

Love and madness

All might be mad, but love can still exist.

1

Love and madness

(J23055) 20=MAY=74 17:04; Title: Author(s): Robert N.  
Lieberman/RLL; Distribution: /SLJ( [ INFO=ONLY ] ) ; Sub=Collections:  
SRI=ARC; Clerk: RLL;

link stack= failure to update version,

If one updates a file, jumps to a new file, control C's to the exec, deletes old version of first file, continues, and then tries a jump file return (jump ,fr in TNLS) then one gets the message 'no such version'. My guess: link stack does not get updated to most recent version.

1

link stack= failure to update version,

(J23058) 20-MAY-74 17:14; Title: Author(s): Robert N,  
Lieberman/RL; Distribution: /FDBK( [ ACTION ] ); Sub=Collections:  
SRI-ARC; Clerk: RLL;

link stack = failure to update version,

If one updates affile in new nls (tnls), jumps to a new file, control c's to the exec, deletes the old version of the first file, continues, and tries a j[ump] ,fr in TNLS then one gets the message 'no such version', Link stack appears to not have been updated to latest version number.

1

RLL 20-MAY-74 17:23 23059

link stack = failure to update version.

(J23059) 20-MAY-74 17:23; Title: Author(s): Robert N.  
Lieberman/RLL; Distribution: /FDBK; Sub=Collections: SRI=ARC; Clerk:  
RLL;

send=mail,rll partial copy left around

On occasions, not sure at moment exactly which ones, the file [send=mail],pc appears in directory with the ,rll extension having nothing in it besides the statement 0 and message that no content was specified, this has occurred after a successful journal submission (I think successful) as well as after no sendmail submissions. A related bug; after deleting both the ,rll and ,pc versions of send=mail file, once a got a 'no such version' message after doing the message, title, send to,, and done commands in sendmail subsystem. My guess, system some how thought old send=mail,rll was around but it was not discovered it was not there until 'done' command,

1

RLL 20-MAY-74 17:30 23060

send=mail,rll partial copy left around

(J23060) 20-MAY-74 17:30; Title: Author(s): Robert N,  
Lieberman/RLL; Distribution: /FDBK; Sub=Collections: SRI-ARC; Clerk:  
RLL;



response to Response

Susan, your presentation is really nice,

response to Response

Markers do work in links, thanks. Update Compact (and some other operations?) still scrambles them, though,

1

I think "Force Case" is much nicer than "set Case mode", (mjournal,23019,19) How about "show markers",...,"Show File Marker" is two extra key strokes considering "marker" is a second character name in expert expert mode,

2

response to Response

(J23062) 20-MAY-74 19:38; Title: Author(s): Dirk H. Van Nouhuys/DVN;  
Distribution: /NEWNLS( [ ACTION ] ); Sub=Collections: SRI=ARC NEWNLS;  
Clerk: DVN;

Call for Contributions to the Quarterly Management Report

As if you didn't have anything else to do, it is Quartely Managemnt Report time Again, With contract extension and so on the dates covered have gotten rather confused, This report should recount developments between November 9th and May 9th, Would those who see their idents by some topic, please write a paragraph or so and give me a written copy or notify me of its address by Friday the 24th,

If anyone wishes to suggest other accomplishments or problems, please feel free to do so,

II MAJOR ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Privacy (JEW)

Journal System on Two Machines (JEW)

Line Processor (CHI)

New NLS in Operation at ARC (CHI)

Feedback System (SRL)

User Developemnt (JHB)

III PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED (RWW) (JCN)

IV FISCAL STATUS (JCN)

V ACTION REQUIRED BY THE GOVERNMENT (JCN)

1

2

3

3a

3b

3c

3d

3e

3f

4

5

6

Call for Contributions to the Quarterly Management Report

(J23063) 20-MAY-74 21:05; Title: Author(s): Dirk H. Van Nouhuys/DVN;  
Distribution: /JEW( [ ACTION ] ) CHI( [ ACTION ] ) SRL( [ ACTION ] )  
JHB( [ ACTION ] ) JCN( [ ACTION ] ) RWW( [ ACTION ] ) SRI=ARC( [ ACTION ] )  
INFO-ONLY ] ) ; Sub=Collections: SRI=ARC DPCS; Clerk: DVN;

Journal Item

The journal item of which we were just speaking is (journal,14840,)

1

Journal Item

(J23065) 20-MAY-74 22:13; Title: Author(s): Dirk H. Van  
Nouhuys/DVN; Distribution: /JHB( [ INFO=ONLY ] ); Sub=Collections:  
SRI=ARC; Clerk: DVN;

appl progrs vs syst progrs

Here is a hopefully useful, though of course not rigorous,  
distinction between application programs and system programs:

1

Application programs build upon system capabilities. They provide the means to utilize the system in ways that are appropriate to particular tasks or problems. Examples are the Ident System, the Output Processor, and all User Programs,

1a

System programs provide capabilities in a system that it would be virtually impossible to provide through application programs. Examples span the spectrum from the simple capability called "Insert Statement", to the more complex capabilities called the "Journal" and the "Calculator",

1b



MDK 21-MAY-74 11:30 23069

appl progrs vs syst progrs

(J23069) 21-MAY-74 11:30; Title; Author(s): Michael D, Kudlick/MDK;  
Distribution; /DCE JCN; Sub=Collections; SRI=ARC; Clerk: MDK;

Problems wit the JOVIAL Manual, Jammed and Missing Characters: The Ball is back to DDSI,

After studing more COM tests and Octal dumps Elizabeth has concluded that the bit stream we sent DDSI called for all the correct characters and the correct spacing in the test run of the JOVIAL Manual,

1

This morning we called Floyd Dozier at DDSI,

2

He replied that he believed he understood the problem of the missing characters; their font was simply missing a few characters, He believes he can easilly round them up,

2a

The spacing problem around the transtion between sland and non-slant text still puzzles him however, He said he would get to work on it "by brute force",

2b

I tried to impress upon him that this was a matter of more than academic interest, that an important customer was waiting with a large order, and that others are waching,

3

Problems wit the JOVIAL Manual, Jammed and Missing Characters: The  
Ball is back to DDSI,

(J23070) 21-MAY-74 11:38; Title: Author(s); Dirk H. van Nouhuys/DVN;  
Distribution: /COM( [ INFO=ONLY ] ) NDM( [ INFO=ONLY ] we also sent them  
the ocatal dump) EKM( [ INFO=ONLY ] ) JCN( [ INFO=ONLY ] ) DLS( [  
INFO=ONLY ] ) ; Sub=Collections: SRI=ARC COM; Clerk: DVN;

Problems with the JOVIAL Manual, The Ball is Back to DDSI

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3

Problems with the JOVIAL Manual, The Ball is Back to DDSI

(J23071) 21-MAY-74 11:41; Title: (Unrecorded) Title: Author(s):  
Dirk H. Van Nouhuys/DVN; Distribution: /DDSI( [ INFO=ONLY ] ) ;  
Sub=Collections: SRI=ARC DDSI; Clerk: DVN;

Line length differences between dnls and output quickprint,

A while back, Susan, you asked if I was still having trouble with this. I just noticed output quickprint breaks some lines sooner than dnls. That is, the line length in quick print seems to be shorter than in dnls.

Line length differences between dnls and output quickprint.

(J23072) 21-MAY-74 15:34; Title: Author(s): Kirk E. Kelley/KIRK;  
Distribution: /FDBK( [ ACTION ] ); Sub-Collections: SRI=ARC; Clerk:  
KIRK;

How I handle messages in NLS

Typescript scenario of message handling.



How I handle messages in NLS

```

1
2 TELNET typescript file started at WED 22 MAY 74 0559:50
3
4 #arc (settings loaded) is complete,#
5
6     TENEX 1,31,64, ARC EXEC 1,51,40
7 @meyer
8     JOB 16 ON TTY57 22-MAY-74 06:00
9     TENEX WILL GO DOWN WED 5-22-74 2200 TIL THU 5-23-74 0300
10 @; at this point it should have said "YOU HAVE A MESSAGE" if we
11 didn't f
12
13 **ool around before,
14
15 @
16 @; first I rename the message.txt file to anything
17 @ren message,tXT;1 (TO BE) z [New version]
18 [CONFIRM]
19
20 @
21 @;now i enter nls (on arc i type oldnls, you type just nls),
22 @oldnls
23
24 *; i already have a statement in my initial file called (message)
25 *Print Statement A; ,message
26
27 V;
28 (Message) MESSAGE,TXT file (ndm,dialog:xbzg)
29
30

```

## How I handle messages in NLS

*	21
*; there is a user program called INMES which copies a sequential messag	22
**e file into nls, i will clear my program area...	23
*Goto Programs Reset stack	24
*	25
*; load the user program...	26
*Goto Programs Get Rel File T: inmes	27
	28
Loading User Program	29
	30
	31
*	32
*; now we can use the program like a fancy command, passing control to i	33
**t...	34
*Goto Programs Execute program T: inmes	35
	36
Insert MESSAGE file <MEYER>MESSAGE.TXT T: z.txt	37
at A: ,message	37a
level L: d	37b
	38
	39
Insert MESSAGE file in Progress	40
	41
	42

How I handle messages in NLS

```

43
*; note that i didn't accept the default file "message.txt" but type
"z,
44
**txt" at that point, now we can print the messages, (I will
<control=0
45
**> at some point,)
46
*Print Branch A: ,message
47
V: my
48
49
3 (Message) MESSAGE,TXT file (ndm,dialog:xbzg)
50
51
3A 22-MAY-74 0557-PDT MEYER; Test Title
51a
Distribution: MEYER
51a1
Received at: 22-MAY-74 05:57:07
51a2
52
3A1 blah blah
52a
53
3A2 next statement
53a
54
3A3 paragraph three
54a
55
3B 21-MAY-74 0653-PDT CRAIN at OFFICE=1: INITIAL PURCHASE OF
55a
DESIGH CENTER TERMINALS
55b
Distribution: MEYER, CRAIN at ISI, CARLSON at ISI, CROCKER at
55b1
ISI, BALZER at ISI,, LLOYD at ISI, MAYHAN at ISI, BAGGIANO at ISI,,
56
WARSHALL at SRI=ARC
57

```

How I handle messages in NLS

Received at: 21=MAY=74 06:54:00

57a

58

3B1 TERMINAL REQUIREMENTS

58a

-----

58b

59

3B2 -----

59a

60

3B3 INTRODUCTION\*

60a

This message will outline the identified requirements for the initial set of AFSDC terminals,

60b

60c

61

3B3A These terminals will be purchased with the \$25000 budgeted in the NSW implementation plan,

61a

61b

62

3B3B The purpose of this note is to provide preliminary guidance as to what we currently think is needed. As such, it is to be taken more as a springboard for discussion than as a

62a

62b

62c

63

\*

64

\*; so, now we have all the messages in nls as separate branches!

