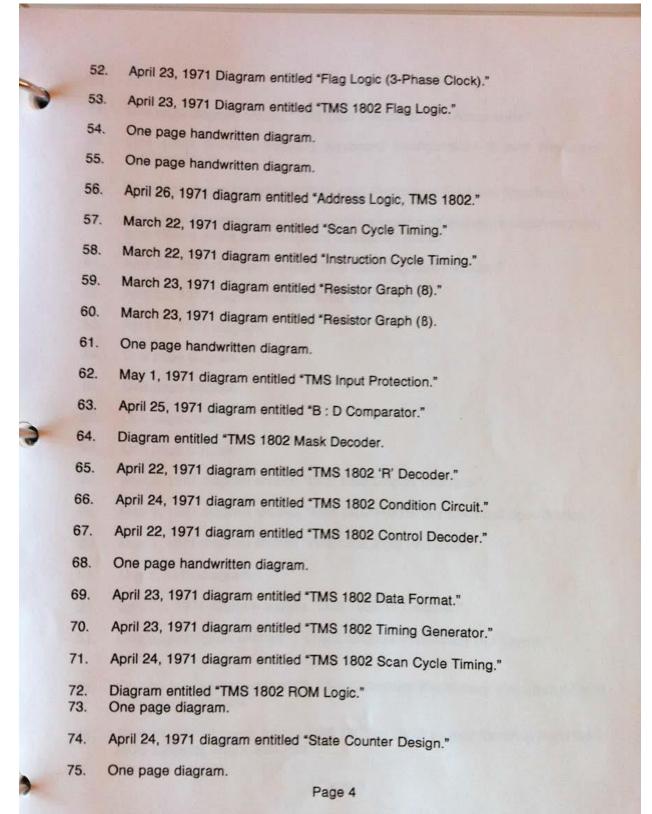
- 30. Three pages of handwritten diagrams with the note "Power up C."
- 31. March 15, 1971 handwritten document with 5 attached pages of diagrams.
- 32. One page handwritten document with the note "Estimate 25 Mar 71".
- 33. One page handwritten diagram with the notes "Prenom" and "Test for Ovrt/e digit."
- One page handwritten diagram.
- 35. March 24, 1971 handwritten diagram with the initials MJC.
- March 24, 1971 handwritten document with the initials MJC.
- 37. Two page handwritten diagram.
- 38. Three page handwritten diagram.
- 39. One page handwritten diagram.
- 40. October 1 1971 schematic for a One chip calculator (+), (-), (=) (10 pages).



- 41. June 1 1971 computer printout entitled "RCM Code Assembler "
- 42. One page handwritten document.
- 43. One page handwritten document entitled "TMS 1802 Instruction Map.
- 44. One page handwritten document.
- 45. April 22, 1971 document entitled "TMS 1802 Instruction Set."
- 46. April 12, 1971 document by GWB entitled "TMS 1802 Data Format."
- 47. April 14, 1971 two page schematic by Boone.
- 47. One page handwritten document.
- 49. One page handwritten document.
- 50. One page handwritten document entitled "Segment Decode Matrix (1)."
- 51. March 22, 1971 Key Matrix.



Page 3



Box 4 cont.



- 76. One page diagram.
- 77. One page diagram entitled "TMS 1802 Preliminary Pin Assignment."
- 78. One page drawing showing Keyboard configuration A and Keyboard configuration B.
- One page document entitled "TMS 1802 Preliminary Electrical Specification."
- One page document showing an eight-segment type display, a seven-segment type display and a seven-segment fluorescent display.
- April 22, 1971 diagram entitled "TMS 1802 Segment Decoder."
- 82. April 25, 1971 diagram entitled "RAM Write Logic."
- 83. April 24, 1971 diagram.
- 84. One page diagram.
- 85. One page diagram.
- 86. One page chart.
- 87. One page diagram.
- 88. May 2, 1971 diagram entitled "TMS 1802 Display Interface."
- 89. May 1, 1971 diagram entitled "TMS 1802 Preliminary Electrical Specification."
- 90. May 1, 1971 diagram entitled "TMS 1802 Input Protection."
- 91. May 2, 1971 diagram.
- 92. April 20, 1971 diagram entitled "TMS 1802 'R' Decoder."
- 93. One page diagram entitled "1 Chip Calculator Preliminary Bar Layout."
- 94. One page diagram entitled "1 Chip Calculator Preliminary Bar Layout," with note, "Please update."
- April 25, 1971 drawing for the TMS 1802 by GWB entitled "bonding Pad Plastic MOS 28 Lead, .250 x .250 Pad."



Page 5

Box 4 cont.

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REVIEW

- 96. Three pages of handwritten notes entitled "TMS 1802 Design Review" with "Bill Micheletti" written at the top.
- 97. January 1971 publication entitled "MOS/LSI -- TMS 1802 NC, Eight-Digit MOS/LSI Calculator."
- 98. Six pages of diagrams entitled "Common Cathode Leo."
- March 23, 1971 document entitled "TMS 1802 Input Routines" by GWB.
- 100. March 22, 1971 document entitled "Instruction Cycle Timing."
- 101. March 22, 1971 document entitled "Scan Cycle Timing."
- 102. One page diagram entitled "TMS 1802 ROM Logic."
- 103. March 27, 1971 diagram entitled "TMS 1802 ROM Layout."
- 104. One page diagram.
- 105. One page diagram entitled "Segment Decode Matrix (2)."



- 106. One page diagram entitled "Segment Decode Matrix (1)."
- 107. One page diagram entitled "TI MOS Cell Library."
- 108. One page diagram entitled "1 Chip Calculator Preliminary Bar Layout."
- 109. One page diagram entitled "1 Chip Calculator RAM 11e x 20c."
- 110. One page diagram entitled "256 x 9 ROM."
- 111. One page diagram.
- 112. March 23, 1971 diagram entitled "Register Graph (B)."
- 113. March 23, 1971 diagram entitled "Register Graph (a)."
- 114. One page diagram.
- 115. One page diagram.
- 116. March 22, 1971 diagram entitled "Key Matrix," (two pages).
- 117. One page diagram entitled "Keyboard Inputs."







- 118. One page diagram entitled "TMS 1802 Flag Control Decoder."
- 119. One page diagram.
- 120. March 20, 1971 document by GWB entitled "Input Routines."
- March 5, 1971 Telex from Sachi Nagae to Daniel Baudouin, CC: Gary Boone, et al. Re: Toshiba visit.
- 122. March 9, 1971 note from Jim Bunting, Bowmar to Gary Boone Re: multiplying two large numbers with decimals.
- 123. Memorandum from Daniel Baudouin to Den Kato, CC: Gary Boone, et al. Re: One chip calculator.
- 124. March 10, 1971 Memorandum from Floyd Clear to Don Benefiel, Gary Boone, et al Re: Visitor Notification, BOWMAR / ALI.
- 125. One page diagram.
- 126. One page diagram with a note to Bill from Boone.
- 127. One page diagram entitled TMS 1802 ROM Layout."
- 128. One page diagram.
- 129. One page diagram.
- 130. One page diagram by Joe Raymond.
- 131. One page diagram.
- 132. One page diagram by Joe Raymond.
- 133. One page document entitled "TMS 1802 Electrical Specification."
- 134. One page document entitled "Package Drawing."
- 135. Page of a TI publication entitled "Mechanical Data and in Configuration."
- 136. One page document entitled "Power Supply Variation."
- 137. Two page document entitled "TMS 1802 Cell Designs."



Box 4 cont.



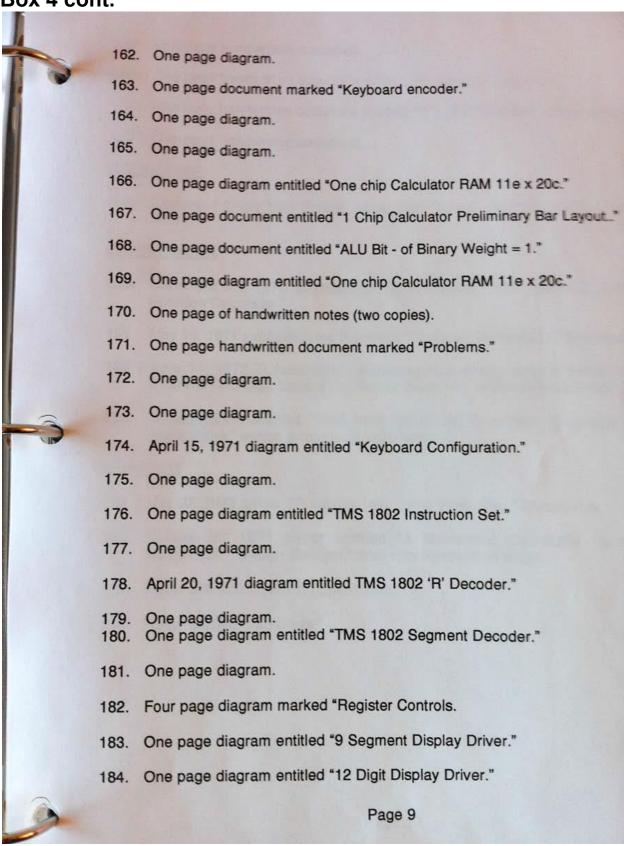
- 138. February 24, 1971 diagram entitled "Supercell Layout, 256 x 9 ROM."
- 139. One page document entitled "Bar Layout."
- 140. One page diagram.
- 141. One page diagram.
- 142. One page diagram entitled "Instructions which use DIM."
- 143. March 30, 1971 document entitled "μ OHS," (three pages).
- 144. March 31, 1971 document entitled "Useful Combinations of μ OHS."
- 145. March 30, 1971 document entitled "Flags." (nineteen pages).
- 146. Three page diagram by Joe Raymond entitled "Input Select."
- 147. One page diagram.
- 148. Six page document Re: Register Graphs.
- 149. One page diagram entitled "Eight-segment type Display."

