The Sixteenth

ACM North American

Computer Chess Championship

Denver, Colorado

October 13-15, 1985

A Special Event at ACM-85

Table of Contents

Welcome and overview	1
Important times and places	2
Scorecard	. 3
List of participants	4
Computing system information	5
History of major tournaments	6
ACM's Fifteenth NA Championship	8
Tournament rules	16
Computer chess literature	18
The ACM Computer Chess Committee	19
The ICCA	19
The Turing Test	20
	Important times and places Scorecard List of participants Computing system information History of major tournaments ACM's Fifteenth NA Championship Tournament rules Computer chess literature The ACM Computer Chess Committee The ICCA

WELCOME AND OVERVIEW

For the sixteenth consecutive year, the ACM is hosting a major computer chess event at its Annual Conference. In the early years the programs barely played respectable chess, but over the years they have gradually improved to the point where they now play at the Master level. And there is general optimism that they can improve more. During the course of the tournament, the authors will have the chance to discuss their lastest ideas with their colleagues and get new ideas to implement in their own programs.

While the field is a bit smaller than usual, the quality is quite strong. Robert Hyatt, Burt Gower and Harry Nelson will use a four processor Cray computer to defend their ACM title. Their program, CRAY BLITZ, won the world championship in 1983 at the ACM Annual Conference in New York. It will face strong competition from several programs including BEBE, runner-up for the world championship in 1983, CHAOS, HITECH, which searches 175,000 nodes/second using specially designed VLSI circuitry, and PHOENIX, running on a network of VAX 780's and SUN workstations. An exciting four rounds is anticipated.

The audience might observe that the computers are getting bigger and faster every year. This year, there are three multiprocessing systems, two Cray computers, two Amdahl computers, one home brewed (BEBE), and a couple of strong microcomputers. There are very exciting things happening in the world of computer architecture and chess.

In addition to the tournament, a panel discussion on "Chess programs: from the basement to the marketplace" should provide the audience with an interesting view of the commercial chess world. A technical session will feature two papers on some of the latest developments. And—a special Turing Test will be given on Monday, October 14th, to see who is best at telling man from machine.

Rick Wittekind and Garth Courtois have done an excellent job in handling the local arrangements and we want to extend them a big thanks. A thanks also goes to Mike Valvo, who will serve again as our Tournament Director. Last but not least, the participants deserve a special thanks for coming here, given all the problems of putting together and running increasingly more complex systems. We hope the audience enjoys the show; feel free to ask questions and express your emotions and opinions.

Monty Newborn, Chairman, ACM Computer Chess Committee Hans Berliner, Tony Marsland, Kathe Spracklen, and Ken Thompson, Members.

IMPORTANT TIMES AND PLACES

Required meeting of all participants: 12:00 pm, Sunday October 13th in the Breckenridge Room.

Schedule of Rounds:

Round	L:	1:00	pm	Sunday	October	13th
Round	2:	7:30	рm	Sunday	October	13th
Round	3:	7:30	pm	Monday	October	14th
Round	4:	7:30	pm	Tuesday	October	15th

Location: The tournament will take place in the Breckenridge Room of the Denver Raddison Hotel.

Admission: Included in Same-day Conference Registration, or \$5/day or \$10 for all three days.

ACM Computer Chess Committee Luncheon: 12:00 noon Monday October 14.
Non-committee members are welcome to attend. Place to be announced.

Turing Test: Monday October 14 in the Breckenridge Room at 1:30 pm."

ICCA Meeting: October 14 at 5:30 pm in the Breckenridge Room.

Panel Session: "Chess Programs: From the Basement to the Marketplace," Tuesday October 15th at 2:00 pm.

Technical Paper Session: Tuesday October 15 at 4:00 pm.

Awards Luncheon: Wednesday October 16 at 12:00 noon.



MATING DANCE PERFORMED BY OSTRICHES ON "NOVA"

SCORECARD

ACM'S SIXTEENTH NORTH AMERICAN

COMPUTER CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP

TEAM	1	ROU t	₽DS 3	4	TOTAL POINTS	FINAL PLACE
1. AWIT						
2. BEBE		/				
3. CHAOS		/				
4. CRAY BLITZ						
5. HITECH						
6. INTELLIGENT SOFTWARE						
7. LACHEX						
8. OSTRICH						
9. PHOENIX						
10. SPOC						
			/			

Code: Number of opponent
Total points

PARTICIPANTS IN THE ACM'S SIXTEENTH. NORTH AMERICAN COMPUTER CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP

AWIT	Tony Marsland, Computing Science Department,
	University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta.

Canada, T6G 2H1.

BEBE Tony Scherzer, SYS-10 Inc., 2117 Stonington

Avenue, Hoffman Estates, Illinois 60195.

CHAOS Mike Alexander, Fred Swartz, and Jack O'Keefe,

c/o FS, Computing Center, University of Michigan, 1075 Beal Avenue, Ann Arbor,

Michigan, 48109.

CRAY BLITZ Robert Hyatt, Albert Gower, and Harry Nelson, c/o RH, 1020 Gordon Woods Drive, Birmingham,

Alabama, 35244.

HITECH Carl Ebeling, Hans Berliner, Gordon Goetsch,
Andy Palay, Murray Campbell, and Larry Slomer,

c/o HB, Computer Science Department, Carnegie-

Mellon University, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, 15213.

INTELLIGENT SOFTWARE Mark Taylor, David Levy, and Kevin O'Connell, c/o

DL, 11 Loudoun Road, London NW8 OLP, England.

LACHEX Burton Wendroff, MS B284, Los Alamos National

Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, 87545.

OSTRICH Monty Newborn, School of Computer Science,

McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, H3A2K6.

PHOENIX Jonathan Schaeffer, Department of Computer Science,

University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada,

T6G 2H1.

SPOC Jacques Middlecoff, SDI/Cypress Software, 1450

Koll Circle, Ste. 108, San Jose, California, 95112.

Standby .:

BELLE Ken Thompson, Joe Condon, c/o KT, Bell Laboratories

Room 2C 519, Murray Hill New Jersey, 07974.

COMPUTING SYSTEM INFORMATION

Program	Computing System(Location) Language		Memory Space	Book Size	Nodes/Sec.
AWIT	Amdahl 5860 (Univ. of Alberta) Algol W 24 mb, 32 bits, 13 mips		75 mb	10 k	10
BEBE	Custom Chess Engine, (at site) Assembler 65 kb, 16 bits, 10 mips		65 kw + tt	3.5 k	20 k
CHAOS	Amdahl 5860 or 1200 FORTRAN (Amdahl Corg , Sunnyvale) 16 mb, 32 birs, 10 mips	6	mb	10 k	70
CRAY BLITZ	Cray X-MP 48 (Cray Corp., Men. Hts)FORT/Assm. 8 mw, 64 bits, 420 mips (4-processor machine)	sm. 8	mw	50 k	100 k
HITECH	SUN with special chess circuitry C 3 mb, 32 bits, .8 mips (Carnegie=Melton Univ.)	6	600 kb	4 k	175 k
INTELLIGENT SOFTWARE	Apple IIE (6502-based) with Assembler accelerator (at site)		64 kb	3 k	500
LACHEX	Cray X-MP 48 (Mendota Heights) FORT/Assm. 8 mw, 64 bits, 105 mips		1.16 mb	NA	50 k
OSTRICH	8 DG computers: 1 Eclipse S/120, Assembler 6 Nova 4s, 1 Nova 3, (McGill Univ.) 32 kw/comp, 16 bits, 1 mips/comp.		24 kw/comp.	2.5 k	1.2 K
PHOENIX	Network of VAX 780s and SUNs (10 in parallel) (Univ. of Alberta)	2	20 k + tt	5 *	540
SPOC	IBM PC (at site) 128 kb, 16 bits, 4.77mhz	Assemb. 8	80 kb	.5 k	300
BELLE	DEC 11/23 with chess circuitry C (Bell Laboratories)	N >	^	NN	160 k