65

\*

66

\*; of course now you can do whatever you like with them. print them, de

67

\*\*lete a branch, etc,

68

\*

69

## How I handle messages in NLS

*; i have a branch called "dialog" where i keep important messages,	70
*Print Branch A: ,dialog	71
V: xbn	72
	73
(Dialog)        already read == for reference	74
	75
(ARC) miscellaneous issues, etc,	75a
	76
(OP) Output Processor	76a
	77
(Messys) Message system	77a
	78
(LP) Line Processor / terminal/ remote DNLS	78a
	79
(DEIS) Project	79a
	80
(DEIS=Journal) items	80a
	81
(Journalizations) DEIS project	81a
	82
(ARPA) related stuff	82a
	83
(ETS) Educational Testing Service	83a
	84
(NSW)	84a

How I handle messages in NLS

	85
*; say the first message was worth keeping and talked about the output p	86
**rocessor, i would;	87
*Move Branch to follow A; ,op	88
from A; ,3a	88a
L: d	89
	90
*	91
*; then at some point i may want to examine the dialop on the op	92
*Print Branch A; ,op	93
V: ebt	94
	95
(OP) Output Processor	95a
	96
22-MAY=74 0557=PDT MEYER; Test Title	96a
	97
21-MAY=74 1138=P DVN; Problems wit the JOVIAL Manual, Jammed	97a
	98
7-MAY=74 1329=P DHC; Sweeping Journal Directive	98a
	99
26-APR=74 1728=P DVN; Output Processor Race	99a
	100
8-APR=74 1126=P DVN; New Salesman at DDSI; Ken Manire	100a
	101

How I handle messages in NLS

20-FEB-74 0700=PST MEYER; COM on Office=1	101a
	102
19-FEB-74 1411=PST MEYER at OFFICE=1; COM at Office=1	102a
	103
19-FEB-74 1312=PDT VANNOUHUYS; COM for Utility	103a
	104
19-FEB-74 1017=PDT BAIR; Output for Com	104a
	105
31-JAN-74 0920=PDT VANN	105a
*; that's it!	106
*Execute Logout TERMINATED JOB 16, USER MEYER, ACCT 204, TTY 57, AT 5/2	107
**2/74 0615	108
USED 0:0:32 IN 0:15:31	108a
	109
#quit	110

How I handle messages in NLS

(J23076) 22-MAY-74 06:32; Title: Author(s): N. Dean Meyer/NDM;  
Distribution: /WEC EAR LAC(fyi) TO(fyi); Sub=Collections: SRI=ARC;  
Clerk: NDM;  
Origin: <MEYER>FORBILL,NLS;1, 22-MAY-74 06:29 NDM ;



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13 **ool around before,
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17 @ren MESSAGE,TXT;1 (TO BE) z [New version]
18     [CONFIRM]
19
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21 @;now i enter nls (on arc i type oldnls, you type just nls),
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27 V:
28 (Message)     MESSAGE,TXT file (ndm,dialog:xbzg)
29
30

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*Goto Programs Reset stack	24
*	25
*; load the user program...	26
*Goto Programs Get Rel File T: inmes	27
	28
Loading User Program	29
	30
	31
*	32
*; now we can use the program like a fancy command, passing control to i	33
**t...	34
*Goto Programs Execute program T: inmes	35
	36
Insert MESSAGE file <MEYER>MESSAGE.TXT T: z.txt	37
at A: ,message	37a
level L: d	37b
	38
	39
Insert MESSAGE file in Progress	40
	41
	42

How I handle messages in NLS

	43
*; note that i didn't accept the default file "message.txt" but type "z,	44
**txt" at that point, now we can print the messages, (I will <control=o	45
**> at some point,)	46
*Print Branch A: ,message	47
V: my	48
	49
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Distribution: MEYER	51a1
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ISI, BALZER at ISI,, LLOYD at ISI, MAYHAN at ISI, BAGGIANO at ISI,,	56
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How I handle messages in NLS

Received at: 21-MAY-74 06:54:00 57a

58

3B1 TERMINAL REQUIREMENTS 58a

----- 58b

59

3B2 ----- 59a

60

3B3 INTRODUCTION\* 60a

This message will outline the identified requirements for the 60b

initial set of AFSDC terminals, 60c

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budgeted in the NSW implementation plan, 61b

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(DEIS=Journal) items	80a
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(Journalizations) DEIS project	81a
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(ARPA) related stuff	82a
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Clerk: NDM;  
Origin: <MEYER>FORBILL,NLS;1, 22-MAY-74 06:29 NDM ;

Control O not working in show dir command

Control O does not seem to work while the listing of info from the show directory protection command. Since there is much printing from this command it is doubly annoying.

1

Control 0 not working in show dir command

(J23078) 22-MAY-74 07:49; Title: Author(s): Robert N.  
Lieberman/RLL; Distribution: /FDBK( [ ACTION ] ); Sub=Collections;  
SRI-ARC; Clerk: RLL;

Slash in TNLS bug,

Illegal string designation message appeared after I typed a slash (/) in TNLS. Dot (.) gave proper address (3a +0) and backslash gave proper typeout. Tried several times, all with message "illegal s.,." 22May 74

1

Slash in TNLS bug.

(J23079) 22-MAY=74 07:58; Title: Author(s): Robert N.  
Lieberman/RLL; Distribution: /FDBK( [ ACTION ] ) ; Sub=Collections:  
SRI=ARC; Clerk: RLL;

Initial Implimented, First Not

I used to be able to set case mode initila upper. I just dicovered that the command word has changed to "first", which I don't mind, butit als says "Not Implimented," Not under tha name maybe,

1

Notice of Outlines fo Final Report

For the Introduction (vannouhuys,outs,2)  
For User Training and Developement (vannouhuys,outs,1)  
For The Output Processor (vannouhuys,outs,3)

1

Notice of Outlines fo Final Report

(J23081) 22-MAY-74 15:47; Title: Author(s): Dirk H. Van  
Nouhuys/DVN; Distribution: /HGL( [ ACTION ] ) DVN( [ ACTION ] ) NDM( [ ACTION ] ) JCN( [ ACTION ] ) RWW( [ ACTION ] ) ; Sub=Collections:  
SRI=ARC; Clerk: DVN;



Bug with jump to return in tnl and in dnl using ,r

The viewspecs aren't remembered when returning with ,r .

Bug with deleting the last statement in a file when it is the only thing on the screen.

Try it. First it doesn't changed the view on the screen, then viewspec f results in <NUL> and jumping results in "filenumbers d not match in storesrring".

1

ILLEGAL INSTRUCTION at OPRINT = 175152 etc,

I just went to print a very ordinary file and got flipped into exec  
with the message above,

1

New NLS Bug

Got "NLS System error" when jumping on link typein. Link was OK, error if it werent' need to have error msg that's meaningful. The link was of the form: COURSESTRUC,3, File and staement number were OK

1

## Line Processor Troubles: Horizontally Split Screen

screen horizontally split, I delete a statement in top window;  
boundary and all bottom window jogs up one line as it erases deleted  
line, then STAYS there. Recreate display in bottom window does right  
thing but top line of bottom window remains (duplicated as) bottom  
line of top window,

1

NDM 23-MAY-74 07:45 23087

Bug in User Program SENDMES

I assume this will also be a bug in the new system's equivalent subsystem.

Bug in User Program SENDMES

The user program SENDMES cannot send messages to Tom O'Sullivan, possibly because of the apostrophy in his name, I can neither type it in nor accept the name offered by the ident system, It blows out the line processor too,

1

Ident for McNally of ETS

Marcia: Please let both McNally and me know when ready at both sites;  
thanks.



Ident for McNally of ETS

Marcia: Would you please set up an ident for me as follows?

Brian J McNally

Educational Testing Service

Rosedale Road, Princeton, N.J, 08540

(609) 921-9000

Network AND Online delivery at: ANASTASIO@Office=1

Delivery mode: Online

Member of CBIG group

Thank you, ==Dean

Proposed Course of Study for Participation in the SRI Honors  
Cooperative Program in Fall 1974

This note contains material in support of my earlier note of 25 March  
1974, (22474,).

Proposed Course of Study for Participation in the SRI Honors  
Cooperative Program in Fall 1974

This note outlines a proposed course of study for me leading to a PhD degree in the Engineering-Economic Systems Department at Stanford beginning in the Fall Quarter of 1974. An earlier note (22474,) sent on 25 March 1974 was a letter of intent requesting preliminary authorization to participate in the SRI Honors Cooperative Program; this note presents material in support of that request.

The courses proposed are, of course, subject to change. I plan to enroll in approximately 7 units a quarter, a half time program which would include two regular classes and a one unit seminar.

A MS degree is expected after the first 42 units of work. (The total may be reduced if credit is granted for earlier graduate work done at the University of Chicago and the University of California, San Diego,) It would be received at the end of the second academic year.

While Stanford normally requires the equivalent of three full academic years of residence for a PhD (six years at a half-time program), acceptable work completed elsewhere as a graduate may be accepted in lieu of part of this requirement up to a maximum of six full quarters. Minimum requirements in this case are a minimum of 36 quarter units at Stanford and a minimum of three full quarters (or the equivalent in part-time registrations as calculated on tuition payments.) My earlier graduate work will permit me to fulfill the residency requirement in two years of part time study at 7 units a quarter. Additional course study and dissertation preparation will take approximately two more years. The internship required by the department will be done at ARC.

Thus my participation will be for approximately four years under the Honors Cooperative program.

Proposed Courses

The following courses will be taken in EES:

System Analysis: Modeling

Introductory System Analysis: 201 A, B, C== 9 units

Probabilistic Analysis: 221== 3 units

Dynamic Probabilistic Analysis: 251 A, B== 6 units

System Analysis: Optimization

Introduction to Optimization: 242== 3 units

Proposed Course of Study for Participation in the SRI Honors  
Cooperative Program in Fall 1974

System Theory: Optimization: 243== 3 units	6a2b
Economics and Decision Analysis	6a3
Introduction to Microeconomics: 210== 3 units	6a3a
Economics of Public Policy: 211== 3 units	6a3b
Economic Analysis: 212 A, B== 6 units	6a3c
Decision Analysis: 231== 3 units	6a3d
Applications and Research	6a4
Models, Men, and Machines: 223== 3 units	6a4a
Telecommunications Systems and Public Policy: 280== 3 units	6a4b
Seminar in EES: 293== 1 unit per quarter	6a4c
System Research Seminar: 291== number of units to be determined	6a4d

Approximately 15 units of classes will be taken in other departments; these will be chosen after discussion with my faculty advisor. Courses in the Economics, Psychology, and Industrial Engineering Departments would be most valuable to me and to ARC.