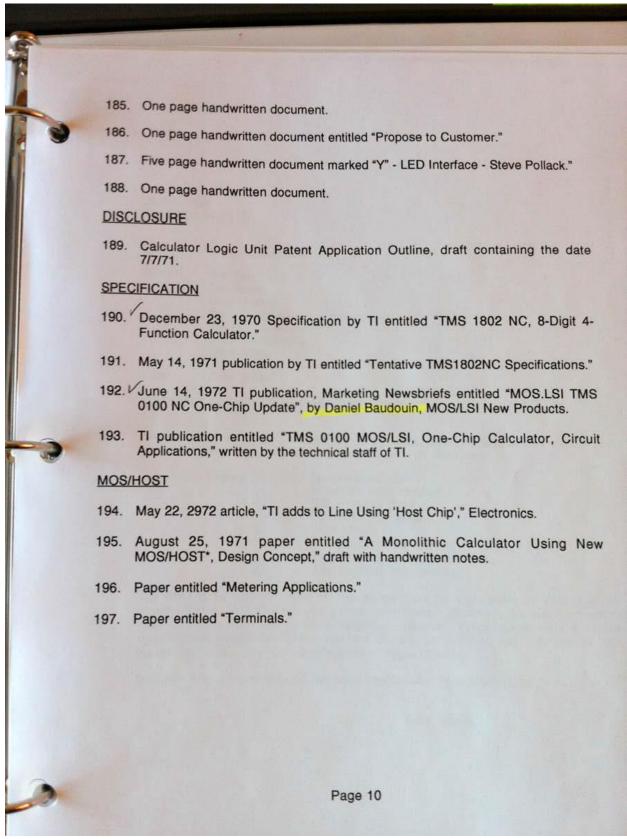


- 150. April 20, 1971 Telex from Sachi Nagai to Gary Boone Re: TMS 1802.
- 151. One page diagram entitled "Revise 1802 Pre. Specs.."
- 152. One page diagram.
- 153. One page diagram marked "N + 1".
- 154. One page diagram.
- 155. One page diagram marked "N + 1".
- 156. Twelve page "Outline of Status Report."
- 157. One page diagram.
- 158. March 23, 1971 "TMS 1802 Input Routines" by GWB.
- 159. March 25, 1971 5 page computer printout marked "Toshiba Examples."
- 160. March 24, 1971 eight page computer printout.
- 161. One page diagram.

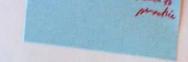


Page 8





Box 4 cont.



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant: Gary W. Boone Art Unit: 231

Serial No.: 473,541 Examiner: D. Shaw

Filed: February 1, 1990 Docket: TI-4608D.10

For: VARIABLE FUNCTION PROGRAMMED DATA PROCESSING SYSTEM

Declaration under 37 C.F.R. § 1.131

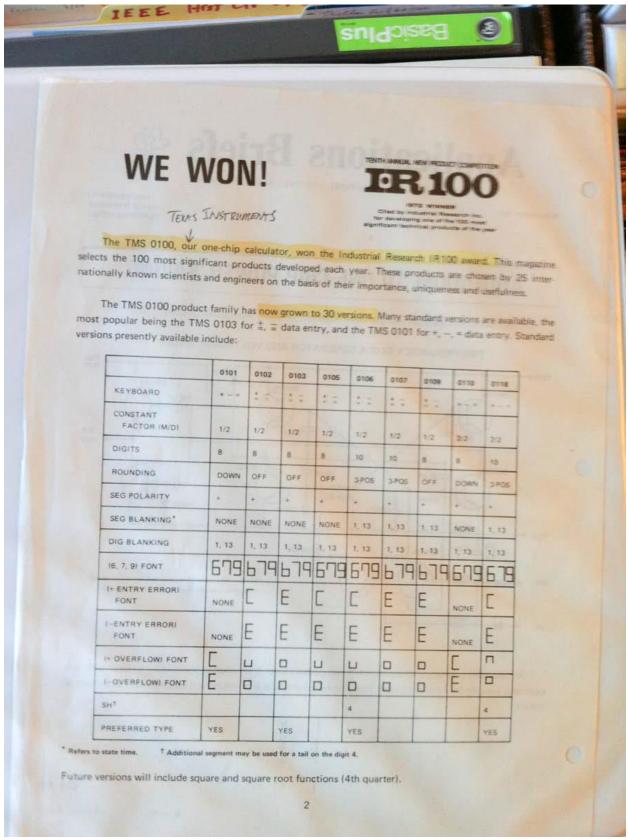
Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

Dear Sir:

- I, Gary W. Boone, of Colorado Springs, Colorado, hereby declare that I am an inventor named in the above-identified application and further declare as follows:
- 1) that no later than November 18, 1970, I conceived in this country the subject matter claimed in Claims 83-98 of this application (as amended) in a definite and complete manner, including a conception of all the claimed elements and their interaction;
- 2) that my conception no later than November 18, 1970 of the claimed subject matter is shown by documents prepared no later than that date, true copies (with certain dates replaced with the notation "<date>") of which are attached as Exhibits A-1 to A-25, as follows:
 - Exhibit A-1:

My 8/27/70 notes entitled "Canon Y" show a combination of elements on a single integrated circuit chip, including random access memory (RAM) for storing operands, read-only memory (ROM) for storing program instructions, an arithmetic logic unit (ALU) for processing operands in response to program instructions, a program address counter,





Box 5Notebooks prepared with TMC 1795 material. Very old brown notebook with TI vintage material in it.





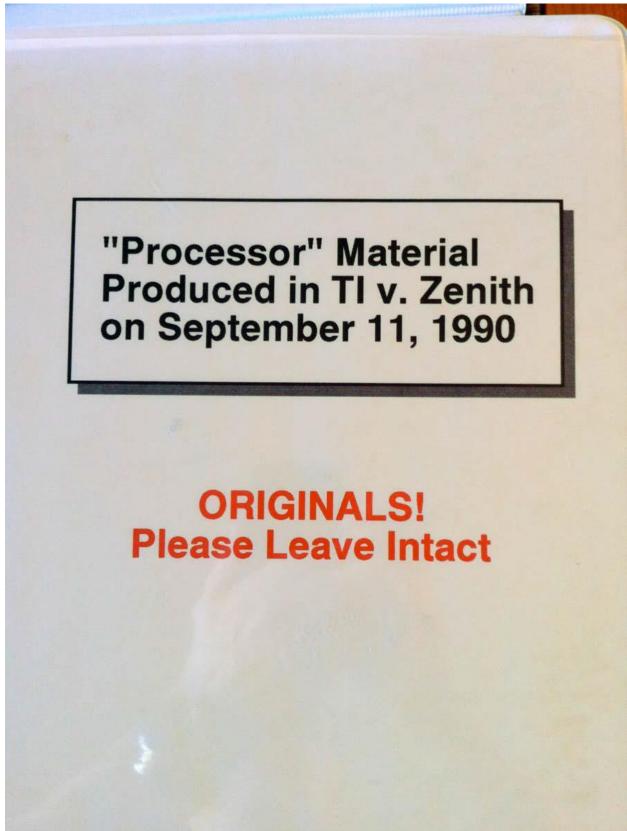
Box 6

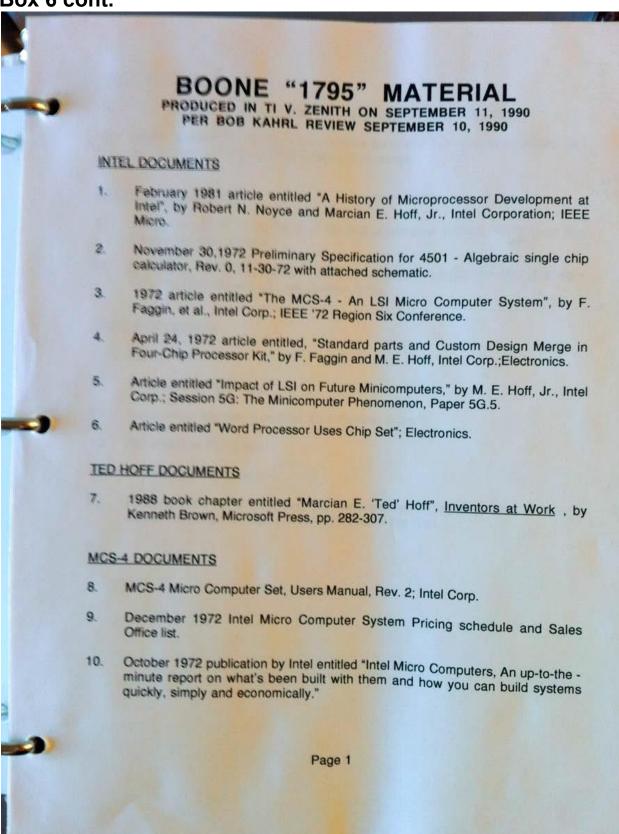
2 large binders contain references for TMC 1795 and TMS 1802.

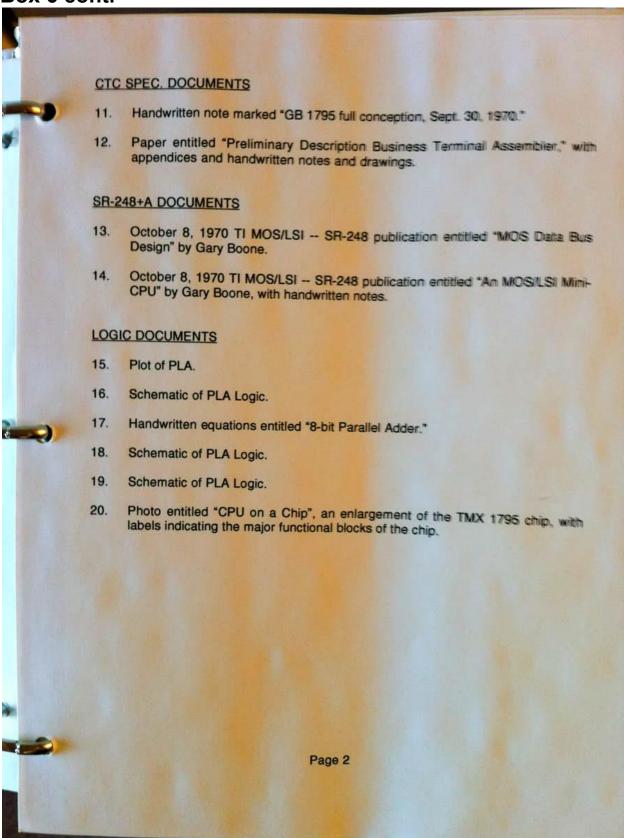
2 small binders have TMC 1795 photos on their cover, are relevant to the 1996 video at Microprocessor Forum done by University Video, including notes and emails with UVC.