HISTORY OF THE MAJOR TOURNAMENTS

World Championships

Year	City	Winner	Runner-up
1974	Stockholm (at IFIPS-74)	KAISSA; Donskoy, Arlazarov ICL 4/70	CHESS 4.0; Slate, Atkin, CDC 6600
1977	Toronto (at IFIPS-77)	CHESS 4.6; Slate, Atkin, CDC Cyber 176	DUCHESS; Truscott, Wright, Jensen, IBM 370/165
1980	Linz	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/23 with special hardware	CHAOS; Alexander, Swartz, Berman, O, Keefe, Amdahl 470/V8
1983	New York (at ACM-83	CRAY BLITZ; Hyatt, Gower, Nelson, Cray X-MP	BEBE; Scherzer, Chess Engine

ACM's North American Championships

1970	New York	CHESS 3.0; Slate, Atkin, Gorlen, CDC 6400	Daly Chess Program; Daly, King, Varian
1971	Chicago	CHESS 3.5; Slate, Atkin, Gorlen, CDC 6400	TECH; Gillogly, PDP 10
1972	Boston	CHESS 3.6; Slate, Atkin, Gorlen, CDC 6400	OSTRICH; Arnold, Newborn, DG Supernova
1973	Atlanta	CHESS 4.0; Slate, Atkin, Gorlen, CDC 6400	TECH II, Baisley, PDP 10
1974	San Diego	RIBBIT; Hansen, Crook, Parry, Honeywell 6050	CHESS 4.0; Slate, Atkin, CDC 6400
1975	Minneapolis	CHESS 4.4; Slate, Atkin, CDC Cyber 175	TREEFROG; Hansen, Calnek, Crook, Honeywell 6080
1976	Houston	CHESS 4.5; Slate, Atkin, CDC Cyber 176	CHAOS; Swartz, Ruben, Winograd, Berman, Toikka, Alexander, Amdahl 470

ACM's North American Championships (continued)

1977	Seattle	CHESS 4.6; Slate, Atkin, CDC Cyber 176	DUCHESS; Truscott, Wright, Jensen, IBM 370/168
1978	Washington	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/70 with chess hardware	CHESS 4.7; Slate, Atkin, CDC Cyber 176
1979	Detroit	CHESS 4.9; Slate, Atkin, Cahlander, CDC Cyber 176	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/70 with chess hardware
1980	Nashville	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/70 with chess hardware	CHAOS; Alexander, O'Keefe, Swartz, Berman, Amdahl 470
1981	Los Angeles	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/23 with chess hardware	NUCHESS; Blanchard, Slate, CDC Cyber 176
1982	Dallas	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/23 with chess hardware	CRAY BLITZ; Hyatt, Gower, Nelson, Cray 1
1983		e North American Championship the ship. See the information above	
1984	San Fransisco	CRAY BLITZ; Hyatt, Gower, Nelson, Cray X-MP (4-processor)	BEBE; Scherzer, Chess Engine and FIDELITY EXPERIMENTAL; Spracklen, Spracklen, 6502-based Fidelity machine.





Report on a Meeting

ACM's Fifteenth North American Computer Chess Championship

D. Kopec San Diego State University

M. Newborn McGill University

CRAY BLITZ, the current world champion chess program written by Robert Hyatt, Albert Gower, and Harry Nelson of the University of Southern Mississippi, took first place in the ACM Fifteenth North American Computer Chess Championship held during the Association's 1984 annual conference. Running on a four-processor CRAY X-MP computer, CRAY BLITZ won the fourround Swiss System tournament with a perfect 4-0 score, a full onepoint margin over its nearest rival. During the past three years CRAY BLITZ has established itself as the most successful of all the programs. having been runner-up in the 1982 ACM tournament and winner of the 1983 World Championship before its triumph in this event.

The outcome of the competition was far from certain until the contenders were well into the games of the final round. NUCHESS had maintained a strong position against CRAY BLITZ and it seemed possible that no less than four programs of the fourteen competing might tie for first place with identical 3-1 scores: CRAY BLITZ and NUCHESS. FIDELITY EXPERIMENTAL, and the winners of the BEBE versus NOVAG EXPERIMENTAL and CHAOS versus PHOENIX games. Nevertheless. CRAY BLITZ prevailed when NUCHESS failed to press its advantage, leaving three teams one point behind the winner.

BEBE (Tony Scherzer, SYS-10 Inc., Hoffman Estates, Illinois) and FIDELITY EXPERIMENTAL (Dan and Kathe Spracklen, Fidelity Computer Products, San Diego) shared second place with identical 3-1

scores and equal tie-break points. BEBE, playing on a custom-built bit sliced machine, also tied for second place last year. FIDELITY EXPERIMENTAL's tie for second place this year was the best performance by a microcomputer program to date, only losing to CRAY BLITZ in the first round.

CHAOS took fourth place with the same 3-1 score as the two second-place winners but scored lower on tie-break points. One of the oldest and most consistent of the participants, CHAOS, also suffered its only defeat to CRAY BLITZ.

A fifth-place score of 2.5/4 by BELLE (Ken Thompson, Joe Condon, Bell Laboratories) was surprisingly low for the former world champion and the only USCF master-rated program in the event.

Tony Marsland (moderator) along with panel members Robert Hyatt. Monroe Newborn, Tony Scherzer, and Ken Thompson held a panel discussion entitled "Chess on Nonstandard Computer Architectures." which focused on special purpose chess hardware (Scherzer, Thompson) and parallel search systems (Hyatt, Marsland, Newborn). By the end of the discussion, a longfamiliar discontent was reiterated by several members of the audience: What has happened to the knowledge representation approach and the attempts to model human cognition through chess programming?!

THE GAMES

Following are two annotated games and a listing of moves from a third. Readers interested in the results of other recent ACM tournaments will find them reported in the September 1983 and August 1984 issues of Communications.

Symbols

- ! = A very good move
- !? = An interesting move
- ?! = A dubious move
- $? = \Lambda$ blunder
- ?? = A losing move

Round 2

BELLE-NUCHESS Sicilian Defense

In chess games between relatively well-matched human opponents a material advantage plays a significant role in the final outcome. This is ordinarily the case in computer chess games as well, where material takes the highest priority. However, there are special cases (positions) wherein the normally accepted relative values of the pieces do not hold true and some knowledge or deep understanding of the position is of much greater importance. In such situations a sacrifice is often required to transform a material advantage into a winning position. We see in the following game that BELLE was not quite ready to make the necessary sacrifice. BELLE managed to win NUCHESS's queen for two minor pieces. However, some material sacrifice (such as a rook for an advanced pawn and knight) was necessary for BELLE to take advantage of its material lead and remove Black's remaining trumps. Instead, BELLE tried to maintain a material advantage at all costs and gradually became entangled in an uncharacteristically passive and hopeless position.

1. e4 c5 2. c3

The "c3 Sicilian" has been in BELLE's library for the past few years and NUCHESS may well have been prepared for it.