Benefits to ARC and SRI

As mentioned in the previous note, I feel the training I will obtain in the EES program will be of benefit to ARC and SRI. The techniques I learn may be applied to a wide variety of system analytic problems which arise in much of the research done at SRI.

I plan to concentrate my research on the analysis for improvement and transfer of the office automation technology we are currently developing at ARC and in the refinement of the man-machine interface in such a system.

Possible focal points for research relevant to ARC deal with the analysis of costs, markets and social effects of the systems such as NLS and the problems involved in introducing the system into typical user communities-- both the traditional office as well as the conceptually newer geographically distributed communities of workers linked together by computer networks.

The training I receive will also be relevant to the more general

Proposed Course of Study for Participation in the SRI Honors  
Cooperative Program in Fall 1974

problems involved in the development and release of both large computer networks and the systems which run on them as well as other telecommunications systems. Questions concerning the costs, markets and social effects of these systems are particularly of interest to other groups at SRI such as the Telecommunications Group; EES currently has a research program concerned with similar problems.

7d

identfile maintenance: a new request

Jim ...

There's one improvement to the identfile maintenance procedures that would be highly desirable: automatic updating of the Groups named TIPG USERG SERVERG ASSO CG, in response to action taken by Marcia on the "Type" field in an organization's identfile record, (The four groups mentioned contain nothing but organizations as members,)

An organization's "Type" field contains one of the four strings "Tip", "User", "Server", "Associate". For examples, see UTAH=TIP [Tip], UCB [User], OFFICE=1 [Server], LOGICA [Associate],

Marcia currently does maintenance manually by modifying the membership of the appropriate group TIPG USERG SERVERG ASSO CG whenever she modifies an orgzn's "Type" field. This is prone to errors, of course. It would be nice if this maintenance were done automatically,

From a procedural standpoint, the most desirable way for the maintenance to be automated would be simply to copy Marcia's manual procedures:

have the identsystem recognize the "Type" field VALUE that is being inserted and then make an addition of that orgzn's IDENT to the corresponding TIPG USERG SERVERG or ASSO CG group record,

(In some cases the identsystem would have to recognize TWO values: a new value that is replacing a previous value in the Type field, such as when an organization's type changes say from associate to user, In these cases, there would of course have to be an insertion of the orgzn's ident in one group, and a deletion of it from another one, This case seldom occurs in practice,)

Another alternative (second in desirability, from Marcia's standpoint) would be to do the maintenance similar to the way that other "group membership" maintenance is accomplished:

namely, modification to any one of the four groups TIPG USERG SERVERG ASSO CG would cause the appropriate "Type" field entry to be made to (or deleted from) the orgzn's record, with the proviso that no organization could be of more than one type,

I'd be happy to get your reactions to this. Can you do this, or is there someone else more appropriate for me to ask ??

... Mike

Call for Contributions to the May '72 - June '74 Final Report

We distributed this file in hard copy at ARC and through the journal. The journal item went out but due to a malfunction was not delivered to anyone. When I discovered that fact this morning I understood why you had not submitted your outline. Sorry to be pushy when you could not have know what was happening. Please get your outlines in as soon as you can.

Call for Contributions to the May '72 - June '74 Final Report

Call for Contributions to Final Report Covering May '72 through June '74

Mechanics

Contract requirements:

The draft report is due six weeks after the end of the contract, that is on August 15th; but after July first we have money only for printing,,not for writing or editing.,

The contract requires an abstract, a summary, a glossary, and head-and-tail matter (title page certain, forms, etc,)

Writer:

In each case we imagine that the first ident will be the pusher for the job of writing that part of the report, She is responsible for the outline and for co-ordination where there is more than one author,

Reviewer:

Any section that has not already been through a publication process should be reviewed by someone familiar with the work but not an author, It would probably be useful for first authors to consult reviewers about outlines before they turn them in to the central outline, The idents of suggested reviewers appear with an asterisk in the outline below,

Outlines:

In the case of all papers that have not been published previously, we ask the writers for an outline to two levels below this one by wednesday May 22, We would like the outlines in the form of online branches which we will transfer to the central file (documentation,final,).

Submission of Drafts:

On the dates due, please submit outline and finished drafts to reviewers or DVN or HGL by telling them they are ready in some file, We will copy them into the appropriate branch in (documentation,final), Please submit drafts for review by telling DVN or HGL and the reviewer,

Illustrations:

We encourage illustrations, The rough drafts of illustrations



Call for Contributions to the May '72 - June '74 Final Report

should reach the SRI art by June 7th; photographs should be taken by by June 12th,

Calendar

May

Su 19

M 20

Tu 21

W 22

Outlines to DVN and HGL,

Th 23

F 24

Commented outlines returned to authors,

Sa 25

-----

Su 26

M 27

Tu 28

W 29

Th 30

F 31

June

Sa 1

-----

Su 2

First drafts to reviewers,

2f1

3

3a

3a1

3a2

3a3

3a4

3a4a

3a5

3a6

3a6a

3a7

3a8

3a9

3a10

3a11

3a12

3a13

3a14

3b

3b1

3b2

3b3

3b3a

Call for Contributions to the May '72 - June '74 Final Report

M	3		3b4
Tu	4		3b5
W	5		3b6
Th	6		3b7
		Reviewers finish with first drafts,	3b7a
		Drawings to SRI Art Department,	3b7b
F	7		3b8
Sa	8		3b9
	----		3b10
Su	9		3b11
M	10		3b12
Tu	11		3b13
W	12		3b14
		Photos taken,	3b14a
Th	13		3b15
F	14		3b16
		Second drafts to DVN and HGL,	3b16a
Sa	15		3b17
	----		3b18
Su	16		3b19
M	17		3b20
Tu	18		3b21
W	19		3b22
Th	20		3b23
F	21		3b24

Call for Contributions to the May '72 - June '74 Final Report

Sa 22		3b25
----		3b26
Su 23		3b27
M 24		3b28
	To SRI Editing and contracts,	3b28a
Tu 25		3b29
W 26		3b30
Th 27		3b31
F 28		3b32
	To Bart Cox	3b32a
Sa 29		3b33
----		3b34
Su 30		3b35
July		3c
M 1		3c1
	No more money	3c1a

OUTLINE

Head Matter (2)	MEJ *DVN	4a
ABSTRACT (1)	DVN *SRL	4b
INTRODUCTION		4c
Summary (5)	DVN *JBN	4c1
(9journal,21380,)		4c1a
How this report is organized (.5)	DVN *RWW	4c2

Call for Contributions to the May '72 - June '74 Final Report

(IJOURNAL,20579,1)		4c2a
LONG TERM GOALS		4d
The Augmented Knowledge Workshop (finished)	DCE	4d1
Some Basic Characteristics of a Knowledge Workshop System and Status of NLS with Respect to Them RWW *PR (5)		4d2
update of (20367,)		4d2a
Coordinated Information Services for a Discipline or Mission Oriented Community (finished)	DCE	4d3
(12445,)		4d3a
Aspects of ARC's Technology Transfer Strategy (RWW notes)	RWW *PR (5)	4d4 4d4a
WORKSHOP TECHNOLOGY		4e
USER INTERFACE		4e1
The NLS Command Language and User Interface: An Overview RWW *CHI (7)		4e1a
Command Meta=Language Consider an Appendix giving a technical description	CHI *HGL (7)	4e1b 4e1b1
Query/HELP Software and Data Bases (7)	HGL KIRK *JMB *EKM	4e1c
An Offline Text Editing Facility	HGL *KIRK (3)	4e1d
NLS FILE SYSTEM	HGL *CHI (9)	4e2
Technical description		4e2a
Reasons for selected design		4e2b
Reliability		4e2c
DISPLAY AND PORTRAYAL TECHNIQUES		4e3

Call for Contributions to the May '72 - June '74 Final Report

Portrayal Generators	EKM *HGL (5)	4e3a
Display techniques in NLS == NCC Paper	CHI (finished)	4e3b
The Line Processor Software == NCC Paper	DIA (finished)	4e3c
The Lineprocessor Hardware == CompCon Paper	MEH (finished)	4e3d
SOFTWARE ENGINEERING	KEV HGL *RWW (10)	4e4
Programmer organization		4e4a
Programming tools		4e4b
Debugging tools		4e4c
Programming standards		4e4d
TENEX DEVELOPMENT	WRF *KEV (7)	4e5
BSYS		4e5a
Group Allocation		4e5b
Scheduler Modification		4e5c
Display JSYS		4e5d
Other changes?		4e5e
NLS SUBSYSTEM OPERATION		4f
The Output Processor and COM	DVN EKM *NDM (6)	4f1
Dialog Support: the NLS Journal, Ident, and Number Systems JEW JDH *JCN (7)		4f2
User Program System and Library	NDM *RLL (4)	4f3
Catalog and Directory Production	MDK JBN HGL *JAKE (7)	4f4
(includes some technical description)		4f4a
Calculator	EKM *JCN (3)	4f5
TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER		4g
A View on the Symbiotic Relationship Between ARC and the		

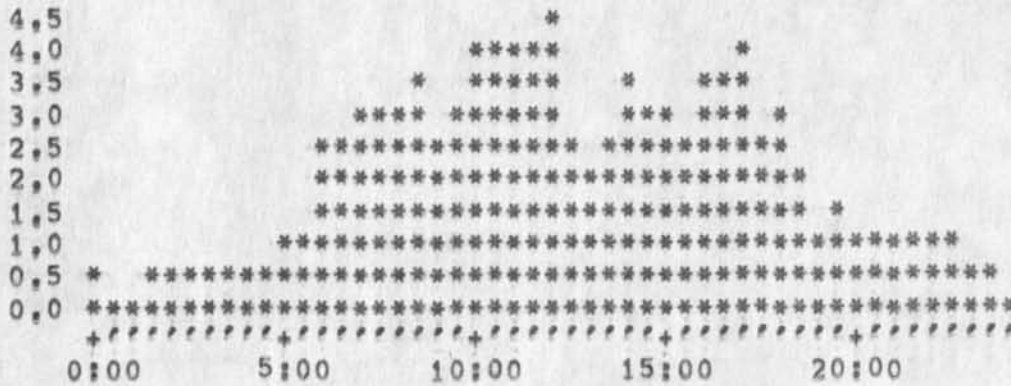
Call for Contributions to the May '72 - June '74 Final Report

Applied R&D Communities		PR	
*MDK (5)			4g1
PR has draft, Transition to other material in section should be included,			4g1a
NETWORK INFORMATION CENTER	MDK *JAKE (10)		4g2
User Training and Development	DVN JHB *JCN (5)		4g3
ANALYSIS			4h
System Measurement Tools	DIA *KEV (5)		4h1
Group Resource Allocation Design and Experience	PR *WRF (3)		4h2
First Studies of NLS Command Use and Timing	SRL *PR (3)		4h3
Feedback	SRL *KIRK (4)		4h4
GLOSSARY	JMB *DVN (5)		4i
Total Pages Not Previously allocated:	139		4j