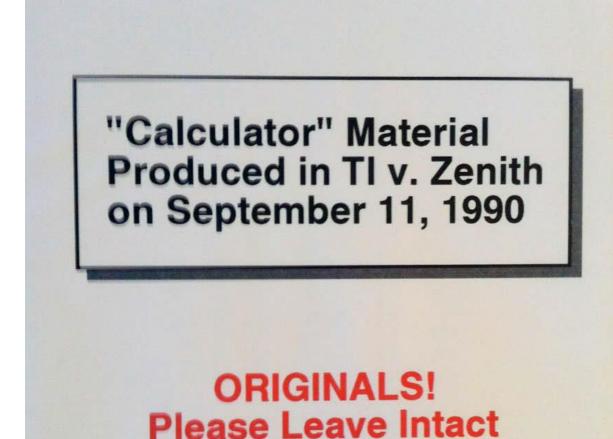












Box 6 cont.

BOONE "1802" MATERIAL

PRODUCED IN TI V. ZENITH ON SEPTEMBER 11, 1990
PER BOB KAHRL REVIEW SEPTEMBER 10, 1990

LETTERS

- January 6, 1970 memorandum from Gary Boone to Dave Roop Re: RFQ Information with attached note.
- December 22, 1969 Memorandum from Dave Roop to Don Brown Re: Your Questions on My Memo of December 20, 1969, re: Friden, CTC, Remington Rand and SCM.
- September 23, 1969 Memorandum from Dave Leonard to Dave Roop Re: RFO's.
- December 14,1970 Memorandum from Gary Boone to Daniel Baudouin re: One-Chip Calculator Development with attached Figures 1-8 (Figures 5, 7, and 8 missing).
- December 28, 1970 Memorandum from Gary Boone to Daniel Baudouin and Jurgen Muth Re: Standard Calculators with attached Figures 1-4.
- January 12, 1971 Memorandum from Widge Henrion to Don Benefiel, CC: All MOS Personnel Re: MOS Engineering Organization.
- 7. January 15, 1971 Memorandum from Gary Boone to Daniel Baudouin, et al. Re: Standard Calculator Quotations with attached Figures 1-3 (Figure 3 missing).
- July 19, 1971 Memorandum by Gary Boone entitled "Charter: MOS Systems Engineering," with attached drawing.
- January 28, 1971 Memorandum from Daniel Baudouin to Don Benefiel and Gary Boone, et al. Re: Standard Calculator.
- 10. Handwritten notes entitled "Standard Calculator Memo."
- February 15 1971 Memorandum from Widge Henrion to Don Benefiel, CC: Gary Boone, et al. Re: Standard Calculator Cost and Pricing.
- Handwritten diagram entitled "New Idea to Reduce STD 1 Chip Calculator to 180ml/side.
- 13. April 19, 1971 Telex from Gary Boone to John Stich, et al. Re: Your Kato /Nishida TWX 4-14.

Page 1

Box 6 cont.

- 185. One page handwritten document.
- 186. One page handwritten document entitled "Propose to Customer."
- 187. Five page handwritten document marked "Y" LED Interface Steve Pollack."
- 188. One page handwritten document.

DISCLOSURE

189. Calculator Logic Unit Patent Application Outline, draft containing the date 7/7/71.

SPECIFICATION

- 190. December 23, 1970 Specification by TI entitled "TMS 1802 NC, 8-Digit 4-Function Calculator."
- 191. May 14, 1971 publication by TI entitled "Tentative TMS1802NC Specifications."
- 192. June 14, 1972 TI publication, Marketing Newsbriefs entitled "MOS.LSI TMS 0100 NC One-Chip Update", by Daniel Baudouin, MOS/LSI New Products.
- 193. TI publication entitled "TMS 0100 MOS/LSI, One-Chip Calculator, Circuit Applications," written by the technical staff of TI.

MOS/HOST

- 194. May 22, 2972 article, "TI adds to Line Using 'Host Chip'," Electronics.
- 195. August 25, 1971 paper entitled "A Monolithic Calculator Using New MOS/HOST", Design Concept," draft with handwritten notes.
- 196. Paper entitled "Metering Applications."
- 197. Paper entitled "Terminals."

Page 10

Box 6 cont.

Len Shustek, 10/4/96 12:01 PM, Updated TI data as of 10/4/96

To: Len Shustek <shustekl@NGC.COM>
From: "Gary Boone, Micro Methods" <GBoone@USA.net>
Subject: Updated TI data as of 10/4/96
Cc:
Bcc:
X-Attachments:

Len,

As discussed, it was and is difficult to obtain accurate data.

But I think this update achieves that goal, finally. My review of multiple sources probably tested your patience. But it paid off in avoiding overstating the data in the table below.

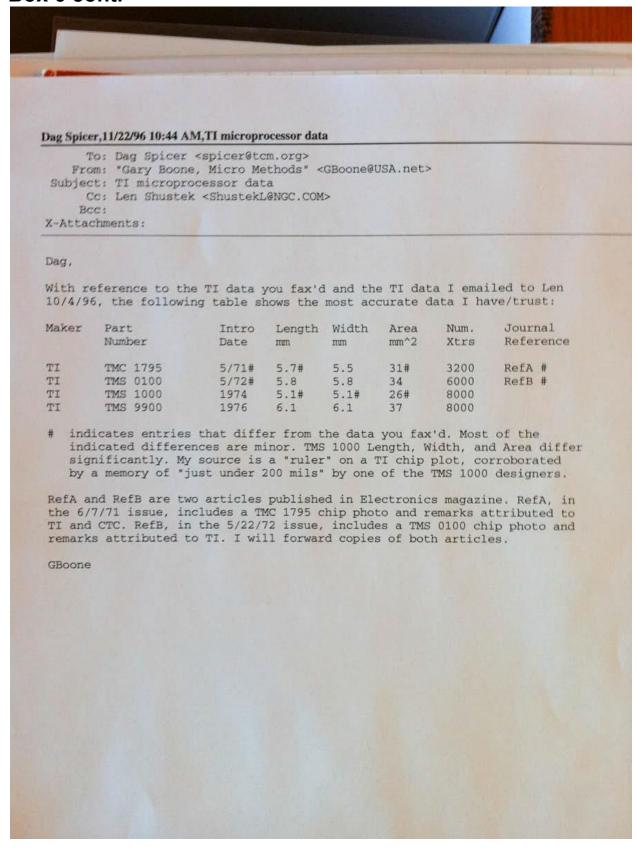
Updating "TMX 1795" to "TMC 1795" (the normal TI prefix for a Texas Mos Custom product) based on markings on surviving 1795 samples, updating prototype worked date for TMC 1795 based on an engineer's notebook entry showing 1795 parts were delivered and worked in the customer's system in 5/71, updating production ship date for TMS 0100 based on 5/72 publications introducing microcontroller functions in addition to calculator functions, and estimating number of transistors for TMS 1000 and TMS 9900 based on a quick visual inspection of chip plots, here is the resulting table of best available data for TI processors:

Processor Type	Chip Size W x H	Number of Transistors	Prototype Worked	Production Shipped
TMC 1795	215 x 225	3200	5/71	NA
TMS 0100	230 x 230	6000	7/71	1972
TMS 1000	200 x 200	8000*		1974
TMS 9900	240 x 240	8000*		1976

Each of the above entries except the * entries is based on at least one reliable source, e.g., a contemporaneous publication or notes, or a statement by an engineer who worked on that chip.

The * transistor estimates for TMS 1000 and TMS 9900 should be within plus/minus ten percent of actual. If I find more reliable information, I will notify you -- whether the * estimates are confirmed or not. I do not expect to find any large changes.

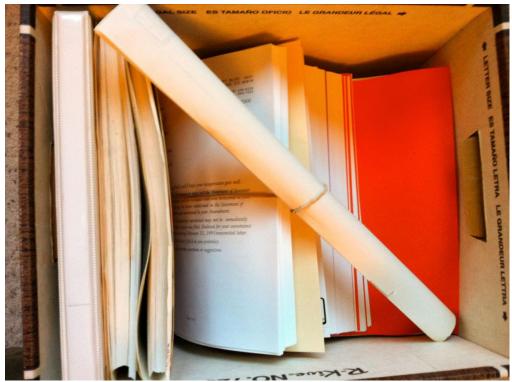
GBoone



Box 11 — currently at Fawn Meadow

TI material. UVC video material. Copies of references. Some info re TMC 1795 demo hardware from 1993. Folder with memos on TI visit to Ford in 1971. Hyatt v Boone material including CFR 131 declaration. Correspondence with Larry Bassuk. Stan Mazor plaintiffs exhibit from 1990.





Box 11 cont.

MEMORANDUM

October 4, 1971

TO:

Dan Baudouin Don Crocker Fran Krch

COPY:

Glenn Hartsell Widge Henrion

FROM:

Gary Boone

SUBJECT:

Inquiry Report

I think we may have walked into the mass market our "CPU-on-a-chip" concept desperately needs. Bob Fortier of Ford's Engine Control Division called to discuss their current development of an engine control system utilizing an MOS computer plus RAMs and ROMs. They are currently at an engagement stage with an unnamed Japanese vendor for an MOS feasibility study. However, my inputs on the 1795/4019 and future TI systems were apparently interesting enough to put that plan on hold until we can get to Detroit. Bob has requested that we meet as soon as I get back from Europe, tentatively on Thursday, October 21, 1971.

In the interim, Glenn will have made some progress in terms of specification and application data, the breadboard demonstration unit, and possibly prototype samples.

I have asked Don Crocker to send some data (Kent Andres PLA Application Report, TMS 1802 Specification, and 1795/4019 preliminary data) to Bob. Also, I think marketing should pick up the ball with respect to any additional information, planning, and scheduling meetings, etc.

Gary Boone

GB:1s

Box 11 cont.

MEMORANDUM

2 November 1971

Fran Krch TO:

Daniel Baudouin

Dave Simpson CC:

Gary Boone

FROM:

Glenn Hartsell

SUBJECT:

Customer Visit Report

Ford Motor Company visit of 10-21-71

VISITORS:

David Moyer, Sean Devlin, Bob Fortier from General Parts Division - Advanced Engine

Control Program

Tlers:

Gary Boone, Don Crocker, Glenn Hartsell, Fran Krch

MAIN INTEREST: Specific electronic controller for:

- 1.) Fuel injection timing and duration.
- 2.) Ignition timing.
- 3.) Control of exhaust gas recirculation in internal combustion gasoline engines for autos.