2. ... e6 3. d4 cxd4 4. cxd4 d5 5. Bd3 dxe4 6. Bxe4 Nf6 7. Bc2 The game has now transposed in a queen's pawn opening and thus White's isolated queen-pawn represents both a strength (space) and a potential weakness.

7.... Nc6 8. Nf3 b6
A provocative move in that Black delays castling kingside (e.g., 7.... Be7) in order to seek the most active deployment of its queen's bishop.

9. 0-0 Ba6 10. Rel Bb4 11. Nc3 0-0 12. a3 Be7 13. Bg5 Qd6 Well played. NUCHESS develops actively around the queen's pawn.

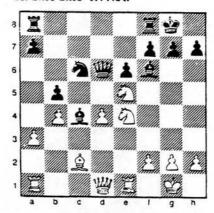
14. b4?

Before this move both programs have played logically, deploying their forces as two experienced humans might, while refraining from any unnecessarily committal moves. The text is weakening and antipositional, giving Black potential en-

try points on the queen hishop's file via the c2. c3. and c4 squares.

14.... Bc4 15. Ne5 b5?! Interesting, although instead Black should now safely liquidate with 15.... Nxe5 16. dxe5 Qxd1 17. Raxd1 Nd5 etc.; the text is also punishable by 16. Nxc6 Qxc6 17. Ne4.

16. Bxf6 Bxf6 17. Ne4!



Position after 17. Ne4!

Black is now confronted with an attack on its queen (which must guard the queen's knight on c6) and the threat of 18. Nxf6+ and if 18. ... gxf6, then White can force mate starting with 19. Bxh7+! then if 19. ... Kxh7 (or 19. ... Kh8 20. Qh5) 20. Qh5+ Kg7 21. Qg4+ Kh7 (or h8) 22. Re3. Black most

likely saw all this. The only way, however, that Black could have avoided this whole mess was to have played something other than 15.... b5.

17. ... Bxe5 18. Nxd6 Bxd6
With Black having only a bishop
and knight for a queen, White's victory should be a matter of simple
technique, but it does require a plan
and some smart exchanges.

19. Bd3 Ne7 20. Bxc4?
Better was first 20. Rc1 or 20. Qe2 to avoid giving Black a passed pawn.
But BELLE, feeling itself well ahead was anxious to reduce material.

20. ... bxc4 21. Rc1 Rac8
22. Qe2 c3 23. Qa6?
A poor excursion. 23. Qf3 Nd5
24. Re3! Bf4 25. Rc2 would lead to a favorable transition ensuring
White's victory. But while ahead,
BELLE must have felt no compulsion to sacrifice material.

23.... Bf4 24. Rc2 Ra8
25. Qb7? Nd5 26. Ree2 Bd2
27. Qa6 g6 28. Re4 Rfc8
During the past nine moves White has completely lost the thread of the game while Black's position has been strengthened.

29. Kh1 Rf8 30. Rh4 Bg5 31. Rh3 Be7 Unwilling to sacrifice, BELLE spurns a number of opportunities to sim-

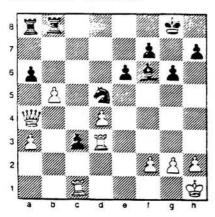
FINAL STANDINGS

Program	Authors	Computer	Points	Place
CRAY BLITZ	Hyatt, Gower, Nelson	Cray X-MP (4 processor)	4	1
BEBE	Scherzer	Custom-built bit-sliced machine	3	2
FIDELITY EXP	Spracklen, Spracklen	6502-based Fidelity machine (at site)	3	2
CHAOS	Alexander, Swartz, O'Keefe, Berman	Amdahl 5860	3	4
BELLE	Thompson, Condon	PDP 11/23 with special hardware	2.5	5
NUCHESS	Slate, Blanchard	Cray 1M	2	5
PHOENIX	Schaeffer	Amdahl 5820	2	7
NOVAG EXP	Kittinger, McDonald	6502-based Novag machine (at site)	2	8
SOFTWARE EXP	Taylor, Lang, Levy, O'Connell	Apple II (at site)	2	9
SCHACH 2.7	Engelbach	Burroughs 7900	1.5	10
OSTRICH	Newborn	Mitiproc. sys. (8 Novas)	1	11
AWIT	Marsland	Amdahl 5860/2	1	12
MERLIN	Kaindl, Wagner, Horacek	CDC Cyber 176	1	13
XENARBOR	Miller	IBM 3081	0	14

Note: Teams finishing with an equal number of points were ordered based on the number of points won by their opponents. If a tie remained, their opponents' opponents' points were counted. BEBE and FIDELITY EXP were still tied after this was done.

plify and ease the technical task with Rxc3.

32. Qa4 Bf6 33. Rd3 Rfd8 34. b5 Rdb8 35. Rc1 a6!



Position after 35 ... a6.

Suddenly Black forces a dangerous opening of files on the queenside.

36. bxa6 Rb6 37. a7 Rb7
38. Ra1 Raxa7 39. Qd1 Rb2
White's continuous passive play enables this to be the decisive incursion.

40. f3 c2 41. Qf1 Bg5 42. g3 Rab7 43. f4 Rb1 44. Rf3 Bf6 45. f5 Bxd4 46. Rxb1 cxb1 = Q (0-1).

Round 3 CRAY BLITZ-BEBE Sicilian Defense

1. e4 c5 2. d4

White initiates the Morra Gambit which can lead to a dangerous attack if Black does not know the theoretical replies.

2. ... cxd4 3. Nf3

White mixes play. The standard Morra Gambit continuation is 3. c3 dxc3 4. Nxc3. Now if Black plays 3. . . . e5 4. c3 (not 4. Nxe5? Qa5+) transposes into a favorable version of the gambit.

3. ... Nc6 4. Nxd4 Nf6 5. Nc3 d6 6. f4

A very aggressive continuation, which Black meets accordingly with a sharp reply. Other quieter moves for White are 6. Bc4, 6. Be2, and 6. Bg5.

6. ... Qb6 7. Nb3 e5

This move continues the sharp play, although 7. . . . e6 was a viable, more solid alternative.

8. Qe2!

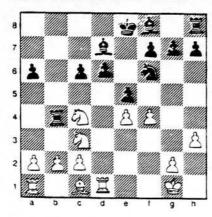
A fine move (probably not in CRAY BLITZ's book) preparing to drive Black's queen with 9, Be3.

3. ... Bg4 9. Qb5 Qxb5 10. Bxb5 a6?

A time-wasting move whose defects will only show up later. Better was 10.... Bd7 with a sound position. Now the threat of f5 trying to trap the bishop on g4 will persistently loom, although here 11. f5 fails to Nxe4 12. Nxe4 Bxf5, etc., with good compensation for the piece.

11. Bxc6+ bxc6 12. 0-0 Rb8?! Suddenly Black's position is difficult. Tactical resources still save its bishop now after 13. f5 d5 14. h3 d4, etc. However, because the bishop on g4 is not safely placed. White has a significant lead in development. Black's rook does not really threaten and it should hasten to castle kingside instead.

13. Na5 Bd7 14. Rd1 Ng4? 15. h3 Nf6 16. Nc4 Rb4 17. b3!



Position after 16. ... Rh4

An excellent move that highlights the difficulties in Black's position and illustrates the flaws in BEBE's play.

17.... d5 18. exd5 Bc5+ In a desperate position, BEBE again tries to find salvation through tactics, but to no avail. There are already too many problems with its position.