Superwatch Average Graphs for Week of 5/5/74

TIME PLOT OF AVERAGE NUMBER OF GO JOBS FOR WEEK OF 5/5/74  
 x axis labeled in units of hr:min, xunit = 30 minutes

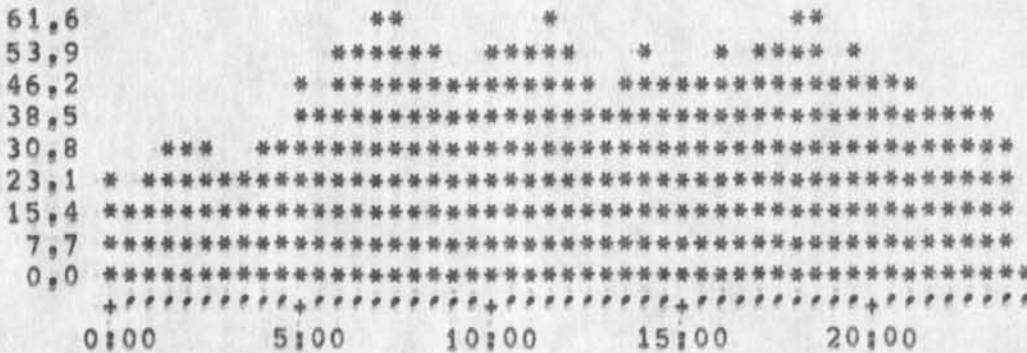
1



1a

TIME PLOT OF AVERAGE PER CENT OF CPU TIME CHARGED TO USER ACCOUNTS  
 FOR WEEK OF 5/5/74  
 x axis labeled in units of hr:min, xunit = 30 minutes

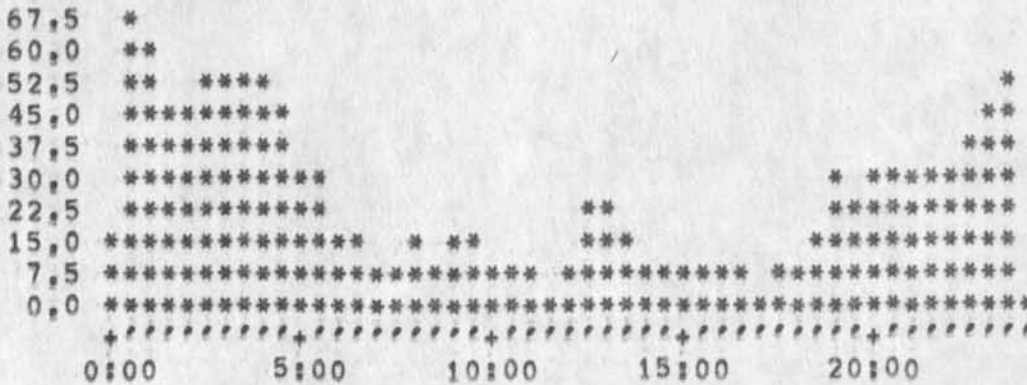
2



2a

TIME PLOT OF AVERAGE IDLE TIME FOR WEEK OF 5/5/74  
 x axis labeled in units of hr:min, xunit = 30 minutes

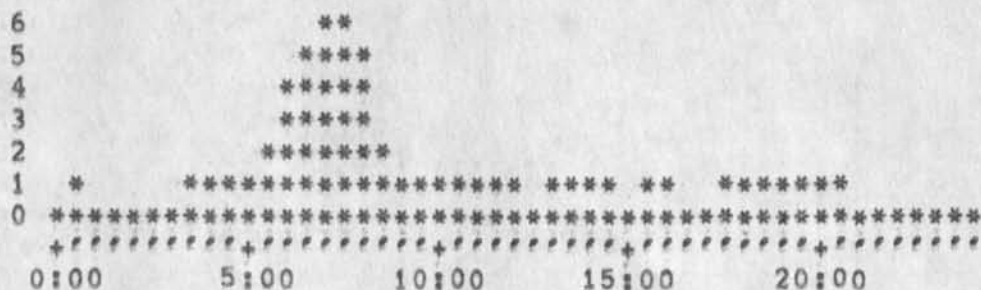
3



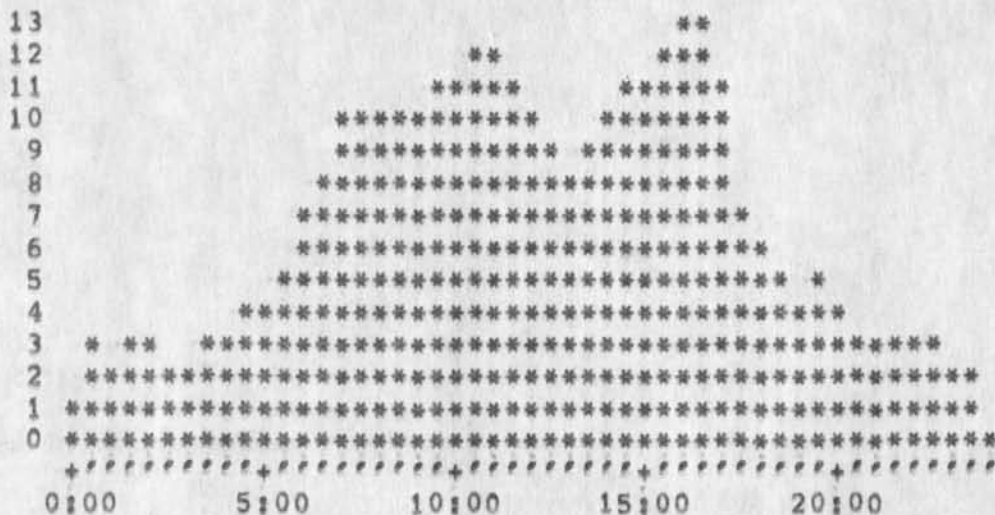
3a

Superwatch Average Graphs for Week of 5/5/74

TIME PLOT OF AVERAGE NUMBER OF NETWORK USERS FOR WEEK OF 5/5/74  
 x axis labeled in units of hr:min, xunit = 30 minutes

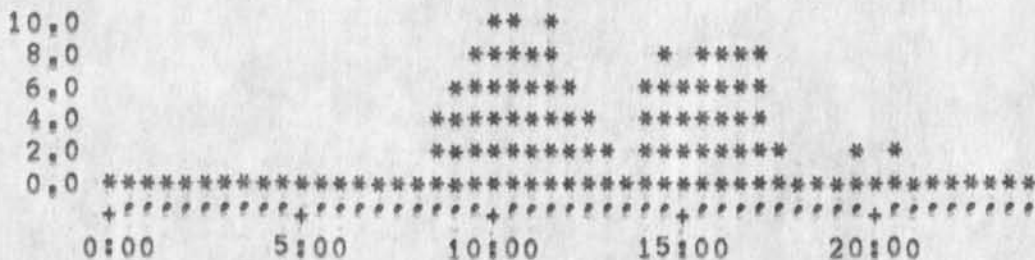


TIME PLOT OF AVERAGE NUMBER OF USERS FOR WEEK OF 5/5/74  
 x axis labeled in units of hr:min, xunit = 30 minutes



TIME PLOT OF AVERAGE PER CENT OF SYSTEM USED IN DNLS FOR WEEK OF 5/5/74

x axis labeled in units of hr:min, xunit = 30 minutes





User program documentation in new nls

If a program has a CML interface, documentation for that program can be located in the help database and accessed via <=Q> while using the program. There is a place in the Help database for users' program documentation. Any user may document their programs in this place. Please see me before entering information into the Help database. There are some simple format conventions that should be followed. ==  
KIRK

All-ARC meeting, 1000 Tues 28 May

Meeting to: Catch up on general events; Hear Dick's good news re, NSW; Discuss new aspects of near-term plans; Have brief, summary discussion of longer-term planning.

1

Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972  
 Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972

*a1 First Author	*a1	1
#1 job title	#1	1a
#2 corporate affiliation	#2	1b
#3 suborganization	#3	1c
#4 street address	#4	1d
#5 city, state, zip	#5	1e
 *a2 Second author	 *a2	 2
#1 job title	#1	2a
#2 corporate affiliation	#2	2b
#3 suborganization	#3	2c
#4 street address	#4	2d
#5 city, state, zip	#5	2e
 *a3 Third author	 *a3	 3
#1 job title	#1	3a
#2 corporate affiliation	#2	3b
#3 suborganization	#3	3c
#4 street address	#4	3d
#5 city, state, zip	#5	3e
 *a4 Fourth author	 *a4	 4
#1 job title	#1	4a
#2 corporate affiliation	#2	4b
 [no limit to number of authors]		 5

Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972  
 Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972

*b1 Editor	*b1	6
#1 job title	#1	6a
#2 corporate affiliation	#2	6b
#3 suborganization	#3	6c
#4 street address	#4	6d
#5 city, state, zip	#5	6e
*b2 First Organization	*b2	7
#2 intermediate organization	#2	7a
#3 suborganization	#3	7b
#4 street address	#4	7c
#5 city, state, zip	#5	7d
*b3 Second Organization	*b3	8
*b4 Publisher	*b4	9
#3 suborganization	#3	9a
#4 street address	#4	9b
#5 city, state, zip	#5	9c
*b5 First addressee of letter or memo	*b5	10
#1 job title	#1	10a
#2 corporate affiliation	#2	10b
#3 suborganization	#3	10c
#4 street address	#4	10d
#5 city, state, zip	#5	10e
*b6 Second addressee	*b6	11

Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972  
 Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972

*b7	Third addressee	*b7	12
*b8	Fourth addressee	*b8	13
*b9	ARC number of addressee list	*b9	14
*b10	Distribution list in ident form	*b10	15
*b11	Second, third editors	*b11, *b13	16
*c1	Title of item	*c1	17
#1	subtitle	#1	17a
#6	pages	#6	17b
*c2	Title of more inclusive document	*c2	18
#1	subtitle	#1	18a
#2	volume	#2	18b
#3	number	#3	18c
#6	pages	#6	18d
*c4	Also published in:	*c4	19
*c5	Also published as:	*c5	20
*c6	Also to be presented at:	*c6	21
*d1	Day and/or month and/or year issued	*d1	22
*d2	Date written or submitted	*d2	23
*d3	Period covered	*d3	24
*d4	Date of conference or meeting	*d4	25
*d5	Date of *c4, *c5 or *c6	*d5	26
*f1	Form of item		27
a	article	ma map	27a

Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972  
 Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972

ad advertisement	mn users' guide or manual	27b
b book	n newsletter issue	27c
bi biography	p paper	27d
bl bibliography	pg program	27e
br brochure	pi picture, photo	27f
ch chapter	pr proposal	27g
d draft	pt patent	27h
ds dissertation	qu questionnaire	27i
f film	r report	27j
g proceedings	re press release	27k
gr graph or chart	s slide	27l
i abstract or review	sp specification, standard	27m
j ARC or NIC Journal item	t talk	27n
k periodical, newspaper	th thesis	27o
l letter	tr translation	27p
lt transmittal letter	u functional doc	27q
m memo	z contents of functional doc	27r
		27s

\*f2 Media

a carbon copy	28
c copy, not original	28a
f film	28b
l microfilm	28c
m microfiche	28d
ma magnetic tape cassette	28e
o original	28f
p photocopy by ARC	28g
pa partial photocopy	28h
r machine readable	28i
s slide	28j
t paper tape	28k
v videotape	28l
x reference only	28m
	28n

*f3 Source file name	*f3	29
*m1 Sponsor of meeting	*m1	30
#1 name of meeting	#1	30a
#5 city, state of meeting	#5	30b
*n1 Item that includes this item	*n1	31
*n2 Item(s) this item includes	*n2	32

Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972  
 Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972

*n4 Doc(s) to which this refers	*n4	33
*n5 Doc this abstract describes	*n5	34
*n6 Doc(s) this one accompanies	*n6	35
*n7 Doc(s) this one is related to	*n7	36
*p1 Project name assigned by issuer	*p1	37
*p2 Project no, assigned by issuer	*p2	38
*r1 No,(s) assigned by issuer	*r1	39
*r2 No,(s) assigned by govt agency	*r2	40
*s1 Sponsoring agency	*s1	41
#3 suborganization	#3	41a
#5 city, state zip	#5	41b
#6 contract or grant number	#6	41c
#7 project number	#7	41d
#8 order number	#8	41e
#9 other number	#9	41f
*s2 Second sponsoring agency	*s2	42
#3 suborganization	#3	42a
#5 city, state zip	#5	42b
#6 contract or grant number	#6	42c
#7 project number	#7	42d
#8 order number	#8	42e
#9 other number	#9	42f

Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972  
 Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972

*s3	Third sponsor agency	*s3	43
*w1	Date received at ARC	*w1	44
*w2	Date cataloged at ARC	*w2	45
*w3	Initials of contributor	*w3	46
*w4	Source if not a1, b2, or w3	*w4	47
*y1	Brief abstract	*y1	
			48
*y2	Keywords from doc or author	*y2	49
*y3	Keywords assigned at NIC	*y3	50
*y8	"Updated by xxxx;" "Updates xxxx;" "Obsoletes xxxx;"	*y8	51
*y9	"Obsoleted by xxxx"	*y9	52
*z1	NIC holdings	*z1	53
*z2	Subcollections	*z2	54



Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972  
Codes used in the Master Catalog, November 1972

*z3	ARC catalog management codes	*z3	55
*z4	ARC holdings	*z4	56
*z5	Location(s) of copy	*z5	57

Description of Codes used in Catalog

Augmentation Research Center  
 Stanford Research Institute  
 Menlo Park, California

GENERAL

Abbreviations

Abbreviation is avoided except in copying any actually present in proper names and titles,

Exceptions:

Codes of ARPA network sites may be entered in \*a1#2 and \*b5#2, but only in citations for informal documents,

Code "org" may be entered in \*a#2 when information is identical to \*b2 or \*b4. See \*a1 for further information,

Added information

Information known or very probable and of importance to the reference, such as an unstated author, organization, date of publication, should be given in brackets [ ],

In general, only information actually in the document is to be recorded. Recording presumed information is risky, and is poor practice also because copies of the document don't carry the information thus supplied,

Proper names

All proper names will be entered in direct order, omitting only "the", beginning corporate names, and any title in personal names,

Document reference numbers

These numbers will be typed without parentheses; and if there are more than one, without commas between them, just a space, i.e., \*n1 5891 5892 5893

Distribution limitation

Notice of any limitation on distribution to foreign nationals, of client confidential, etc, will be entered as the first

1  
 2  
 2a  
 2a1  
 2a2  
 2a2a  
 2a2b  
 2b  
 2b1  
 2b2  
 2c  
 2c1  
 2d  
 2d1  
 2e

## Description of Codes used in Catalog

- information in the abstract, The text [L] will be entered after the title, 2e1
- \*a1 FIRST AUTHOR ==  
Author's name, as given, in direct order, omitting Dr., Ph.D., etc. (No limit to number of authors.) Put period and space between initials of names, 3
- #1 JOB TITLE ==  
If given in the document, 3a
- #2 CORPORATE AFFILIATION ==  
If the author's organization is the publisher of the document, enter the letters "org" in #2, as the same information can be retrieved from \*b2 (see below for multiple authors). For ARPA Network nodes, this may be entered in the code: "ARC", "LINC", etc. If author's organization is not the publisher of the document, as in a periodical article, meeting proceedings, letter or memo, enter the organization information as given. (Author's organization is not considered the publisher of his letter or memo.) When two or more consecutive authors of an article have the same org, enter the org after the last. When \*b2 is used and two or more consecutive authors have the same org, type "org" in #2 after the last author of these. For other notes on organization names, see notes on \*b2, 3b
- #3 SUBORGANIZATION ==  
If more than one subordinate level is given, select one, 3c
- #4 STREET ADDRESS ==  
Use this element for building name or number, suite number, or other specific of address when practicable, the intent being to allow construction of a mailing address from #1-#5. When an organization, e.g., Chemical Abstracts Service, is situated at another org, but is not a sub-org, use #4 for the site, e.g., Ohio State University, cf, \*b2#2, 3d
- #5 CITY, STATE, ZIP ==  
Spell out, e.g., Washington, D.C, 20202; New York, New York 10036; Menlo Park, California 94025, 3e
- #7 IDENT ==  
Not used for manual input; supplied by journal, 3f
- \*a2 SECOND AUTHOR ==  
No limit to number of authors. Use separate number for each author, 4

## Description of Codes used in Catalog

- \*b1 EDITOR --**  
Use for editor or compiler, Use same subordinates #1, #2, etc, as for authors, For additional editors use \*b11 and \*b13 5
- \*b2 FIRST ORGANIZATION --**  
Use for agency preparing or issuing a report, or other case of non-commercial publisher, For agencies, such as National Library of Medicine, which usually appear independently, enter these as \*b2, not as subordinate to U.S. HEW, Ambiguous names, such as Office of Education, should be entered in #3, with U.S. HEW as \*b2, 6
- #2 INTERMEDIATE ORGANIZATION --**  
Use when essential to completeness, as in some government organizations, Always use #3 for significant suborganization, inserting #2 when essential, 6a
- #3 SUBORGANIZATION --**  
Use for significant suborganization, skipping #2 unless an intermediate is important for clarity, Avoid using when an organization is a smaller unit, e.g., an Institute, but only based physically at the larger, such as a university, Place the Institute in \*b2, and the university in \*b2#4, 6b
- #4 and #5 --**  
Use street and city address, use zip code, 6c
- \*b3 SECOND ORGANIZATION --**  
Use for a second agency (not a government sponsor) in case of joint effort resulting in a document bearing both names, 7
- \*b4 PUBLISHER --**  
Use for commercial publishers, when documenting books, or noting periodicals as entities, Use only #5 city when well known, Abbreviate name when well known (McGraw-Hill; Wiley; etc), 8
- \*b5 FIRST ADDRESSEE OF LETTER OR MEMO --**  
To be used, even when addressee list is so lengthy as to cause use of \*b9, Can be a group or class, even when non-explicit, such as [ARPA Network Working Group], Use ident, in \*b10, Use form of address in #1, #2, etc, given in the document, do not try to standardize (NOTE: 1, No control over outside entries, 2, Retrieval may be by entry as given, as often as not), When a memo or letter but no addressee given: [unaddressed], 9
- \*b6 through \*b8 additional addressees** 10
- \*b9 ARC DOCUMENT NUMBER OF ADDRESSEE LIST --**  
When an addressee list is attached, or when list of addressees

## Description of Codes used in Catalog

- exceeds 4, a separate document should be indicated or created, and referenced here, 11
- \*b10 DISTRIBUTION LIST IN IDENT FORM --  
For group ident, when addressed to Network Working Group or other recognized group whose membership is given in its ident file, Journal system uses this, 12
- \*b11 SECOND EDITOR 13
- \*b12 Used by journal for additional addressees, after \*b10 14
- \*b13 THIRD EDITOR 15
- \*c1 TITLE OF ITEM --  
Title of report, article, book or journal considered as a whole. When a memo contains the line "Subject: .,," or "Re: .,," this text, including "Subject;" or "Re;", is entered as the title. Title is essential; letters with no explicit title should have descriptive title in brackets. Example: [Transmittal Letter]. When the item referenced is a review or abstract of another work of the same title, add [Review] or [Abstract]. Limitation on use of a document should be indicated by [L] following the title, with an elaboration in \*y1, 16
- #1 SUBTITLE --  
Include any subordinate phrase in the title rather than as subtitle, as a rule.  
Use subtitle only for lengthy title strings or for alternate titles, and for series notes.  
Vol. 1 etc. of books goes into subtitle when subtitle is title of vol. only, 16a
- #6 PAGES --  
Use for page data when \*c2 is not present or when \*c1 is independently paginated. Examples: 263p, [for book with 263 pages], When document is not paged: [unpaged], When document is numbered by sections: [separately paged], 16b
- \*c2 TITLE OF MORE INCLUSIVE DOCUMENT --  
Use for name of journal when \*c1 is an article from it,  
Use for name of book when \*c1 is a chapter from it,  
Use for Proceedings when \*c1 is a paper published in it,  
Use for encyclopedic work or series when \*c1 is a Volume from it,  
Use for functional document name when \*c1 is a part or section of contents, Example: Section 3, Network User Guide, 17