They presently are using PDP-11 to control an engine on a test stand. Also, a separate ignition control system called EMIS - Electronically Modulated Ignition System - is being developed.

They are interested in MOS/LSI to keep cost down, but must have high reliability in a severe environment - unit must operate under the hood where ambient temperatures reach 120 degrees C. Consideration will be limited to parts produced by established processes because of reliability requirement.

REQUIREMENTS:

- I. A functional prototype system which can be mounted in an auto by February 1972. This system can be less sophisticated than the final system so long as the engine performance degradation is not too noticable to the driver. This prototype system need not be mounted under the hood.
- II. To verify that MOS/LSI circuits can function reliably in an automotive environment, a test program involving 200 ears will be started in February 1972. Each of the cars will be equipped with a circuit performing some function which can be monitored by the driver. The unit is not required to perform a useful function, but it would be desirable if it does.

Box 11 cont.

The second secon	21-10	
MEMORANDUM	Page -2-	11-02-71
III. Custom designed	devices for pre-produc	ction and production

	6/73	1/74	6/74	6/75
Gov't. certification program	10-15			
Pre-production		100	10K-50K	
Production				2-3M

PROPOSED SOLUTIONS:

- I. The 1795A CPU was proposed as the best way to achieve a functional prototype system in the limited time available. It does not have the computational speed to meet the final system requirements as now defined, but it probably can be used in the prototype system.
- II. The 1802 calculator chip was suggested for use in the reliability demonstration program. Its use in an electronic speedometer/tachometer was discussed, and will be considered by Ford.
- III. A custom designed processor and ROM system will be the most economical solution for the high volume of 2-3 million systems per year for the production system.

ACTION ITEMS:

- FORD MOTOR COMPANY: 1.) Determine if 1795A will meet minimum requirements for a functional prototype system.
 - Consider uses of 1802 for reliability program.

MOS ENGINEERING:

Design logic for interfacing 1795A to existing ROM.

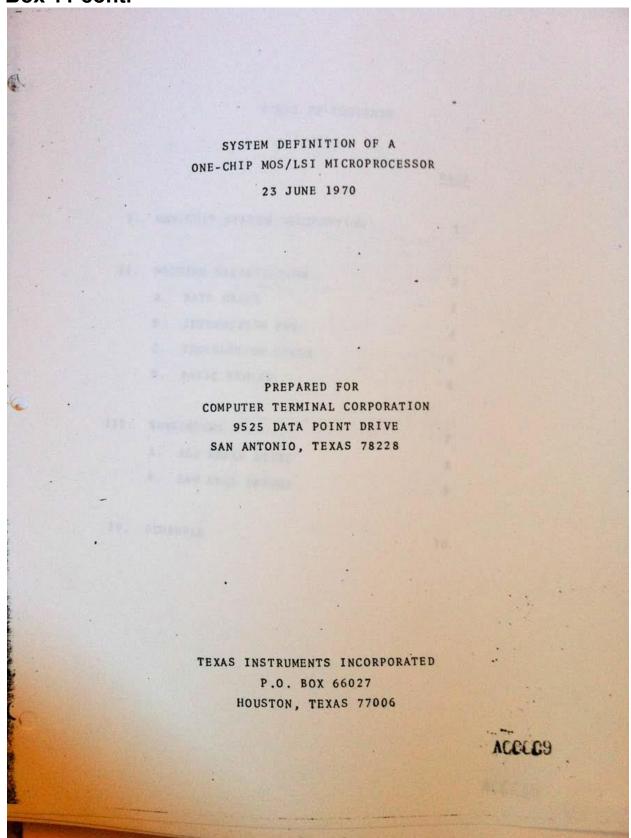
MOS MARKETING:

- Send Ford two 1795A sample units promised 11/30 to 12/15/71.
- Follow up on application of 1802 in electronic speedometer/tachometer unit.

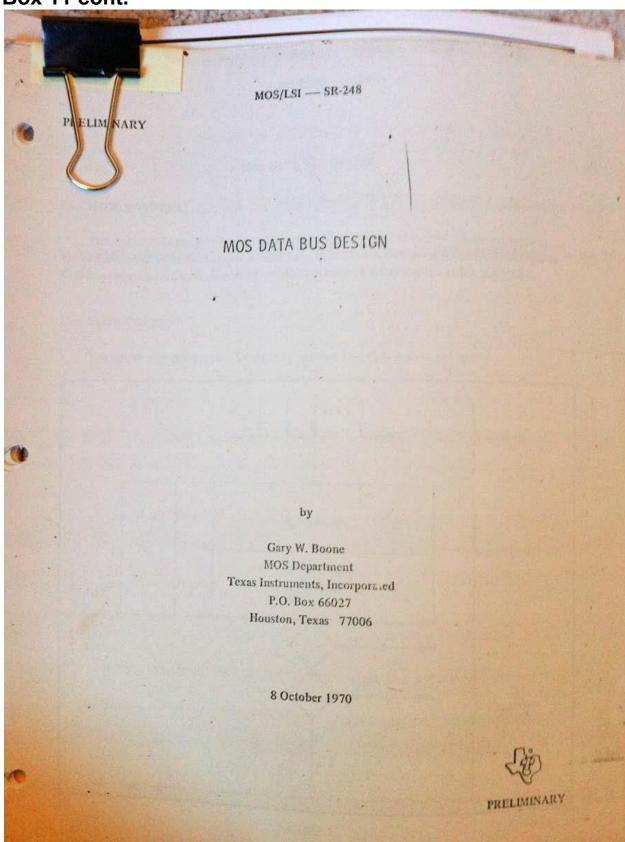
Hemi Hartsell

GH/mgm

Box 11 cont.



Box 11 cont.



Box 42

Hyatt patent application and copies of references.



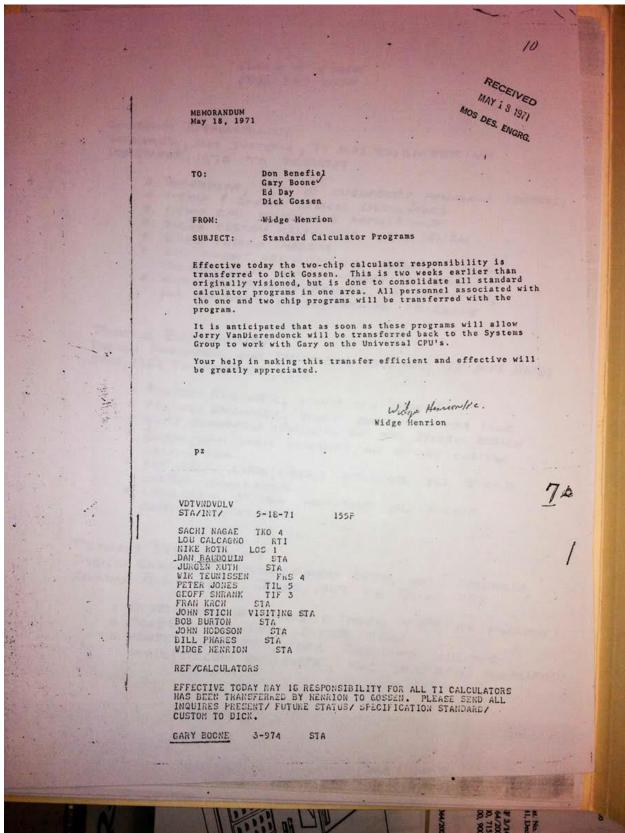


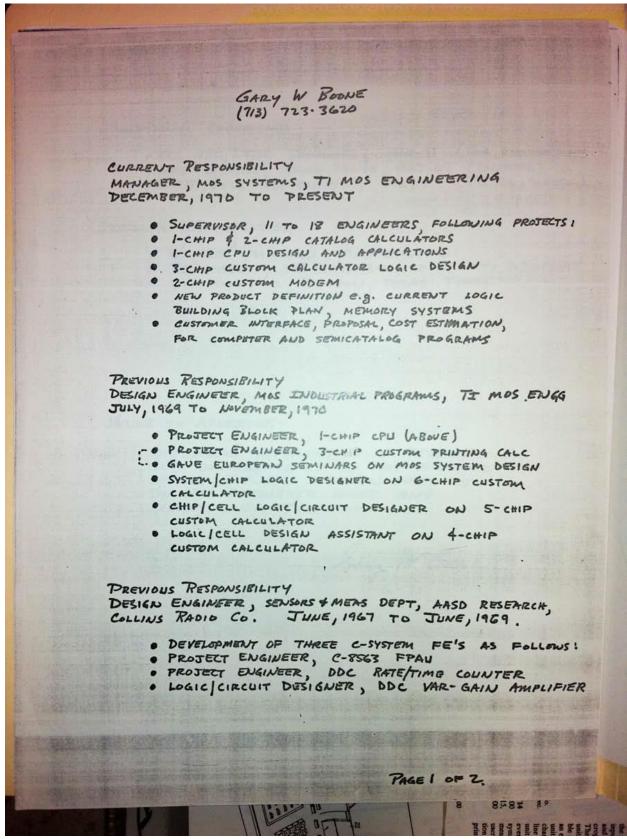
Large amount of early micro references. Early Gary Boone files. 1971 memos from TI. 1982 original correspondence with Mel Sharp. Litronix v Bowmar material. Also later material ca. 1990.