19. Kh2 Bd4 20. dxc6 Bxh3 21. Nd6+

White can choose from a number of winning continuations, e.g., 21. Kxh3 Bxc3 22. c7 Ke7 (or 22.... 0-0 23. Rd8) 23. Ba3, which give Black not even a glimmer of hope.

21. . . . Ke? 22. Kxh3 Kxd6 On 22. . . . Bxc3 23. Ba3 wins arryway.

23. Ba3 a5 24. Bxb4+ axb4
25. Nb5+ Kxc6 26. Nxd4+ exd4
27. Rxd4
White now simply exploits its big material advantage.

27. . . . Nd5 28. a3 bxa3 29. c4 Nb4 30. Rxa3 Re8 If 30. . . . Nc2 31. Ra6+ Kb7 32. Rdd6.

31. Ra7 Re3+ 32. Kh4 Kc5 33. Rd8 Rxb3 34. Rc8+ Kd4 35. Rxf7 g6 36. Rxh7 Rc3 37. g3 (1-0).

Round 4

NUCHESS-CRAY BLITZ English Opening

NUCHESS played a superb finalround game against CRAY BLITZ. NUCHESS maintained a strong initiative deep into the end game before a "breakdown," due to its lack of understanding of the concept of an outside passed pawn, which CRAY BLITZ capitalized on after 45. Rxg6??.

1. c4 e5 2. Nc3 Bb4 3. a3 Bxc3 4. dxc3 Ne7 5. g3 d5 6. cxd5 Qxd5 7. Qxd5 Nxd5 8. Bg2 Nb6 9. a4 0-0 10. a5 Nc4 11. Ra4 Nd6 12. a6 Nd7 13. Be3 Nb6 14. Rh4 Rd8 15. axb7 Bxb7 16. Bxb7 Nxb7 17. Nf3 Rd5 18. c4 Ra5 19. 0-0 Ra2 20. Rd1 Rxb2 21. c5 Nc8 22. Rd7 f6 23. Rg4 g6 24. Rh4 h5 25. Rxc7 Nd8 26. Ra4 Rb7 27. Rxb7 Nxb7 28. Ra6 Kf7 29. Nd2 Nd8 30. Ne4 f5 31. Ng5+ Kg7 32. Nf3 Nf7 33. Nxe5 Nxe5 34. Bd4 Kg8 35. Bxe5 Ne7 36. e3 Kf7 37. Rf6+ Kg8 38. Kg2 Rc8 39. Kf3 Re8 40. Ra6 Ra8 41. Kf4 Kf7 42. Kg5 Rg8 43. Rf6+ Ke8 44. Bd6 Nc8 45. Rxg6?? Rxg6+ 46. Kxg6 Nxd6 47. cxd6 a5 48. g4 hxg4 49. Kxf5 a4 50. e4 a3 51. Kxg4 a2 52. e5 a1 = Q 53. f4 Qg1+ 54. Kf5 Qxh2 55. e6 Qc2+(0-1).

211

ACM'S FIFTEENTH NORTH AMERICAN COMPUTER CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP (NACCC) San Francisco, California, October 7-9, 1984 RESULTS and GAMES (Ken Thompson)

	rate	perf	1	2	3	4	total
1 Cray Blitz	2200	2459	2+0	4+=	3+0	6+=	4
2 Fidelity X	1900	2041	1	11+0	9+	10+0	3
3 Bebe	2100	2107	12+	10+0	j =	8+0	3
4 Chaos	1800	2046	11+=	1-0	13+■	7+0	3
5 Belle	2200	2016	7=■	6-0	12+■	13+0	21/2
6 Nuchess	2150	2087	8=0	5+■	7=0	1-0	2
7 Phoenix	0	1981	5=0	9+0	6=■	4-	2
8 Novag X	1900	1896	6=■	12+0	10==	3-■	2
9 Intelligent Software X	0	1788	13+	7-	2-0	11+0	2
10 Schach 2.7	0	1722	14+0	3-	8=0	•2-■	11/2
11 Ostrich	1750	1558	4-0	2	14+0	9-	1
12 Awit	0	1600	3-0	8	5-0	14+	1
13 Merlin	0	1506	9-0	14+	4-0	5-=	1
14 Xenarbor	1400	1172	10-■	13-0	11-=	12-0	0

Round 1

phoenix — belle 1 d4 d5 2 Ag5 f6 3 Af4 2c6 4 2f3 g5 5 2g3 g4 6 2g1 h5 7 h3 e5 8 h×g4 Q×g4 9 c3 e×d4 10 c×d4 Qge7 11 f3 ሷe6 12 e3 ᡚf5 13 ሷf2 🗳d6 14 ሷd3 ᡚb4 15 g4 ①xd3t 16 쌀xd3 쌀b4t 17 ①c3 ①g7 18 O-O-O O-O-O 19 쌓g6 쌓e7 20 Qh4 Qe8 21 g5 全f7 22 学d3 f×g5 23 学f5+ 字b8 24 鱼×g5 学d7 25 学×d7 旦×d7 26 e4 旦g8 27 ♠h3 dxe4 28 fxe4 요e6 29 요f4 요g4 30 로d3 요g7 31 요e3 且f7 32 Qg5 且ff8 33 Qd5 요h8 34 **含**b1 **Qd6** 35 **旦c1 Qb5** 36 a4 **Q**×d4 37 魚×d4 르×g5 38 Д×c7 鱼e2 39 邑a3 르g4 40 Qe6 且fg8 41 Q×h8 且×h8 42 Qc5 h4 43 인d7† 含a8 44 인f6 且f4 45 e5 且d8 46 且e3 点f3 47 国d3 国h8 48 国dc3 点c6 49 b3 国f5 50 신d5 르xe5 51 신c7t 含b8 52 신a6t bxa6 53 弖×c6 h3 54 弖×a6 h2 55 弖h1 弖g5 56 弖c6 亘h3 57 \$b2 亘gg3 58 亘c2 亘xb3t 59 \$c1 旦a3 60 旦h×h2 旦×h2 61 旦×h2 旦×a4 ½-½

nuchess — novag x 1. c4 e5 2 Qc3 Qf6 3 ①f3 ①c6 4 g3 ሷb4 5 ሷg2 O-O 6 O-O 르e8 7 a3 &xc3 8 dxc3 d6 9 &e3 &e6 10 =a4 Qg4 11 Qg5 Qxe3 12 Qxe6 Exe6 13 fxe3 当g5 14 요xc6 告xe3t 15 且f2 且f6 16 且af1 且×f2 17 且×f2 b×c6 18 沓×c6 且f8 19 沓×c7 當clt 20 由g2 当xb2 21 当xd6 当xc3 22 c5 h6 23 c6 省d4 24 省×d4 e×d4 25 且f5 且c8 26 且c5 gf8 27 gf3 ge7 28 ge4 gd6 29 且a5 且c7 30 且a6 会c5 31 a4 f6 32 h4 会c4 33 且a5 g6 34 且a6 h5 35 且a5 且xc6 36 且xa7 且e6t 37 \$f3 且e3t 38 \$f2 \$c3 39 且b7 且e6 40 a5 且a6 41 且b5 f5 42 且b6 且×a5 43 且×g6 且e5 44 且g5 gc2 45 gf1 且xe2 46 且xf5 d3 47 且c5+ 含d1 48 且×h5 d2 49 且c5 且e1+ 50 含i2 且e2t 51 gf1 且e1t 52 gf2 且e2t 53 gf1 1/2-1/2