## Description of Codes used in Catalog

- #1 SUBTITLE --  
Use only when inclusion in \*c2 is awkward, 17a
- Examples: \*c2 MICRODOC #1 Journal of the Microfilm Association  
of Great Britain -or- \*c2 Bulletin de Documentation  
Bibliographique #1 Pt. 2 of Bulletin des Bibliothèques de  
France, 17a1
- #2 VOLUME --  
Examples: Vol, 35, for volume of periodical, Vol, 35 for  
volume of encyclopedia or a series, Vol, 1, etc, of books  
goes into subtitle when subtitle is title of vol, only, 17b
- #3 NUMBER --  
Use for issue number of periodical,  
Examples: No, 10  
No, 106 when no volume number exists, 17c
- #6 PAGES --  
Use for articles or other parts of documents, Include p,  
Example: p,256-275, When pages are not numbered, use  
[Unpaged], When sections are separately paged, use  
[Separately paged], 17d
- \*c4 ALSO PUBLISHED IN; --  
When such information is given, Use \*d5 for date, 18
- \*c5 ALSO PUBLISHED AS; --  
When such information is given, Use \*d5 for date, 19
- \*c6 ALSO TO BE PRESENTED AT; --  
For reports or articles which contain such a statement, Code as  
\*f1 p after \*f1 r or \*f1 a, Use \*d5 for date, 20
- \*d1 DAY AND/OR MONTH AND/OR YEAR ISSUED --  
Use for all types of items, Use for date of publication of  
published items, for date of letter or memo, If approximate  
date is known, use [Undated] and put info in \*Y1, Use \*d2 if an  
earlier date of preparation is given, Use \*d4 for a meeting date  
or dates whether the same as or different from \*d1, Use form: 12  
November 1969, [Spring 1970], This field should never be left  
blank, 21
- \*d2 DATE WRITTEN OR SUBMITTED --  
Use in addition to \*d1 when an earlier date of preparation or  
submission is shown, Use form: 12 November 1970, Use for patent  
filing date, 22
- \*d3 PERIOD COVERED --

## Description of Codes used in Catalog

- Use for progress reports, etc., when indicated by cover, title or abstract. Use forms: 1 July 1969 - 30 June 1970; 1 July - 30 September 1970, 23
- \*d4 DATE OF CONFERENCE OR MEETING ==  
Use in addition to \*d1 whether or not \*d1 gives date of published proceedings. Use forms: 12-15 November 1970; 30 November - 2 December 1970, 24
- \*d5 DATE OF \*c4, \*c5 or \*c6 25
- \*d6 DATE OF FILE REVISION == (used by Journal system)  
Example: 1/20/72 26
- \*d7 TIME OF FILE REVISION == (used by Journal system)  
Example: 1920:32 27
- \*f1 FORM OF ITEM == 28
- NOTE: MULTIPLE CODES MAY BE USED, e.g., r p = numbered report to be given at a meeting; a tr = translation of an article. FIRST CODE DETERMINES FORMAT. This element has two uses: formatting for the printed catalog, and search keys for online retrieval, 29
- a = ARTICLE ==  
article in journal 29a
- ad = ADVERTISEMENT ==  
advertisement, from newspaper, periodical (compare br = brochure; pg = meeting program), 29b
- b = BOOK ==  
for commercially published work, usually hardbound, 29c
- bi = BIOGRAPHY ==  
a resume or a biographical note in a journal, program, etc, 29d
- bl = BIBLIOGRAPHY ==  
may be a separate, or a part of a larger work primarily coded ch 29e
- br = BROCHURE ==  
for separate promotional material, even 1 page, 29f
- ch = CHAPTER ==  
chapter or portion of book not a proceedings volume, 29g
- d = DRAFT ==

## Description of Codes used in Catalog

	use when stated or known to be a draft, not a finished product	29h
ds	= DISSERTATION	29i
f	= FILM == Use for movie or sound, Not for microfiche	29j
g	= PROCEEDINGS == use when *ci is a proceedings volume, When a paper *ci from a proceedings is indicated, use p,	29k
gr	= GRAPH OR CHART ==	29l
i	= ABSTRACT OR REVIEW == Use when the item catalogued is an abstract or review, as well as bracketing the word following the title in *ci,	29m
j	= ARC OR NIC JOURNAL ITEM	29n
k	= PERIODICAL, NEWSPAPER == periodical, newsletter, journal, use when journal, etc, in its entirety is meant, For an article use a, for a newsletter issue use n,	29o
l	= LETTER == Use for a personal letter or where the term appears, For an unspecified letter to several addressees, usually use m,	29p
lt	= TRANSMITTAL LETTER	29q
m	= MEMO == Use when the term appears, and when a group of addressees are indicated,	29r
ma	= MAP	29s
mn	= USER'S GUIDE OR MANUAL	29t
n	= NEWSLETTER ISSUE == A newsletter as an entity, not a specific issue, should be indicated j,	29u
p	= PAPER == Use for an individually issued preprint or reprint of a presentation, as well as for a paper,	29v
pg	= PROGRAM ==	



## Description of Codes used in Catalog

- Program of meeting, including first announcements, when ARC member is speaker, etc., indicate in abstract, and note in keywords: e.g., DCE speaker, 29w
- pi - PICTURE, PHOTO --  
Use for references to photographs or pictures when separately cataloged in \*ci, 29x
- pr - PROPOSAL 29y  
Use \*b5 for addressee, and note "Proposal to ...," in \*yi, 29yl
- pt - PATENT 29z
- qu - QUESTIONNAIRE 29a0
- r - REPORT --  
Use for technical reports and short publications not known to be articles, papers, etc. Use for RFC's, 29aa
- re - PRESS RELEASE --  
Intended for announcements so labelled, and other announcements not meeting programs, advertisements, or brochures, 29ab
- s - SLIDE 29ac
- sp - SPECIFICATION, STANDARD 29ad
- t - TALK --  
Use for an oral presentation recorded on audio or video tape, and for a written version of an oral presentation not expected to be published, 29ae
- th - THESIS 29af
- tr - TRANSLATION --  
May be accompanied by original or original may be separately cataloged, e.g., an original in Japanese may be attached to a translation, rather than separated, 29ag
- u - FUNCTIONAL DOCUMENT --  
Use when major content of the document is subject to addition, deletion or substitution, as in looseleaf changes, 29ah
- z - CONTENTS OF FUNCTIONAL DOC --  
Use as primary code for any document made a part of a functional document. In conjunction, use \*c2 to contain the name of the functional document, Examples: \*c2 Part, ARPA

## Description of Codes used in Catalog

Network Resource Notebook, \*c2 Section 3, Network Information  
Center User Guide, 29a1

*f2 MEDIA	30
a = CARBON COPY == Use if copy in hand is a carbon copy.	30a
c = COPY, NOT ORIGINAL == If photocopy received at ARC is obviously a copy made of an existing document such as a periodical article,	30b
f FILM == Use for movie and/or sound film, Not for microfiche,	30c
l = MICROFILM == Use for roll microform,	30d
m = MICROFICHE == Use for items on sheet film,	30e
ma = MAGNETIC TAPE CASSETTE	30f
o = ORIGINAL == Original as first issued, Use c if photocopy received at ARC is obviously a copy made of an existing document e.g., a periodical article, Use p if copy is a photocopy made at ARC, Use a if copy in hand is a carbon copy,	30g
p = PHOTOCOPY BY ARC == Use for photocopy made at ARC, Compare pa,	30h
pa = PARTIAL PHOTOCOPY Use for photocopy of cover, title page, etc, sometimes made to capture part of a document when the whole is not obtainable or retainable,	30i
r = MACHINE READABLE == Use to indicate existence of item in machine readable form, May be used in addition to o, etc,	30j
s = SLIDE == Use to indicate a chart, photograph etc, is in form of slide,	30k
t = PAPER TAPE == Use to indicate existence on paper tape,	30l
v = VIDEOTAPE	30m

## Description of Codes Used in Catalog

- x = REFERENCE ==  
Used to indicate ARC has recorded the reference but does not have the full document, 30n
- \*f3 SOURCE FILE NAME == (used by Journal system)  
Use for name of machine file if document is machine-readable, 31
- \*m1 SPONSOR OF MEETING ==  
Name of sponsor of conference or meeting, Use for name of organization holding or sponsoring meeting, 32
- #1 NAME OF MEETING ==  
examples: Conference On Image Transmission, Annual meeting, 32a
- #5 CITY, STATE OF MEETING 32b
- \*n1 ITEM THAT INCLUDES THIS ITEM ==  
ARC number of item that includes this item, Use to record ARC number of book, Proceedings, etc., where item in hand is a part, or attachment, Example: 5606 33
- \*n2 ITEMS(S) THIS ITEM INCLUDES ==  
ARC number(s) of item(s) this item includes, Use to record ARC numbers of subordinate parts or enclosures, etc, of item in hand, Example: 5603 5604 34
- \*n3 Not presently used, 35
- \*n4 DOC(S) TO WHICH THIS REFERS ==  
ARC number(s) of ARC document(s) to which this refers, Use to record explicit reference by document in hand to other ARC documents, 36
- \*n5 DOC THIS ABSTRACT DESCRIBES ==  
ARC number of document this abstract describes, Use to record number of complete document when a condensation is in hand, 37
- \*n6 DOC(S) THIS ONE ACCOMPANIES ==  
ARC number(s) of documents this one accompanies, Use to record transmittal letter for doc, and such, 38
- \*n7 DOC(S) TO WHICH THIS ONE IS RELATED ==  
Use for related documents not necessarily received or filed together, 39
- \*p1 PROJECT NAME ASSIGNED BY ISSUER ==  
Use when explicit; use for code names, Examples: Project MAC; MEDLARS 40

## Description of Codes Used in Catalog

- \*p2 PROJECT NUMBER ASSIGNED BY ISSUER --  
Use when organization assigns a project number, often in addition to a sponsoring agency's number. 41
- \*r1 NUMBER(S) ASSIGNED BY ISSUER --  
Serial or code number(s) assigned by issuer. Use for serial or codes assigned to the individual title by the agency issuing it. Examples: TM 42; Report 17; SBN 13-165969-3 42
- \*r2 NUMBER(S) ASSIGNED BY GOVT AGENCY --  
Serial or code number(s) assigned by government. Use for numbers assigned to individual report titles. Examples: AD 651 730; PB 117 190; LC 70-79429 43
- \*s1 SPONSORING AGENCY --  
Use for funding agency, private or governmental. 44
- #3 SUBORGANIZATION --  
Use for most significant subdivision of relevant sponsor, skipping #2 unless an intermediate is important for clarity. 44a
- #5 CITY, STATE, ZIP --  
Use in full. 44b
- #6 CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER --  
Use as given, excluding "No," or "#". 44c
- #7 PROJECT NUMBER --  
Use for sponsor's project number if any 44d
- #8 ORDER NUMBER --  
Use for sponsor number so designated 44e
- #9 OTHER NUMBER --  
Use for any other number(s) attached by the sponsor 44f
- \*s2 SECOND SPONSORING AGENCY --  
Use for second sponsor with same subelements as #s1 45
- \*w1 DATE RECEIVED AT ARC --  
Use form: 12-27-70 46
- \*w2 DATE CATALOGED AT ARC --  
Use form: 12-28-70 47
- \*w3 INITIALS OF CONTRIBUTOR --  
Use for attribution to ARC source when desired. Use form: dce 48
- \*w4 SOURCE IF NOT \*a1, \*b2, or \*w3 --