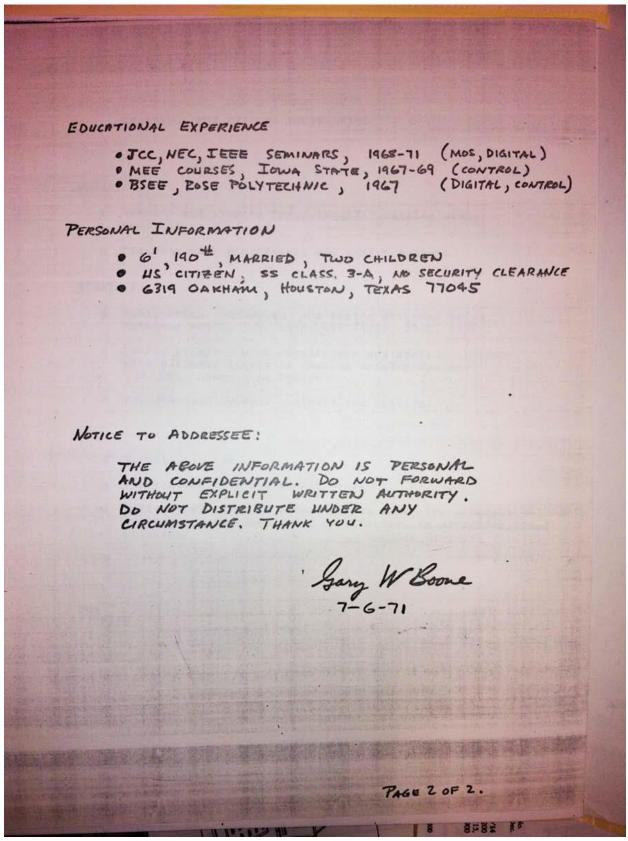












CHARTER: MOS SYSTEMS ENGINEERING o Develop and promote "Programmable" catalog and semi-custom products. o Programs with significant new system content. STRATEGY: o Publication, promotion, and custom programs using existing parts, I.E. 1802, 1795/4019, 2000, 2200. o Custom programs with significatn new systems content with ultimate intent to develop catalog systems E.G. CPU, Modem, Dig Filter. o Pre-proposal systems analysis and opinion. TEST: o Marketplace MOSE. o Penetration into new market areas. o Delivery of parts in budget and on time, wrt original estimates, and considering such factors as actual/presumed resources. GWB . 7/19/71

MEMORANDUM 12 January 1971 MOSE 71/103

TO:

Don Benefiel

COPY:

All MOS Personnel

FROM:

Widge Henrion

SUBJECT: MOS Engineering Organization

Effective immediately, the following organization is established.

An MOS System Engineering program is formed under Gary Boone. It is the responsibility of this program to define all systems and provide the definition of new catalog circuits. A prime responsibility of this group is to interface with the customer and provide support to Marketing.

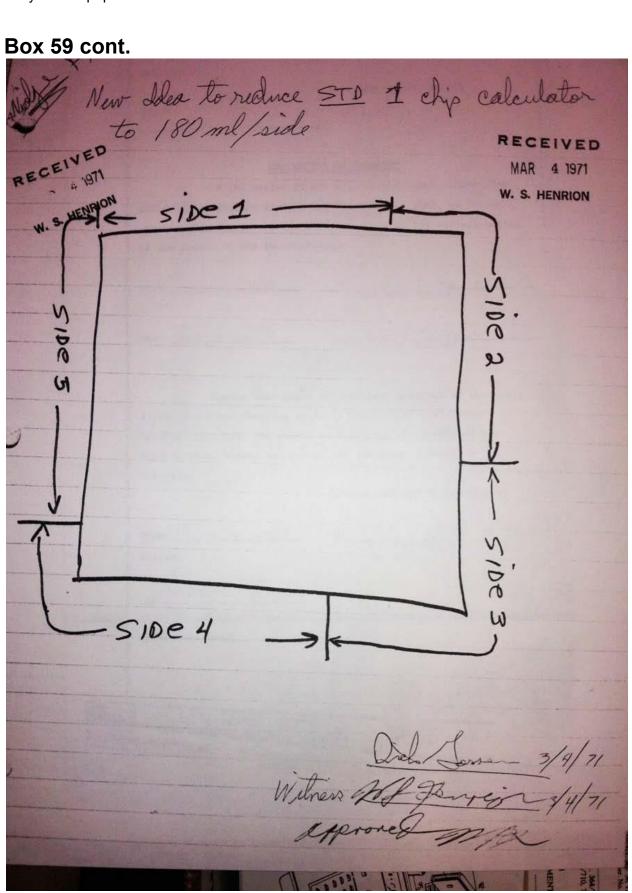
The Industrial and Consumer Design programs will be managed by Dick Gossen. Dick will be responsible for the programs shown on the attached organization chart. Kent Andres will be project engineer on the new Computer Design calculator. Joe Sexton will be responsible for the transfer of the programmable business to the Planning and Artwork program. After this has been accomplished, he will be reassigned to one of the design activities.

Dr. Clinton Kuo will be manager of the Catalog Circuits program. This will include the design of RAMs, Shift Registers, programmable circuits, and the super RAMs.

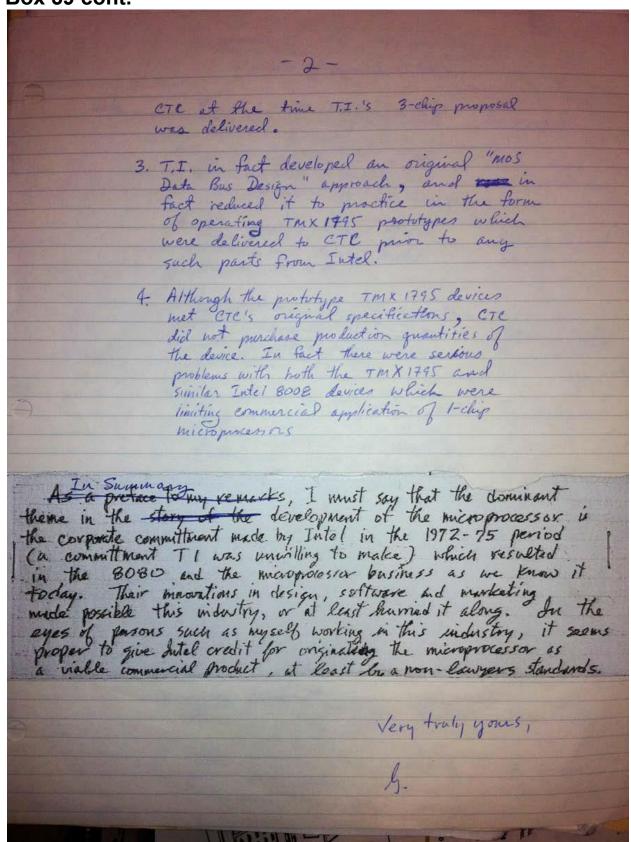
Each of the program managers will be establishing detailed organizations and charters within the next week.

Your assistance and cooperation during the transition phase will be appreciated.

WSH: tb Attachment



	Draft
	Mr. Mel Sherp
	Texas Instruments Inc
	P.O. Box 225474, M.S. 219
	Dallas, Texas 75265
	Vear Mr. Sharp:
	Per your request, I have record reviewed the
	TMX 1795/4019 patent applications, the "SR-248"
	order to refresh my memory and reconstruct the
	amoriante showolves at cianificant quente reardine
	approximate chronology of significant events regarding the development of one-chip 8-bit microprocessor
	inventions. and products Attachment I gives a format
	for use in determining the extent of external contributions,
	to use in determining the extent of external contributions, that with respect to both viewpoints, i.e. inventions and
	commercial products.
1	AND A ME TO A DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF T
	Although the precise chronology of contributions will remain
THE REAL PROPERTY.	Somewhat vague until the events listed can be tied
N 2 (18) -	to factual documentation; it seems clear to me that
	T.I. should exercise contion not to overstate its
	Mr. J. Fred Bucy be advised of the following points:
	1. A major constribution was made by CTC (Mr. Victor Poor) in specifying an \$28-bit language, i.e. set of instructions and registers,
	language i.e. set of instructions and registers.
	which turned out to be with effective it
	for = smart terminals and other products, and
	also feasible, as a t-chip partied component
	using data-hus internal design concepts.
	2 Tutel is a hold C-+ 1 suggest
	2. Intel was probably first to suggest a
	parallel data has approach which would eventually allow a 1-chip 8-bit microprocessor to become
	feasible, based on the informal feed-back from
	THE SERE EX

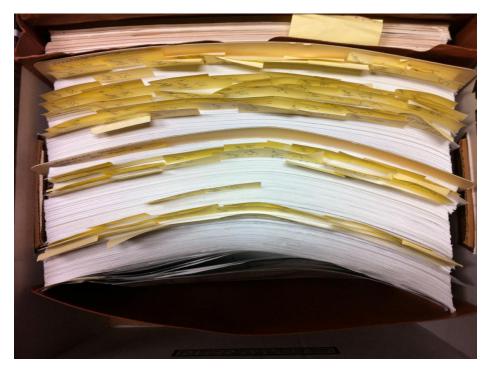


Box 59 cont.	
	Affacts went I
	Development of tellip 8-bit Microprocessor (Chronology of Signi Resent Events)
Date	Front (Should be ordered by Late) Documentation
	* CTC awarls a contract to T.I. & Purchase Order? Specifying 8-bit instructions set CTC Specification? and register-level block diagram
	* T.I. completes Phase 1 of CTC Phase 1 Report? contract, and delivers 3-chip Invoice? proposal to CTC
	(Intel) knows from to do it on Expense Report?
	A T.I. reviews its alternatives, tod Project Report? desides to gamble that a parallel data has approach will allow he containable on one chips, and assigned three engineers to the one-chip project.
	* T.I. develops data but concepts Logic Schematics and conceives complete TMX 1795 design
5	* T.I. uses superior resources Project Report? (manpower and technology) to produce prototype TMX 1795 devices
	* Intel prototype 300% Press Release? devices y to any wistomer
	* Intel improves 8008 substantially Press Release? using new technology resources Journal Article? (40-pin pechage g larger die size)
	A STORY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

Box 60

Hyatt file histories. Gary Boone original file history from 1989.





Box 61

Cited references for various Hyatt patents.





Correspondence from Gary Boone to TI, some having to do with 1989 Golson report. Couple of folders related to "History of Custom MOS Design" presentation by Steve Golson in 2000. Email from Gary Boone to Jerry Van regarding *Dallas Morning News* article Feb 4 2001 re Michael Cochran.





Hyatt v Boone documents. TI v Zenith exhibits and documents, some marked "TI Confidential via Protective Order."
Proposal from TI to Bowmar for 2-chip calculator.





Lots of TI materials. Hyatt v Boone. Magazine articles. Datapoint datasheets and information. Original material on TMS 0100, TMS 0200. TI 1971 Annual Report re annual meeting of stockholders April 19, 1972.





Much TI materials. TMC 1795 design documents and artifacts. Material re 1996 TMC 1795 demo (codename Verdi).

Correspondence with Karen Mathews and University Video. Hyatt v Boone material.





Early TI material ca. early 1990s. Notes from 1990, 1992 meetings with Vic Poor. Folder marked Kantowski with copy of large "Single-chip CPU" drawing. Hyatt v Boone. *Note that about half of the contents of this box were returned to the donor and are not in the CHM collection.*





TI file histories.