awit — bebe 1 c4 e5 2 包c3 包f6 3 包f3 包c6 4 d3 d6 5 g3 g6 6 全g2 全g7 7 O-O O-O 8 邑b1 a5 9 a3 全d7 10 全g5 h6 11 全d2 g5 12 学b3 b6 13 a4 g4 14 包e1 包d4 15 学a2 全c6 16 f3 h5 17 h4 g×h3 18 全xh3 全d7 19 全xd7 学xd7 20 受g2 邑a6 21 邑h1 邑fa8 22 b4 axb4 23 邑xb4 包e6 24 邑h4 包c5 25 包c2 包xa4 26 包xa4 邑xa4 27 邑xa4 誉xa4 28 誉xa4 邑xa4 29 包b4 c5 30 包c6 邑a2 31 全g5 邑xe2+ 32 受f1 邑b2 33 包e7+ 全h7 34 全xf6 全xf6 35 邑xh5+ 空g7 36 包f5+ 空g6 37 g4 邑b1+ 38 空g2 邑b2+ 39 受f1 全g7 40 f4 f6 41 包xd6 exf1 42 包e4 邑b1+ 43 全e2 全h6 44 包xc5 bxc5 45 邑xc5 邑g1 46 d4 邑xg4 47 邑b5 f3+ 48 全d3 全c1 49 邑b8 邑xd4+ 50 ②xd4 f2 51 邑g8+

호f5 52 호c3 f1쌀 0-1

schach 2.7 — xenarbor 1 e4 c5 2 인당 인c6 3 d+ c×d4 + 인×d4 인f6 5 인c3 e5 6 인db5 d6 7 인g5 a6 8 요×f6 g×f6 9 인a3 b5 10 쌍d5 요d7 11 인e2 밀g8 12 쌍d3 요e6 13 인b1 쌍a5+ 14 쌍c3 쌍×c3+ 15 인b×c3 요e7 16 O-O-O 업d7 17 인d5 요×d5 18 e×d5 인a7 19 인g3 업c7 20 요d3 르h8 21 인f5 요f8 22 르he1 필g8 23 요e4 h6 24 르d3 업b7 25 르h3 르c8 26 인×h6 요×h6+ 27 三×h6 르h8 28 三×f6 三×h2 29 三×d6 三c7 30 르f6 르d7 31 요f3 a5 32 三×e5 三h1+ 33 업d2 인c8 34 요g4 三c7 35 d6 인×d6 36 三×d6 b4 37 요f3+ 업b8 38 三b5+ 업c8 39 요g4+ 三d7 40 三×d7 三h4 41 三c5+ 업b8 42 三e5 三h8 43 三b5+ 업c8 44 三×f7+ 1—0

ostrich — chaos 1 e4 c5 2 c3 白f6 3 e5 白d5 4 요c4 白b6 5 요b3 白c6 6 白f3 d6 7 O-O d×e5 8 쌓e2 f6 9 白h4 g6 10 白a3 요d7 11 d3 e6 12 白f3 白a5 13 요d2 白×b3 14 a×b3 요c6 15 白c4 白×c4 16 b×c4 요e7 17 요h6 含f7 18 白d2 g5 19 쌓h5+ 엉g8 20 쌓h3 쌓d7 21 됨fe1 a6 22 白b3 르d8 23 르e3 含f7 24 쌓h5+ 엉g8 25 h3 요a4 26 白c1 쌓e8 27 쌓f3 요c6 28 쌓g4 f5 29 쌓e2 쌓g6 30 요×g5 요×g5 31 白b3 요×e3 32 f×e3 目×d3 33 白×c5 目×e3 34 쌓d2 日×h3 35 쌓d8+ 含f7 36 쌓c7+ 엉e8 37 端c8+ 엉e7 38 쌓c7+ 엉e8 39 쌓c8+ 엉f7 40 %c7+ 엉f6 41 白d7+ 요×d7 42 쌓xd7 쌓g3 43 르f1 쌓e3+ 44 亘f2 目h4 45 쌓d2 쌓xd2 46 目xd2 目×c4 47 亘d7 b5 48 亘d6 a5 49 目b6 b4 0-1

merlin - intelligent software x 1 e4 c5 2 c3 d5 3 exd5 学xd5 4 d4 e6 5 口f3 口f6 6 요e2 Oc6 7 O-O Od7 8 dxc5 Qxc5 9 쌓c2 e5 10 且d1 皆e6 11 b4 Qb6 12 口g5 皆e7 13 ad2 h6 14 age4 af5 15 b5 ad8 16 ad6t 깤×d6 17 쌐×f5 쌐e6 18 쌐d3 e4 19 쌐g3 e3 20 fxe3 学xe3t 21 学xe3t 요xe3t 22 由1 요×d2 23 요×d2 De4 24 Del O-O 25 로d4 白c5 26 且ad1 白de6 27 且d5 a5 28 点f3 且fc8 29 字g1 a4 30 全g3 a3 31 三d6 白g5 32 全g4 三e8 33 三6d5 Qge4 34 Qf4 Qxc3 35 Qf3 ᡚ×d1 36 昼×d1 昼a5 37 b6 邑a6 38 盒c7 邑e6 39 邑d8+ �h7 40 �d5 邑e1+ 41 �f2 邑e7 42 \$63 Qe6 43 Qe4t g6 44 Qxb7 Qxc7 45 Q×a6 Q×a6 46 且a8 Qc5 47 且×a3 如g7 48 且a5 口b7 49 且b5 f5 50 且b3 含f6 51 a3 g5 52 且e3 且xe3t 53. ②xe3 ②e5 54 h4 adjudicated 0-1

Round 2

chaos — cray blitz 1 d4 d5 2 c4 e6 3 ᡚc3 ᡚi6 4 ቧg5 ᡚbd7 5 e3 ቧb4 6 c×d5 e×d5 7 ቧd3 c5 8 ᡚge2 c4 9 ቧc2 h6 10 ቧh4 쌀b6 11 O-O O-O 12 h3 邑e8 13 Qa4 Qxc3 14 bxc3 인e4 15 쌓c2 쌓e6 16 인f4 쌓d6 17 i3 인k5 18 囯fel a6 19 曾d2 b5 20 Qc2 白f6 21 亘abl Qd7 22 旦b4 a5 23 旦b2 b4 24 含h1 旦ac8 25 요g3 bxc3 26 삼xc3 쌀a6 27 르ebl a4 28 요h4 亘c7 29 亘b6 皆a8 30 皆b4 亘cc8 31 皆c3 Dgh7 32 gg3 a3 33 De2 gc6 34 gd6 Dd7 35 三6b4 三e6 36 点f4 口hf8 37 点f5 三ee8 38 Qd6 Qe6 39 當g1 g6 40 Qxe6 且xe6 41 Qi4 g5 42 gg3 目ce8 43 gi2 白i6 44 白g3 gi8 45 265 2h5 46 g4 2g7 47 e4 2×65 48 g×65 且d6 49 点g3 且d7 50 且b8 皆a4 51 exd5 요×d5 52 (6 囯dd8 53 囯8b4 쌓a7 54 豆b6 囯e2 55 且b8 且ee8 56 且8b6 全g8 57 全e5 学d7 58 雪h2 且a8 59 雪g2 雪f5 60 且1b5 ge6 61 함gl 쌓d3 62 d5 쌓d1t 63 含g2 쌓e2t 64 空g3 Qd7 65 d6 Qxb5 66 且xb5 營xa2 0-1