## Description of Codes used in Catalog

- Use as credit to donor or as indication of future source,  
Examples: John F. Bennett, IBM Los Gatos; CFSTI; ERIC CLIS; NTIS 49
- \*w5 CLERK SUBMITTING FOR AUTHOR --  
Ident of person creating online file for author 50
- \*w6 DATE LAST EDITED --  
Use when changing a statement 51
- \*w7 IDENT OF PERSON CHANGING --  
Used with \*w6 when changing a statement 52
- \*y1 BRIEF ABSTRACT --  
Use abstract in report, if brief and informative, Use modified abstract from copyrighted publication, Use for clarification when title is not informative, Use (with [L] in title) for statement of any limitation imposed on the contents or citation, Example: LIMITATION: This document not to be cited, Indicate valuable bibliographies, 53
- \*y2 KEYWORDS FROM DOC OR AUTHOR --  
Keys to subject content, For keywords assigned by report producer or NTIS, etc, Separate with semicolons and end with semicolon, 54
- \*y3 KEYWORDS ASSIGNED AT NIC --  
Keys to subject content, For keywords assigned by NIC in absence of ones given in the document or index, Separate with semicolons and end with semicolon, 55
- \*y4 KEYWORDS ASSIGNED AT NIC --  
For use in special cases, 56
- \*y8 "UPDATED BY xxxx;" "UPDATES xxxx;" "OBSOLETES xxxx;" --  
Documents updated or obsoleted, 57
- \*y9 "OBSOLETED BY xxxx" --  
Notice of document which obsoletes 58
- \*z1 NIC HOLDINGS --  
Use when transmission or general distribution is made, Examples: All; MAC, SDC, UCSB 59
- \*z2 SUBCOLLECTION --  
Use to indicate status of an item as a part of one or more subcollections, Examples: NIC, NAS, NIC SHE, NIC NWG, CBI, SUR, NMN, PODAC, 60
- \*z3 ARC CATALOG MANAGEMENT CODES --

Description of Codes used in Catalog

ARC master catalog management descriptions, Use for notation of data management, such as form of entry, examples: old, Walt 1; new, Present coding uses: new

61

\*z4 ARC HOLDINGS ==

62

\*z5 LOCATION(S) OF COPY ==

e.g., original DCE; partial photo ARC,

63

All statements terminate with: space \*

64

## First Final Report Bulletin

## Title

We propose "Knowledge Workshop Development",

## References

To Journal items,

please put in links to journal where you cite them; we will run the user program makereff to create references later,

To the Rest of the World,

Please put offline refernces as a branch at the end of your submission in the format makeref creates:

(XDOC NUMBER IF AVAILABLE)A, A, Author, Title, Publisher, City, State # Month 19??, #p,

## Authorship in the Sense of Intellectual Credit

The lists of writers in (documentation,final,outline) are not congruent with the list of people who will appear on the report to get credit for the intellectual work, Most obviously several people wh o now work elsewhere will recieve credit; in some case the reviewers will as well, in other cases not, when we are sure that the outline will hold, we will issue for comment a scheme for allocating intellectual credit,

## Publication

We hope that some parts of this report can be published later in journals,

## Unreadability

Several important people have found ARC publications unreadable, There are many reasons, but we have one basic suggestion: as you write please try to imagine a reader, You might also find something useful in (ljournal,17799,2:xb)

## Acronyms

The contract calls for us to use acronyms sparingly and to define them carefully at first use when we do use them,

## Driven Over Allocation by Mystery Files

some of you may recall that last Friday and Monday I tried to send a journal item which was never delivered because of a confusing accumulation in the distribution field following several attempts to distribute,

1

An other problem seems to have arisen from that evil journal submission. Today the system began to tell me I was out of pages although Show Disc asserted that I had 25 or so pages to spare. Jeff discovered that the culpable pages were in the partial copy of my sendmail file, invisible to me. Presumably they had accumulated during th various submission attempts,

2

This seems only one way in which a user could accumulate pages which the monitor counts against him but which neither show directory nor show disc status will reveal. It's a pretty frustrating feeling. I suggest making those files visisble,

3



copy, move, delete, and transpose with filter

I am confused as to how copy, delete, move, and transpose structure with filter should work,

Assume that a plex with the following structure exists:

A	2a
B	2a1
C	2a1a
D	2a1b
E	2a2

Now assume you do a copy plex with filter that selects all statements but statement B,

Then the following are the possible results:

method 1;	4a
A	4a1
C	4a1a
D	4a1a1
E	4a1b
method 2;	4b
A	4b1
C	4b1a
D	4b1b
E	4b1c
method 3;	4c
A	4c1
C	4c1a
D	4c1b
E	4c2

copy, move, delete, and transpose with filter

method 4:	4d
A	4d1
DUMMY STATEMENT	4d1a
C	4d1a1
D	4d1a2
E	4d1b

Old NLS, and the current implementation on the new NLS both use method 1. I am in the process of implementing delete, move, and transpose with filter. I will use method 1 to get something running. However, please cast your vote for your preferred method to Susan via the feedback mechanism.

## CML Backspaces

There is a inconsistency in the CML interpreter, 1

In expert/expert recognition mode when the user types the sequence  
<Space><Letter><Backspace> the backspace is executed as a double  
backspace and the interpreter considers the next letter input as a  
LEVEL1 Command, 1a

It would seem more consistent to have one backspace leave the  
interpreter in a state expecting a second level command sequence,  
and require the user two type two backspaces (or a command delete)  
to get to the top of the parse tree, 1b

DCE/JCN/RWW; Both JUDY COOKE and CAROL GUILBAULT have informed me they are resigning from SRI-ARC. For each, the last day is May 31. Carol has submitted a resignation letter to Wing; Judy will do so next week. We of course have no plans to replace either of them, but may occasionally during the next month need to hire temporary (one-day) help with the Arpanet Directory and Resource Notebook, ...  
Mike

1

Inquiry to COMARCO about Word Processing Systems for SRI Text  
Handling Study

Stanford Research Institute  
Augmentation Research Center  
333 Ravenswood Avenue  
Menlo Park, California 94025  
24 MAY 74

John F. Cogger  
Manager Computer Systems  
COMARCO Inc,  
P.O. Box 519  
Port Hueneme, Calif, 93041

Dear Mr. Cogger:

I inclose a couple of recent ARC papers that may be of interest to you. As you can see we are making an effort to make NLS available through cheaper and more generally available terminal systems.

Another matter prompts this letter however, I am engaged with other (non-ARC) members of the SRI Staff in a study looking to propose an institute-wide, computer-based text handling system, we are not considering NLS or any system as all-embracing as NLS at the first step. In fact your system, which I recall you were just bringing to offer for sale as a hardware-software package when I visited, seems to me an attractive candidate.

The SRI study has not really reached the point of comparing candidate word-processing systems, but I would now welcome any written description you have which I could circulate to the people working with me.

Sincerely,

Dirk van Nouhuys  
Research Analyst  
Augmentation Research Center

kfb

Bug with Filename recognition in Load Program command

Maybe this is an NP. Altmode should cause filename recognition for a file in PROGRAMS directory without typing programs, first,

1

copy move etc with filters

re Victor's copy etc with filter:

It seems to me that if you look at the text as a document (not as L10 program statements, for example) then what one is looking for in using such a command is an excerpt of the document.

The excerpt is to be controlled by the occurrence of certain strings in a chapter, paragraph, section, or subsection of the document.

The extract would be most useful, in my opinion, if alternative three in Victor's write up were used: namely, copy, move, etc ALL the parent statements of any statement that passed the filter, and indicate where appropriate that those parent statements were "empty", i.e. did not themselves contain the filters.

1

Filter Restructure Default Vote

I vote for method 1

1



Great Filter Restructure Default Election

I am confused as to how copy, delete, move, and transpose structure with filter should work,

Assume that a plex with the following structure exists:

- A 2a
- B 2a1
- C 2a1a
- D 2a1b
- E 2a2

Now assume you do a copy plex with filter that selects all statements but statement B,

Then the following are the possible results:

method 1:

- A 4a
- C 4a1
- D 4a1a
- E 4a1a1
- E 4a1b

method 2:

- A 4b
- C 4b1
- D 4b1a
- E 4b1b
- E 4b1c

method 3:

- A 4c
- C 4c1
- D 4c1a
- E 4c1b
- E 4c2

## Great Filter Restructure Default Election

method 4;	4d
A	4d1
DUMMY STATEMENT	4d1a
C	4d1a1
D	4d1a2
E	4d1b

Old NLS, and the current implementation on the new NLS both use method 1. I am in the process of implementing delete, move, and transpose with filter. I will use method 1 to get something running. However, please cast your vote for your preferred method to Susan via the feedback mechanism.

5

SRI NO, ISU 74-106 U, S, G, S Consulting Contract

Proposal for Research  
SRI NO, ISU 74-106

SRI=ARC 23114

## CONSULTING SERVICES

Mr. Gerald L. Askevold  
United States Geological Survey  
345 Middlefield Road  
Menlo Park, California  
24 May 1974

Dear Gerald;

This letter is a formal proposal for personnel at the Augmentation Research Center of the Stanford Research Institute to provide consulting services to the U, S, G, S, in the area of information processing of geological field data,

The consulting services will include assistance to U, S, G, S, staff in an evaluation of available computer services for immediate processing of field data collected in Alaska. The evaluation and recommendations will take into consideration immediate availability of services, processing costs, ease of use, compatibility with (present and planned for) U,S,G,S, computing hardware and software, and evolution of the system to take advantage of improved technology,

We propose that this study be conducted in four phases at a total price of \$1,500 as follows:

## Study and Discussion of

Problems, Alternatives and Plan	240,00	8a
Program Development and Testing	540,00	8b
Procedure for Handling Summer, 1974 Data	360,00	8c
Long Range Planning and Implications	360,00	8d
TOTAL	1500,00	8e

Each successive phase will be initiated in coordination with the U,S,G,S,

Based on the U,S,G,S, choice of editing and data management systems, ARC consultants will also analyse alternative SYCOR file and data structures and make recommendations on the optimum structure for the system chosen,

SRI NO, ISU 74-106 U, S, G, S Consulting Contract

Due to the nature of this consulting effort, no formal reports will be provided by the Institute, 11

The project will be headed by Dr, Richard Watson who has considerable experience in the design of data entry and information management systems. Dr, Watson's biography is attached together with the biographies of selected ARC staff members whose experience and expertise are relevant to this study, 12

This proposal can be accepted by a purchase order initiated by the U, S, G, S, that contains provisions acceptable to S, R, I. The Institute agrees not to exceed the established amount without prior authorization of the U, S, G, S, 13

This proposal will remain in effect until June 15, 1974. If consideration of the proposal requires a longer period, the Insititute will be glad to consider a request for an extension in time, 14

The Augmentation Research Center agrees to begin work on the study immediately on acceptance of the proposal by the U,S,G,S, 15

Yours truly, 16

Douglas C. Engelbart, Director  
Augmentation Research Center 17

18

19

Approved: 20

21

22

Bonnar Cox, Executive Director  
Information Scince and Engineering Division 23

BUG with move boundary and character size 0

It's still annoyingly here in case everyone's forgotten,

1

Some Comments on the New NLS Command Language, as seen by a DNLS User

Some Comments on New NLS Command Language, as seen by a DNLS User

1. The question mark facility has several inadequacies:

a. some of the "current alternatives" are not implemented,

That is, of course, most frustrating when you're trying to learn a language that's not documented, I STRONGLY RECOMMEND THAT NO ALTERNATIVE BE LISTED UNDER QUESTION MARK UNLESS IT HAS BEEN IMPLEMENTED.