Box 70

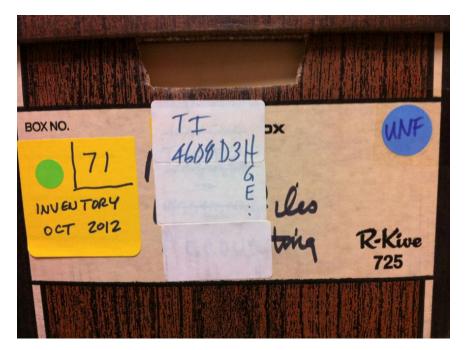
TI file history and material re patent applications. Correspondence with Lee Boysel including draft of Lee's article reciting the history of the microprocessor.





Box 71

TI patent file histories. Hyatt articles.





Box 72

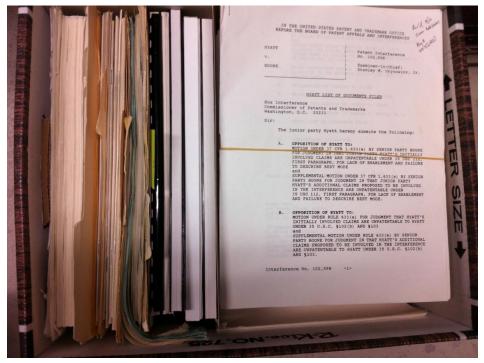
Hyatt file histories with references from inventor Lee.





Hyatt v Boone. Bunting v Boone (early Bowmar interference) including original declarations. Early TI materials. TI stockholder's meeting reports (not 1972). Letter from Gary Boone at Litronix to TI as Litronix was shutting down.





Computer History Museum

TI v Zenith. TI v Daewoo (Dec 1991). Possible duplicates of material in other boxes. Prior art references (e.g., Maurice Wilkes paper). Folder marked "Calculator material" contains original TI documents ca. 1970. Folder marked "Intel 1201–8008 specs" appears to be documents about TI patent applications. Folder with newspaper clippings about a Boone-Cochran patent being issued.





X6996.2014 Gary Boone papers

Box 94

AMD, Digital, Cypress databooks.

Note that most materials in this box were returned to the donor and are not in the CHM collection.





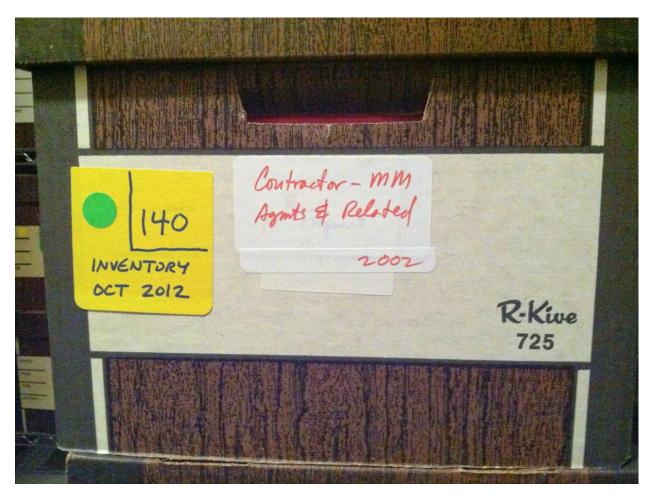
Box 125

Personal financial records and documents. **Note that all items except for a folder containing information about a 1996 IEEE oral history with Boone were returned to the donor.**

Box 140

Contracts and documents regarding Micro Methods subcontractors. Folder marked "UVC–MM 11/13-19/96" contains contract with University Video Communications (UVC) re TMC 1795 video project. Copies of Ford and Intel agreements on EEC-IV (December 1979). File on Nintendo v variety of companies.

Note that two items in this box were returned to the donor and are not in the CHM collection.



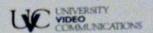
Box 140 cont.



Box 140 cont.



Box 140 cont.



BILLING SCHEDULE AND TERMS

Micro Methods

For videotaping a demonstration of the TI 1795 Microprocessor at the Fairmont Hotel in San Jose, October 22, 1996:

Gary Boone, presenter

Total \$2,000.00

INVOICE SCHEDULE (TERMS: NET 15 DAYS)

FIRST PAYMENT On project of

On project commencement Date: October 22, 1996 \$2,000.00

Gary Boone holds control of presentation content. University Video Communications is performing the above services for Micro Methods on a "work for hire" basis and will not have rights to distribute or use the resulting videotape unless another agreement is formed by Micro Methods and UVC in the future. The master tape will be sent to UVC's producer, Larry Mondi, for review and recommendations for editing. A time-coded VHS copy will be sent to Karen Mathews and Gary Boone for their review.

Gary Acone Micro Methods u/13/96 (date)

Karen Mathews
University Video Communications

(date)

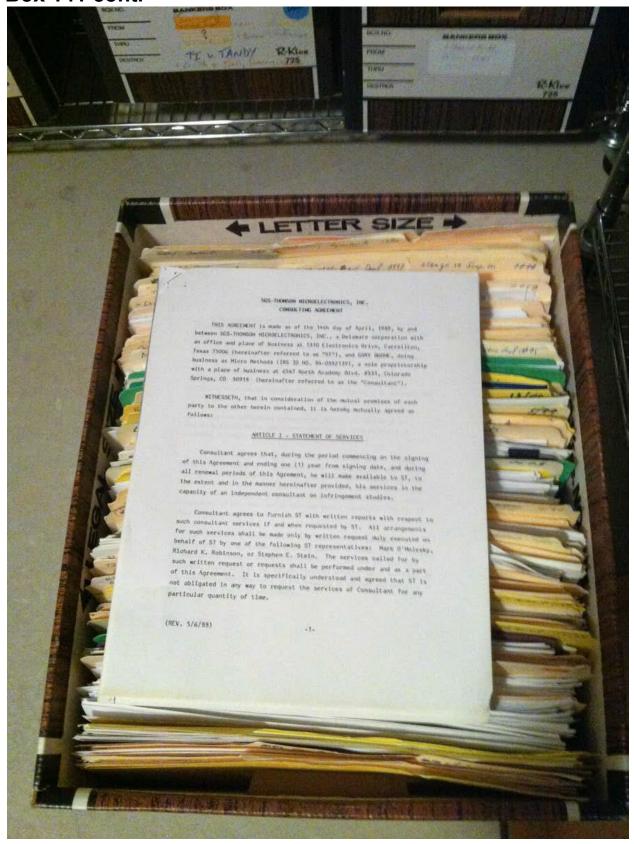
3130 Impala Drive, 2nd Floor, San Jose, CA 95117 • P.O. Box 2666, Stanford, CA 94309 USA (408) 379-0100 • Fax (408) 379-2300

Box 141

Contracts with Gary Boone dba Micro Methods working for clients (back to ca. 1983). Folder labeled "UVC proposal 0996" has correspondence between Gary and UVC regarding TMC 1795 project.



Box 141 cont.

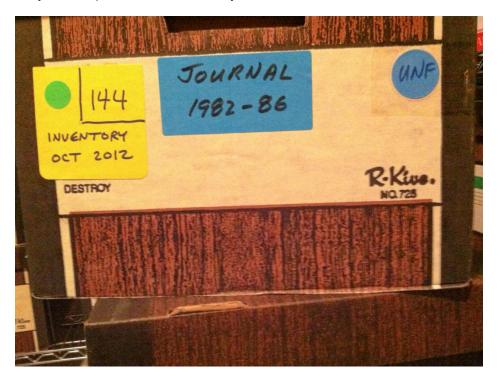


Box 141 cont.



Box 144

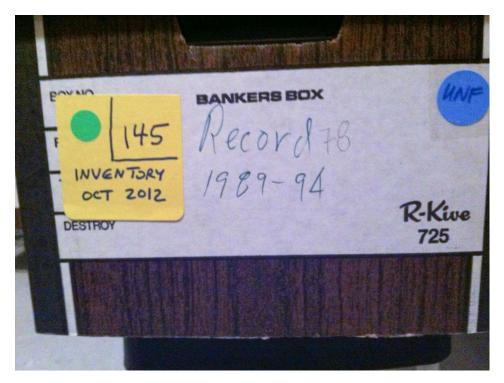
Gary Boone personal diaries and journals 1982-ca. 1986.





Box 145

Gary Boone personal diaries and journals May 13, 1989– November 30, 1994.

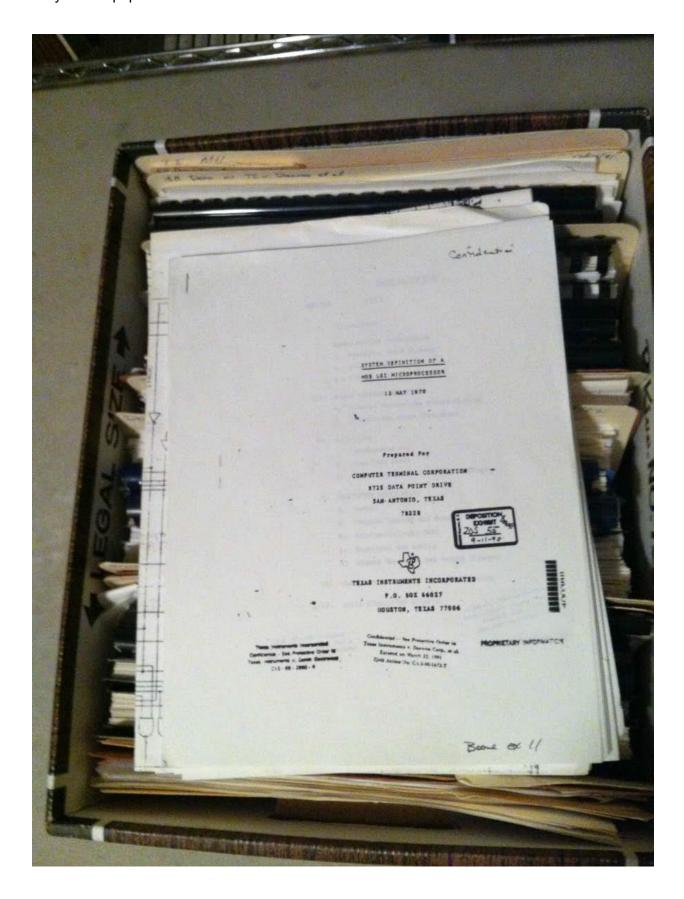




Box 153

Paper copies of Gary Boone depositions and subpoenas. TI v Zenith. TI v Dell. TI v Grid and Tandy. TI v Daewoo. Some exhibits.