bebe — schach 2.7 1 e4 e5 2 白f3 白c6 3 Δb5 a6 + ቧa+ 白f6 5 O-O ቧe7 6 르e1 b5 7 Δb3 d6 8 c3 O-O 9 h3 白b8 10 d3 白bd7 11 白bd2 ቧb7 12 白f1 白c5 13 ቧc2 a5 1+ 白g3 c6 15 d4 白cd7 16 白f5 르e8 17 ቧg5 ቧf8 18 dxe5 ብxe5 19 ብxe5 르xe5 20 谐13 谐b6 21 白h6t gxh6 22 ሷxi6 三g5 23 ជxg5 hxg5 24 谐f5 ቧg7 25 르ad1 g4 26 谐xg4 谐c7 27 e5 d5 28 谐f5 h6 29 e6 fxe6 30 르xe6 르c8 31 谐h7t \$\display\$18 32 르de1 1-0

belle — nuchess 1 e4 c5 2 c3 e6 3 d4 c×d4 4 c×d4 d5 5 요d3 d×e4 6 요×e4 白f6 7 요c2 白c6 8 白f3 b6 9 O-O 요a6 10 트e1 요b4 11 白c3 O-O 12 a3 요e7 13 요g5 쌓d6 14 b4 요c4 15 白e5 b5 16 요×f6 요×f6 17 인e4 요×e5 18 인×d6 요×f6 19 요d3 인e7 20 요×c4 b×c4 21 트c1 트ac8 22 쌓e2 c3 23 쌓a6 요f4 24 트c2 트a8 25 쌓b7 인d5 26 트ee2 요d2 27 쌓a6 g6 28 트e4 트fc8 29 항h1 트f8 30 트h4 요g5 31 트h3 요e7 32 쌓a4 요f6 33 트d3 르fd8 34 b5 르db8 35 트c1 a6 36 b×a6 트b6 37 a7 트b7 38 트a1 트a×a7 39 쌓d1 트b2 40 f3 c2 41 쌓f1 요g5 42 g3 트ab7 43 f4 트b1 44 트f3 요f6 45 f5 요×d4 46 트xb1 c×b1쌓 0-1

novag x — awit 1 e4 c5 2 신13 d6 3 d4 cxd4 4 신xd4 신16 5 신c3 a6 6 요e2 e6 7 O-O 요e7 8 f4 O-O 9 含h1 요d7 10 e5 dxe5 11 txe5 신e8 12 요f3 살c7 13 살e2 요c5 14 신b3 요b4 15 로f2 f5 16 요d2 신c6 17 신d5 살xe5 18 신xb4 쌍xb2 19 신xc6 bxc6 20 요xc6 요xc6 21 쌍xe6+ 쌍h8 22 쌍xc6 신f6 23 요c3 로ac8 24 쌍xc8 쌍xal+ 25 신xal 로xc8 26 요xf6 豆b8 27 신b3 gxf6 28 로xf5 로e8 29 �g1 로c8 30 로xf6 Exc2 31 Exa6 Eb2 32 Ea7 h5 33 �f1 h4 34 �g1 로b1+ 35 �f2 �g8 36 신d2 로b2 37 �ge3 �f8 38 a4 로a2 39 a5 르a3+ 40 �f2 �ge8 41 a6 �gd8 42 신c4 트a2+ 43 �f3 h3 44

13.

①e3 ②c8 45 ③g3 ③b8 46 且b7+ ③a8 47 ③×h3 且a3 48 且e7 且×a6 49 g4 且h6+ 50 ②g3 且g6 1-0

phoenix — intelligent software x 1 d4 d5 2 全g5 公c6 3 e3 h6 4 全h4 公f6 5 c4 全g4 6 f3 全f5 7 c×d5 学×d5 8 公c3 学e6 9 e4 公xe4 10 f×e4 全xe4 11 公ge2 O-O-O 12 学b3 学g4 13 全位2 e6 14 公g3 全b4 15 全e2 全xc3+ 16 b×c3 学f4 17 O-O 全d5 18 学a3 邑d7 19 c4 全xg2 20 空×g2 学d6 21 学×d6 邑×d6 22 公e4 邑dd8 23 邑ad1 f5 24 公c3 b6 25 d5 e×d5 26 c×d5 公e7 27 全a6+ 安b8 28 全g3 公c8 29 邑×f5 公d6 30 全×d6 邑×d6 31 邑f7 邑g6+ 32 安f3 邑f6+ 33 邑×f6 g×f6 34 邑e1 h5 35 邑e7 邑g8 36 公b5 邑c8 37 全×c8 安×c8 38 邑×c7+ 安d8 39 d6 安e8 40 公d4 1-0

xenarbor — merlin 1 d4 d5 2 c4 c6 3 신 6 신 6 4 신 c3 d×c4 5 a4 신 65 6 신 e5 신 bd7 7 신 xc4 쓸 c7 8 g3 e5 9 d×e5 신 xe5 10 신 f4 전 d8 11 쓸 xd8 t 쓸 xd8 12 ሷ xe5 ሷ c2 13 ሷ xf6 쓸 xf6 14 신 e3 ሷ b3 15 ሷ h3 ሷ b4 16 신 ed1 ሷ xd1 17 전 xd1 ሷ xc3 t 18 b×c3 쓸 xc3 t 19 f1 쓸 b4 20 ሷ d7 寸 e7 21 ሷ f5 쓸 xa4 22 ሗ g2 ሗ f6 23 ሷ b1 ሗ e6 24 h4 a5 25 h5 쓸 g4 26 f3 쓸 c4 27 ሗ f2 b5 28 e3 쓸 c3 29 h6 쓸 b2 t 30 ሗ g1 쓸 e2 31 h×g7 쓸 xd1 32 ሗ f2 쓸 d2 t 33 ሗ f1 전 g8 34 전 h6 f6 35 ሷ f5 彙 x65 39 ሗ g1 쓸 f2 t time forfeit 0-1

fidelity x — ostrich 1 e4 d5 2 exd5 습f6 3 d4 신xd5 4 c4 신b6 5 신f3 요g4 6 요e2 신c6 7 d5 요xf3 8 요xf3 신e5 9 b3 g6 10 요b2 요g7 11 신c3 O-O 12 요e2 신ed7 13 O-O 요xc3 14 요xc3 e5 15 요b4 且e8 16 c5 신c8 17 쌓c2 신f6 18 요b5 且e7 19 c6 신d6 20 cxb7 且b8 21 요c6 쌓f8 22 요c5 쌓d8 23 요xa7 且xb7 24 요xb7 신xb7 25 쌓c6 신d6 26 a4 신de8 27 且ad1 且d7 28 且fe1 e4 29 요c5 쌓b8 30 f3 exf3 31 且d3 쌓d8 32 gxf3 신g7 33 且e5 신ge8 34 文f2 h5 35 零e1 신h7 36 且d2 신ef6 37 且de2 零g7 38 요e7 쌓b8 39 b4 h4 40 h3 쌓a7 41 요c5 쌓b8 42 a5 쌓c8 43 요e7 쌓g8 44 且d2 쌓h8 45 且d4 쌓c8 46 且e2 g5 47 f4 零g6 48 fxg5 \$xg5 \$y\$g5 49 且g4+ \$xb5 1-0