A side effect (a nuisance, really) is that some commands (like "append link") are not implemented, but the user doesn't find that out until he gives the terminating <CA> after typing the command's full syntax expression. At the least, the user should immediately get a "command unrecognized" response --- i.e., a "?" just as if he had typed, say, "x" for a command word,

b. the alternative <space> is never indicated,

It shouldn't be indiscriminately indicated, but should definitely be shown when in fact it's a bona fide alternative. That is, when there are command words for the command that REQUIRE <space> to be typed if you are in expert mode,

c. the alternatives are not in alphabetical order,

They definitely should be. Alphabetic conflicts are so fundamental to parsing and the recognition modes that the user ought to be assisted (through alphabetization of the alternatives) in seeing what the potential conflicts are,

d. the valid alternatives are not always described in the HELP system data base,

The valid alternatives should be available in the HELP data base EXACTLY as shown in the question=mark response,

When they're not there, or listed differently, this leads of course to utter frustration for a new NEW NLS user: he can't easily find out what to do in a given situation. I personally find this to be one of the most significant reasons that I don't use NEW NLS very much,

2. The Sendmail subsystem was not adequately debugged, in my opinion, before the new system was brought up,

The main reason I don't use NEW NLS very often is that I can't

## Some Comments on the New NLS Command Language, as seen by a DNLS User

depend on being able to send Journal mail. There always seems to be a new bug: comments resulted in "illegal string designation"; titles resulted in "fst entry nonexistant [sic]"; etc. I don't want to find these errors; frankly, I expected that there would have been extra effort spent to debug Sendmail before bringing the system up, since it is such a fundamental aspect of the use of NLS.

3a

3. The Editor subsystem contains far too many commands, resulting in unnecessary alphabetic conflicts,

4

In reality the presently implemented Editor subsystem seems to me to encompass AT LEAST three subsystems; an EDITOR, a FILE-handler, a TERMINAL-handler; and possibly also (depending on your viewpoint) a TELECONFERENCING handler, and a HARDCOPY-OUTPUT handler,

4a

I suggest the present editor subsystem be subdivided as shown below (I hope I haven't missed any commands; if so, I hope it will be obvious where they would go in this scheme),

4b

Note that a few commands are common to more than one of the subdivisions, for ease of use. (I feel no esthetic or philosophical conflict in that approach,)

4b1

Editor:

4c

```
append string / structure
break      " "
copy       " "
delete     " "
insert     " "
```

4c1

```
move      string / structure
replace   " "
substitute " "
transpose " "
```

4c2

```
freeze    statement / branch / group / plex
release   statement / branch / group / plex / all
```

4c3

```
jump (as presently implemented)
load file
renumber sid's
update
```

4c4

```
set case / filter / name-delimiters / viewsPecs
reset " "
show  " "
```

4c5

## Some Comments on the New NLS Command Language, as seen by a DNLS User

sort		
merge		4c6
print		
output quickprint		4c7
execute		
goto		
help		
quit		4c8
File Handler:		4d
archive file		
copy file / directory / sequential / archive		
create file		
delete file / modifications		
expunge directory / archive		4d1
load file		
move file		
protect file		
retrieve file		
trim directory		4d2
connect directory		4d3
set archive / link=default / name=delimiters / temporary		
reset " "		
show " " / directory / file=status / disk=space		4d4
set private / public		4d5
sort		
merge		4d6
undelete file / modifications		
verify file		4d7
freeze statement / branch / group / plex		
release statement / branch / group / plex / all		
renumber sid's		4d8
jump		
execute		
goto		
help		
quit		4d9



## Some Comments on the New NLS Command Language, as seen by a DNLS User

```

Terminal Handler: 4e
    clear window
    split window
    simulate terminal
    move boundary 4e1

    set tty=window / char=size
    reset " " 4e2

    execute
    goto
    help
    quit 4e3

Hardcopy Output Handler (or, possibly a part of the File=Handler): 4f
    output assembler / COM / journal / printer /
        quickprint / remote / sequential / terminal
    print 4f1

    set viewspecs / name=delimiters
    reset " "
    show " " 4f2

    jump
    execute
    goto
    help
    quit 4f3

Teleconference Handler: 4g
    start recording session
    stop recording session
    playback recording session 4g1

    accept connection
    connect terminals
    disconnect terminals 4g2

    link terminals (not presently implemented in NLS)
    break links " " 4g3

Universal commands 4h
    help ( getting you to a relevant place in the HELP data base ) 4h1
    set ( with operands appropriate to the subsystem )

```

## Some Comments on the New NLS Command Language, as seen by a DNLS User

show " "  
reset " "

4h2

execute  
logout  
quit

4h3

## 4. Miscellaneous difficulties in using NEW (D)NLS,

5

= the command feedback window and the literal feedback window should be merged, in practically all instances, so that the total expression that a user composes --- command words, command noisewords, literal typeins, etc --- is displayed in the appropriate order for the user to reflect upon,

5a

The major difficulty in doing this would seem to be how to handle bugs,

5a1

I think this depends on the situation,

5a2

If the user is bugging a word or character or filename then that string can just be displayed; if the user is bugging a structure, then the statement number(s) of that structure could be displayed, or perhaps just the symbol "<bug>" could be displayed; other cases would have to be thought out, of course, but the net effect would be an eminently more readable command feedback line,

5a3

= I am personally not satisfied with the automatic return to "command reset" mode after every command terminator,

5b

The use of "RPT" is not a satisfactory mechanism, especially since it usurps the <control-b> that was previously used for the old center-dot function --- an annoying need to relearn an old habit,

5b1

I don't have an obviously winning solution; but my own preference is simply to type "command delete" --- very simple with the mouse, not so simple with a TI --- when I know I want to start a new command. Perhaps this is one place where the old difference between TNLS and DNLS syntaxes should prevail,

5b2

= "p" is not recognized in expert mode, yet two command words (playback and protect) are certainly candidates. I know "p" is "print" in TNLS, but why make DNLS users suffer?

5c

= "execute command in HELP" shouldn't drag up HELP's long explanatory text. It should just let you do "SHOW X" for any X,

5d

## Some Comments on the New NLS Command Language, as seen by a DNLS User

= "TI" shouldn't be an alternative in the "simulate terminal" command if you're already in TI mode; similarly, "tasker" shouldn't be an alternative if you're already in tasker mode. Fixing those would remove an annoying letter conflict, 5e

= you can of course "goto tenex", but you can't "execute command in Tenex" --- so tenex is not a true subsystem ! 5f

= since you can "undelete archive file", why can't you "delete archive file" (or can you, with another command?) 5g

= "all" is not a satisfactory alternative command word (in the "delete all markers" command). Here and wherever the second command "word" is really a phrase, I would prefer seeing the alternative listed as a hyphenated expression, such as "all=markers". This will of course require coordination between the question mark responses and the help data base statement names, 5h

= "freeze" and "release" have long suffered (in my opinion) from not letting you set viewspecs "o" and "p" before completing the command. I wish that would be implemented, 5i

Note also in my proposed categorization of current editor commands given above, that I've recommended expanding the freeze and release commands to include branch, group, and plex as legitimate objects. In addition, I would recommend that "release all" automatically result in viewspec "p" being set, 5i1

= you can "reset prompt" but you can't "set" or "show" prompt. Should be consistent and allow all three, 5j

As a matter of fact, there is considerable inconsistency between the question mark responses and the HELP data base on the "prompt" stuff, 5j1

Question mark lists "reset prompt" within the Editor subsystem, but omits "set prompt" in that subsystem; HELP says that set and reset prompt are in USEROPTIONS, 5j2

HELP also says that set and reset RECOGNITION MODE are in USEROPTIONS, but it lists them under the "SHOW SET" command anyway, implying (to me) that these are editor subsystem commands, 5j3

= HELP data base says nothing that I could find about "set private" and "set public", 5k

## Some Comments on the New NLS Command Language, as seen by a DNLS User

= you should be able to "show" link=default-directory, as a supplement to the ability to set and reset it, 5l

= you should be able to do a Tenex "link" and "break links" from within NLS, with the text of the conversation appearing in the literal feedback window (with suitable push-down and roll-up ). This would remove yet one more visible reminder of Tenex's presence, 5m

= the command "record session" would (in my opinion) be better named as "start recording-session" to complement "stop recording-session" 5n

## 5. Suggestions for minor additions to NEW NLS, 6

= I would like to see a modification to the "Output File" command that allows the output to be "filtered" That is, the command should at least optionally obey viewspecs "i" and "k". This would make it MUCH easier to do a content search and save the results without having to split the screen, create a new file, copy filtered, etc, 6a

= I would like to see the LI0 compiler pass on to the Loader the required information about the size of a compiled program, and correspondingly I would like to see the "Load Program" mechanism be smart enough to obtain the required buffer size from the Compiler's passed data, and AUTOMATICALLY SET THE BUFFER SIZE just before loading the user program, 6b

It is abominably annoying to have to know or guess and then set the buffer size of a user program. And certainly it is entirely unnecessary, given a slight change to the Loader, 6b1

= I would like to see Output Quickprint REFRAIN from putting its single-line, top-of-the-page identifier on any but the first page of an output quickprint listing. (Continuing to print the page number at the top or bottom of each page is an o.k. thing, however. I recommend adding the word "Page",) 6c

The result would be an eminently more useable draft, in my opinion, and would open the door to allow some simple user programs to do quick, clean, simple formatting jobs for particular user needs without having to invoke the cumbersome Output Processor, 6c1

= I would still like to see the sort and merge commands upgraded, as defined by me last year ( see == jjournal, 17234,i;wy), 6d

## CML Backspace implementation

There is a inconsistency in the CML interpreter, 1

In expert/expert recognition mode when the user types the sequence <Space><Letter><Backspace> the backspace is executed as a double backspace and the interpreter considers the next letter input as a LEVEL! Command, Example <space>S<backspace>C recognizes copy command 1a

It would seem more consistent to have one backspace leave the interpreter in a state expecting a second level command sequence, and require the user to type two backspaces (or a command delete) to get to the top of the parse tree, 1b