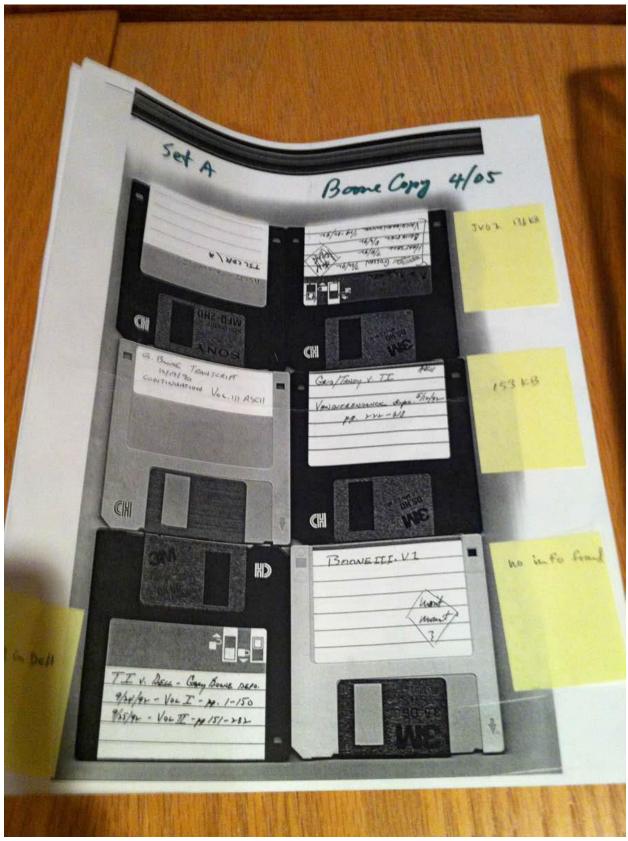






Deposition and other files from TI litigation. Various media: floppies, Zip drives, SyQuest drive. Paper index of media. VHS check copy of UVC taping from Microprocessor Forum in 1996. Additional taping by Gary Boone of TMX 1795 demo unit. Zip drive containing scans of TMX 1795, TMS 0100.

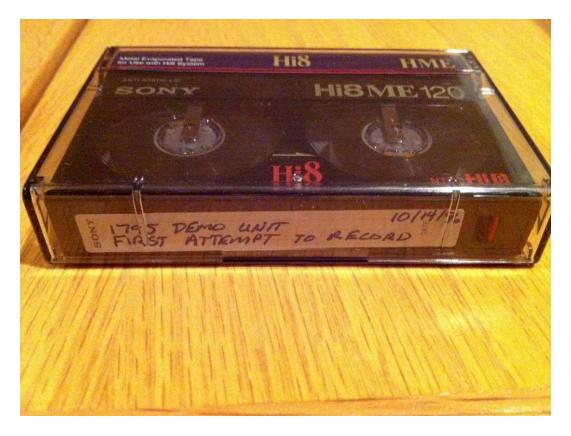




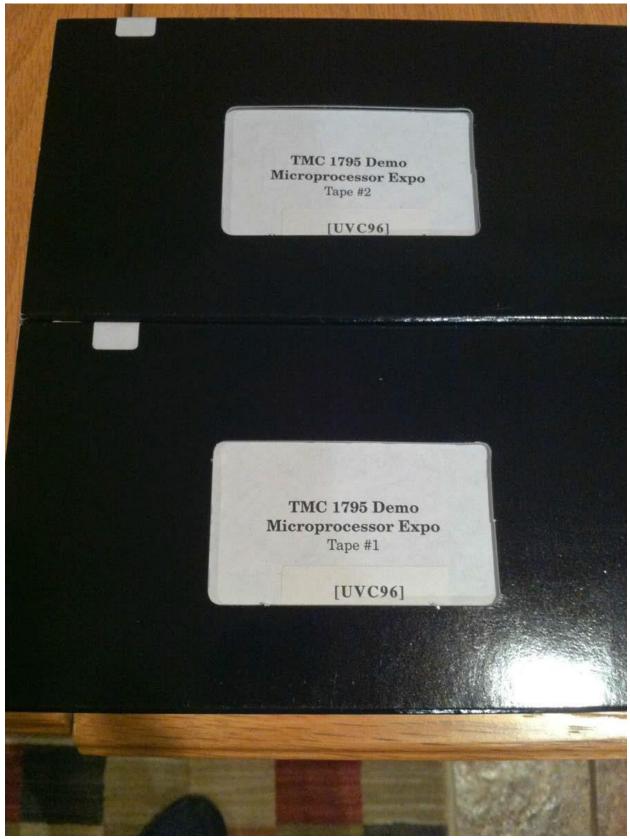








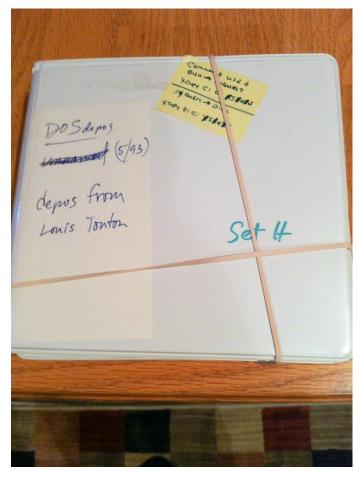




Box 159

Deposition transcripts on a variety of media. See Box 158 for paper index.

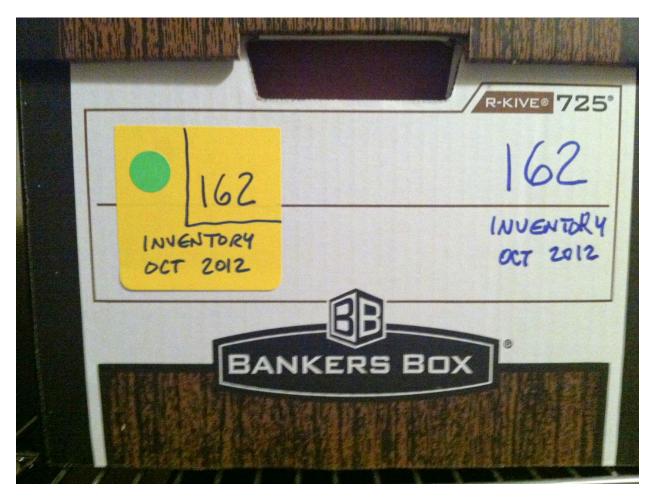






Notes from late 1971 on Gary Boone trips to Siemens, Olivetti. TI references. Gary Boone resume when leaving Litronix. Ford panel discussion that Gary was on. Collins material 1967–1968. Transcript of UVC video on 1795. References ca. 1972 on Intel MCS-4. Datapoint specs. Postcards from 1996 Microprocessor Forum event. Trademark registration for Micro Methods. Patent agent certificate from USPTO. Black binder of Litronix overhead transparencies re scientific calculators. Hanging file folder containing personal material, Gary's resumes, job descriptions, Ford reports, Litronix reports, copies of patents, 1972 TI newsletter re single-chip calculator, 1982 letter from TI listing Gary's patents, employment reviews from Litronix, 1982 proposals from Micro Methods to Calma and Computervision.

Note that some items were removed from this box and returned to the donor.



Box 162 cont.



Box 162 cont.

VERSIFIED FUND Total

+25.2% + 2.5% 27.7% *

dded to the

OUNTS

\$ 80.50 \$114.51 \$114.51 \$125.37

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Calculator on a Chip Named Circuit of the Year



Amelia Rust of Equipment Group, Dallas, displays the "Calculator on a Chip'', a complex integrated circuit containing all the logic and memory functions necessary for an eight-digit calculator. The device was named "Circuit of the Year" by a German electronics

The tiny chip of silicon measures less than one-fourth of an inch square, but this extremely complex integrated circuit contains all the logic and memory functions necessary for an eightdigit calculator. In the process it replaces over 6,000 transistors.

Sound pretty amazing? It's TI's "Calculator on a Chip", an integrated circuit produced in Houston using the metal-oxidesemiconductor process (MOS).

While this latest development in IC's by TI engineers was

introduced only late last year. already it's off to a phenomenal start. Recognizing the importance and complexity of the device, "Elektronische Zeitung," a leading German electronics publication, named the "Calculator on a Chip" "Circuit of the Year."

The tiny IC is more than deserving of the honor. "It's the most complex circuit ever designed by TI and successfully phased into production," says Don Benefiel. MOS department manager in Houston.

By virtue of its customer appeal this new TI product is enjoying success in the marketplace. It is also contributing to the increased sales of other TI products destined for use in electronic calculators. These products include visual light emitting diodes and VLED drivers made in Dallas, select plastic encapsulated transistors also made by Dallas Tlers, and calculator keyboards that are produced by Tlers in Attleboro, Mass.

It took TI engineers a year of intense work to design the chip and the fact that it was possible is attributable to a team effort, says MOS Engineering Branch Manager Dave Simpson. (See CHIP, Page 3)



Vol. 3, No. 2

For Tlers, About Tlers, By Tlers

February 1972

'71 Income Up 13% With Sales Decrease C/U Election

Box 162 cont.

them in Large Scale (LSI) of complex elcuitry and systems.
circuits are coming
e in such applications
c calculators. In theions a single cip of
one-tenth of an inch
contain as many as
e electronic circuits
all mathematic funcalculator.

tions were made by by, who, in February. resented the National cience by President Nixon for original of integrated circuits 58.

,643,138 is for the configuration comin the majority of ated circuits now factured. It descrited circuits in which circuit elements are tly in the semiconducnd partly by insulating ting layers on the waated-gate field-effect and silicon oxide care examples of such ments. "MOS" is the monly used today for circuits with elements

3,643,232 covers intion techniques which sible LSI circuits of both "bi-polar" type now to wide use.

SI patent has 24 claims des an array of electcuits, or "cells", in olumns with "tunnels" and shift registers for calculators and computers. The patent also covers multiple layers of metal leads for large numbers of cell interconnections.

TI said several semiconductor manufacturers already are licensed under the two key patents described.

Chip

(Cont. From Page 1)

Dave has been associated with the program for about four months, but he cites the individuals responsible for developing the new IC: Gary Boone, manager of Systems Engineering, who conceived the design; Dick Gossen, manager of Calculator Design, who implemented the design into hardware; and engineers Roger Fisher, Joe Raymond, and Mike Cochran.