Round 3

cray blitz — bebe 1 e4 c5 2 d4 cxd4 3 句f3 ①c6 4 ①xd4 ①f6 5 ①c3 d6 6 f4 營b6 7 ①b3 e5 8 營e2 ②g4 9 營b5 營xb5 10 ②xb5 a6 11 ④xc6+ bxc6 12 O-O 豆b8 13 ①a5 ②d7 14 豆d1 ①g4 15 h3 ①f6 16 ①c4 豆b4 17 b3 d5 18 exd5 ②c5+ 19 党h2 ②d4 20 dxc6 ②xh3 21 ②d6+ 党e7 22 党xh3 党xd6 23 ②a3 a5 24 요xb4+ axb4 25 白b5+ 含xc6 26 白xd4+ exd4 27 르xd4 白d5 28 a3 bxa3 29 c4 白b4 30 르xa3 르e8 31 르a7 르e3+ 32 含h4 含c5 33 르d8 르xb3 34 르c8+ 含d4 35 르xf7 g6 36 르xh7 트e3 37 g3 1-0

nuchess - phoenix 1 f4 d5 2 2 f3 2g4 3 e3 2d7 4 de2 c6 5 O-O dd6 6 c4 2gf6 7 2c3 dxc4 8 &xc4 幻b6 9 &e2 O-O 10 省b3 幻fd5 11 d4 ①xc3 12 bxc3 c5 13 요d2 쓸c7 14 a4 c4 15 骨b5 a6 16 骨b2 白d5 17 h3 点f5 18 白e5 요xe5 19 fxe5 f6 20 谐a2 fxe5 21 谐xc4 발b6 22 a5 皆d6 23 皆b3 exd4 24 cxd4 요e4 25 요d3 요×d3 26 當×d3 且ad8 27 且×f8+ 且×f8 28 旦f1 白f6 29 皆b3 皆d5 30 皆b2 旦c8 31 旦c1 旦c6 32 省a3 e5 33 省b4 旦xc1+ 34 鱼xc1 exd4 35 e×d4 省b5 36 鱼a3 省×b4 37 鱼×b4 全f7 38 ්ප් g5 39 මුe2 ට d5 40 \(\text{dd2}\) h6 41 \(\text{dd3}\) Фe6 42 Фc4 Фd6 43 h4 g×h4 44 <u>0</u>×h6 b5t Q×h4 Qd5 49 Qg5 a3 50 cc2 Qb4t 51 cb1 \$\d5 52 \(\text{Q}e7 \) a2\tau 53 \(\text{D}b2 \) \(\text{Q}c2 \) 54 \(\text{D}xa2 \) \(\text{Q}e3 \) 55 g3 1/2-1/2

merlin - chaos 1 e4 c5 2 c3 2 f6 3 e5 2 d5 4 d4 c×d4 5 Qf3 Qc6 6 c×d4 d6 7 Qc4 Qb6 8 &b5 e6 9 O-O &e7 10 Oc3 d5 11 쌓c2 요d7 12 요f4 且c8 13 且ac1 ᡚ×e5 14 요×e5 요×b5 15 요×g7 요×f1 16 且×f1 且g8 17 營×h7 \$d7 18 ටe5† \$c7 19 ටb5† \$b8 20 ට×i7 旦×g7 21 沓×g7 皆d7 22 皆g3+ 含a8 23 白c3 요b4 24 白e5 쌓c7 25 쌓h3 요xc3 26 르c1 鱼×d4 27 旦×c7 旦×c7 28 臼d3 e5 29 營g3 旦c8 30 皆g7 点×b2 31 含f1 点d4 32 八×e5 且cl+ 33 雪e2 a6 34 皆g8t 且c8 35 皆e6 点xe5 36 쌀×e5 且c2+ 37 含f3 且×a2 38 쌀d6 含a7 39 h4 且c2 40 g4 a5 41 h5 且c3t 42 会f4 a4 43 f3 a3 44 皆e5 且c4t 45 曾f5 且a4 46 皆al 白c4 47 h6 白e3t 48 含e6 白c2 49 学a2 且a6t 50 합d7 ᡚb4 51 쌀f2+ \$a8 52 쌀c5 a2 53 쌉×b4 a1쌀 54 쌀i8t 含a7 55 h7 쌀a4t 56 當d8 谐a5t 57 當e8 谐c7 58 谐f7 谐e5t 59 雪f8 目f6 60 h8句 皆g5 61 皆xf6 皆xf6t 62 인17 쓸×13 63 g5 쓸15 64 설g8 d4 0-1

intelligent software x — fidelity x 1 인경 c5 2 g3 인c6 3 인c3 d5 4 d3 d4 5 인e4 e5 6 요g2 f5 7 인ed2 인f6 8 인c4 e4 9 인fe5 인xe5 10 인xe5 쌍a5t 11 요d2 쌍b6 12 인c4 쌍a6 13 e3 요e6 14 쌍e2 요e7 15 O-O O-O 16 a4 쌍c6 17 dxe4 fxe4 18 f4 쌍a6 19 b3 요d6 20 目fb1 요f5 21 exd4 cxd4 22 a5 요c5 23 ੳh1 e3 24 요e1 요d7 25 쌍d3 且ad8 26 인e5 25 27 쌍f5 인d5 28 쌍h3 目fe8 29 b4 요f8 30 요f3 인f6 31 c4 요xc4 32 인xc4 쌍xc4 33 요xb7 d3 34 b5 d2 35 요c6 dxe1인 36 Exe1 且e7 37 日ac1 쌍b4 38 a6 且d2 39 쌍f5 쌍b2 40 쌍h3 인g4 41 요d5t 엉h8 42 ੳg1 Exh2 43 쌍g2 쌍t2t 44 쌍xf2 exf2t 45 ੴf1 fxe1營t 46 Exe1 且f2t 47 ੳg1 Exe1# 0-1

awit — belle 1 c4 e6 2 ටc3 d5 3 cxd5 exd5 4 d4 ሷe7 5 e3 ටf6 6 ሷd3 O-O 7 ටf3 b6 8 O-O ሷb7 9 딜e1 ටe4 10 ටe5 f5 11 쌍b3 a5 12 a3 ටxc3 13 쌍xc3 ሷb4 14 axb4 axb4 15 딜xa8 bxc3 16 딜a3 cxb2 17 ሷxb2 ටd7 18 딜a7 ටxe5 19 dxe5 쌍b8 20 딜ea1 c6 21 h3 g6 22 딜7a4 딜c8 23 ሷc3 b5 24 딜b4 쌍c7 25 g4 ixg4 26 hxg4 딜a8 27 딜xa8+ ሷxa8 28 f4 쌍a7 29 ሷd2 쌍a2 30 ሷe1 쌍a3 31 ሷxb5 cxb5 32 ቯxb5 쌍xe3+ 33 ሷf2 쌍c1+ 34 ඨh2 쌍xf4+ 35 ሷg3 쌍d2+ 36 ඨh3 쌍h6+ 37 ඵg2 d4+ 38 ඨf1 쌍c1+ 39 ඨpe2 ඵc4+ 40 ඨf2 ඵxb5 0-1

ostrich - xenarbor 1 e4 c5 2 c3 46 3 e5 € d5 4 dc4 e6 5 d×d5 e×d5 6 d4 466 7 dxc5 Qxc5 8 쌓d2 쌓e6 9 Qf3 h6 10 b4 Qe7 11 O-O O-O 12 且d1 口c6 13 皆xd5 皆xd5 14 邑×d5 f5 15 b5 勾d8 16 Qa3 Q×a3 17 ᡚ×a3 Qe6 18 Qc4 Qc7 19 로c5 Qe8 20 Qd6 ①×d6 21 e×d6 a6 22 b6 且f6 23 且e1 全f8 24 且d5 a5 25 且ee5 g6 26 a4 f4 27 口d2 虫g7 28 公c4 f3 29 g3 且e6 30 且xe6 dxe6 31 且c5 少f7 32 Qe5t 空e8 33 且xc8t 且xc8 34 d7t 空d8 35 d×c8當十 雪×c8 36 h4 g5 37 h×g5 h×g5 38 ් ආ ද්ර ක්රම 39 g4 කු අ 40 ව x 63 කු 66 41 කු g3 e5 42 ටුd2 මුe6 43 ටුb3 මුd5 44 ටු×a5 මුc5 45 ᡚxb7t \$xb6 46 ᡚd6 \$a5 47 ᡚe4 \$xa4 48 ට×g5 මුb3 49 ටe4 මුb2 50 g5 මුb3 51 g6 \$c4 52 \$g4 \$d3 53 \$f5 1-0