TI's "Calculator on a Chip" is capable of adding, subtracting, multiplying, and dividing -- basic calculator functions. With it comes the age of low-cost, pocket size electronic calculators for use by practically everyone. An age TIers are making happen.

FOR SALE - 2 Bedroom Mobile home; 12' by 52'; central air and heat; washer; carpet; \$3,200 firm; Call 467-4215 or Ext. 2646 (3rd shift). See at 2648 1/2 Campbell Rd.

FOR SALE: Youth Bed w/mattress, walnut finish; Like new; \$25. Call 499, 1790



Seven Canadian vi senting the users. buyers of the "Sile ectronic Data termi Police Canadian Centre (CPIC) prog DSD-Houston the w uary 17 for operation tenance training. was given by Gary DSD Field Service ing with help from emaud (Marketing), bert (Field Servic Woodruff (Engineeri

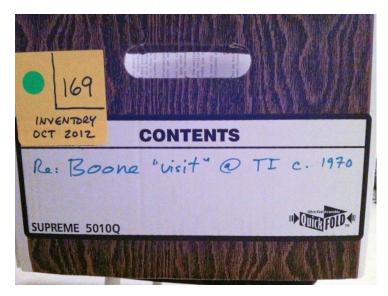
The CPIC progra

Did Y

Many Tlers have larger tax bite has be from their paycheck

The Internal Reversion an effort to mipleasant surprises' of the 1971 tax law that "many employ more Federal Tax they had anticipate adjust their with 1972."

TI material. TI references. Lemelson v General Mills. Boone v Hyatt. Lee Boysel AL1 demo unit. Boone deposition TI v Dell. Lee Boysel material. Datapoint manuals and user guide.





TI v ITC ca. 1986. Hyatt magazine and newspaper articles. Patent analysis against Intel Pentium. Intel history of integrated circuit. Engineering reports 1986. Resumes and biographical materials of people who worked with Gary Boone. IEEE Consultants Network. Atari Games v Nintendo.

Note that one folder was removed and returned to the donor.



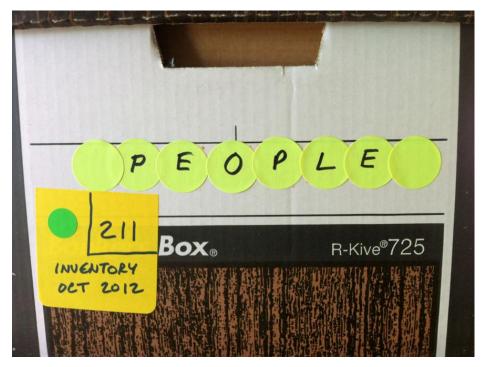


Personal financial records. Gary Boone journals and notebooks 1986–1989. *Note that one folder was removed and returned to the donor.*





Correspondence filed by individual names. Larry Bassuk, Bob Kahrl among others.





Box 212

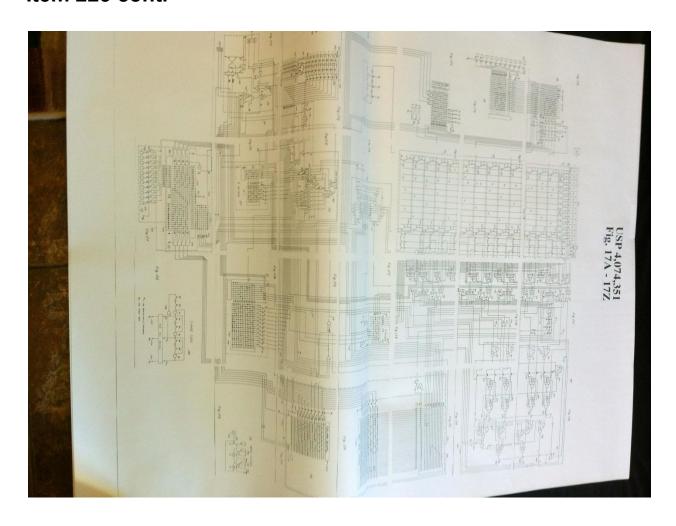
REDACTED personal correspondence.

Item 223

Bottom drawer of flat file. Much TI materials. Fig. 17 of '351 patent (one folded, two flat). Photographs of 1795 annotated. Large 1802 ruby. Large plots of TMS 0100, TMS 1000, TMC 1795A. Presentations apparently for Ford.



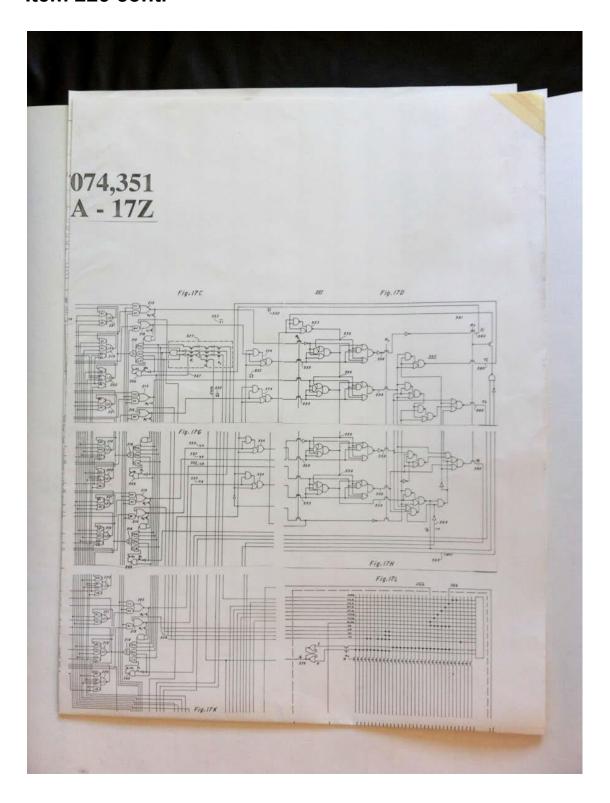






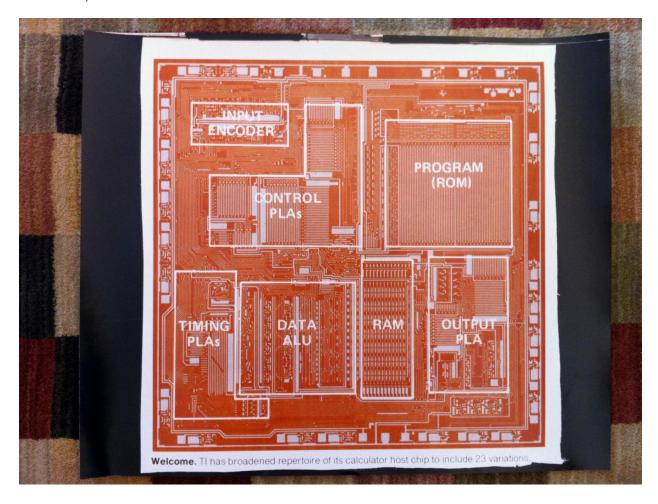






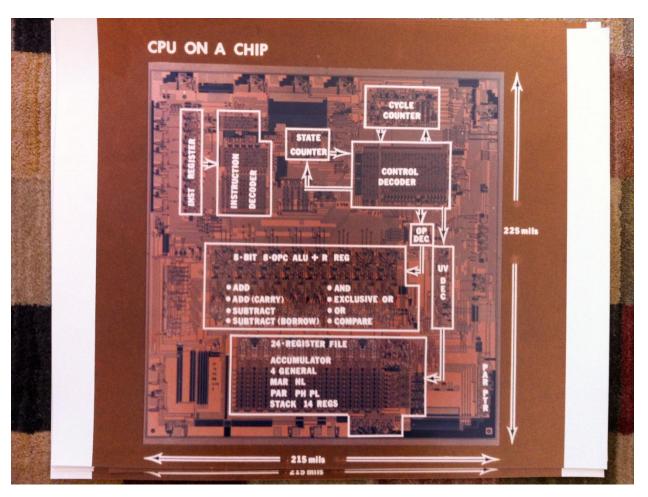
Item 223 cont.

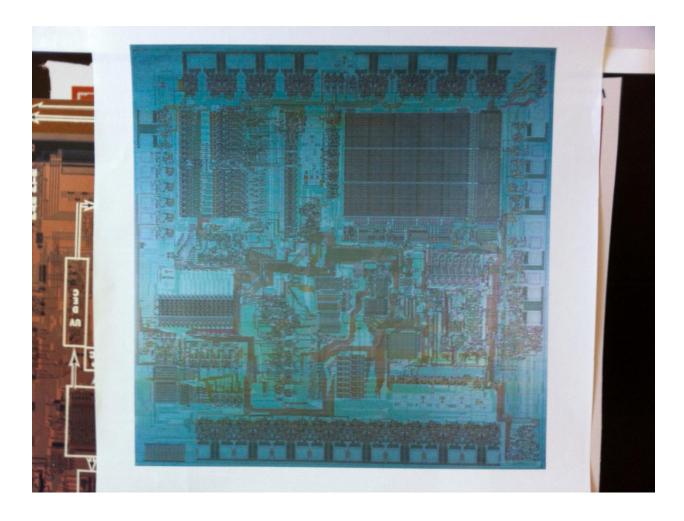
TMS 1802, TMS 0100



Item 223 cont.

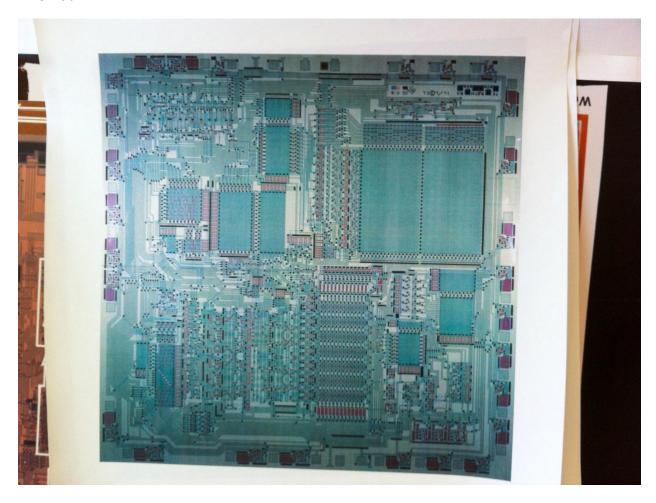
TMC 1795





Item 223 cont.

TMS 1802



Item 223 cont.

TMS 1000