Round 4

nuchess — cray blitz 1 c4 e5 2 包c3 鱼b4 3 a3 鱼×c3 4 d×c3 包e7 5 g3 d5 6 c×d5 營×d5 7 營×d5 包×d5 8 鱼g2 包b6 9 a4 O-O 10 a5 包c4 11 邑a4 包d6 12 a6 包d7 13 鱼e3 包b6 14 邑h4 邑d8 15 a×b7 鱼×b7 16 鱼×b7 ⑤×b7 17 包f3 邑d5 18 c4 邑a5 19 O-O 邑a2 20 邑d1

트xb2 21 c5 으c8 22 르d7 f6 23 르g4 g6 24 르h4 h5 25 르xc7 인d8 26 르a4 르b7 27 르xb7 인xb7 28 르a6 알f7 29 인d2 인d8 30 인e4 f5 31 인g5+ 알g7 32 인f3 인f7 33 인xe5 인xe5 34 인d4 알g8 35 오xe5 인e7 36 e3 알f7 37 르f6+ 알g8 38 알g2 트c8 39 알f3 트e8 40 르a6 르a8 41 알f4 알f7 42 알g5 르g8 43 트f6+ 알e8 44 인d6 인c8 45 르xg6 르xg6+ 46 알xg6 인xd6 47 cxd6 a5 48 g4 hxg4 49 알xf5 a4 50 e4 a3 51 알xg4 a2 52 e5 a1쌀 53 f4 쌀g1+ 54 알f5 쌀xh2 55 e6 쌀c2+ 0-1

bebe - novag x 1 e4 e5 2 0f3 0c6 3 2b5 a6 4 Qa4 Qi6 5 O-O b5 6 Qb3 d6 7 Qg5 d5 8 exd5 입d4 9 d6 입xb3 10 dxc7 쓸xc7 11 a×b3 h6 12 白f3 e4 13 且e1 요e7 14 白c3 e×f3 15 ①xb5 살c5 16 살xf3 살xb5 17 살xa8 살b7 18 발xb7 ሷxb7 19 d4 含d7 20 c4 负b4 21 且e2 且d8 22 d5 ①×d5 23 c×d5 ②×d5 24 且×a6 Q×b3 25 且e4 Qc5 26 Qe3 gc7 27 且a1 Qd5 28 点f4t 中c6 29 且ea4 且e6 30 且e5 且d2 31 요×g7 &×í2t 32 会h1 &d5 33 &c3 且c2 34 且a6+ 中c7 35 且6a5 中c6 36 且a6+ 中c7 37 且6a5 全c6 38 且a8 Qb6 39 且g8 f5 40 且g6t \$\dip b5 41 且d1 \(\text{Qe4} \) 42 \(\text{Qd2} \) 且xb2 43 \(\text{Qxh6} \) f4 44 国g5t 含c6 45 且clt 含d6 46 gg7 且f2 47 且d1+ 全c6 48 Qe5 Qe3 49 且g4 Qc2 50 且a1 ②d5 51 点b8 f3 52 g×f3 且×f3 53 且、計 ②e6 54 h4 点f5 55 邑ga4 含f7 56 含g2 註f2† 57 安g3 且f1 58 点f4 点f2t 59 安g2 点d3 60 且d5 Qe2 61 且d7t \$g6 62 h5t \$xh5 63 且d2 Qb6 64 ∃xe2 ∃gl+ 65 雲h2 ∃bl 66 ∃g2 且b5 67 且a6 且f5 68 含g3 且f6 1—0

chaos - phoenix 1 d4 c5 2 d5 e5 3 e4 d6 4 c4 g6 5 Qc3 Qg7 6 Qd3 Qe7 7 Qge2 O-O 8 Qd2 f5 9 f3 Qa6 10 Qg5 Qb4 11 Qb1 h6 12 Qh4 g5 13 Qf2 fxe4 14 Qxe4 Qf5 15 O-O 쌀d7 16 a3 Qa6 17 쌀b3 Qc7 18 Qxf5 Qxf5 19 学×b7 且fb8 20 学c6 学×c6 21 d×c6 且×b2 22 且abl 且ab8 23 **Qg3** 且xbl 24 且xbl 且xbl+ 25 Dxb1 De7 26 De4 De8 27 Dxd6 Dxd6 28 රූxc5 ටුec8 29 ටුd2 ජුf7 30 ජුf2 ජුe6 31 Фе3 Д×с4† 32 Д×с4 Фd5 33 Дb4 Ф×с4 34 එe4 එb5 35 c7 එb6 36 එf5 a5 37 රූc3 \$xc7 38 \$g6 \$f8 39 \$xa5t \$c6 40 \$b4 Q×b4 41 a×b4 Qe7t 42 Ø×h6 g4 43 Øg5 g×f3 44 g×f3 \$b5 45 \$f6 \$\Q\d5+ 46 \$\Pi\$×e5 白×b4 47 h4 白d3+ 48 含f5 白c5 49 f4 含c6 50 h5 Qd7 51 h6 Qf8 52 \$f6 \$d7 53 \$f7 신h7 54 含g7 含e7 55 含×h7 含f7 56 f5 含f6 57 **2**g8 1-0

fidelity x — schach 2.7 1 e4 e5 2 ሷc4 ᡚf6 3 d3 c6 4 ᡚf3 d5 5 ሷb3 ሷd6 6 ᡚc3 ሷe6 7 ሷg5 ኞa5 8 O-O ᡚbd7 9 exd5 ᡚxd5 10 ᡚe4 ሷc7 11 ሷd2 쌀a6 12 ᡚfg5 O-O 13

으×e6 fxe6 14 항g4 Eae8 15 항h3 요d8 16 a4 으

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belle - merlin 1 e4 e5 2 Qc4 Qf6 3 d4 exd4 4 신f3 d5 5 exd5 Qb4t 6 c3 쌓e7t 7 Qe2 d×c3 8 b×c3 Qc5 9 O−O O−O 10 c4 11 Qc3 Qa6 12 h3 Qf5 13 Qd4 Qg6 14 호e3 인b4 15 a3 인a6 16 쌓c1 且ad8 17 且d1 요b6 18 요d3 요×d3 19 로×d3 Đe4 20 Ðf5 쌓e5 21 요xb6 axb6 22 ①xe4 썈xf5 23 씋e1 三a8 24 三b1 三fb8 25 三e3 三c8 26 三bb3 誉f4 27 르g3 쌓e5 28 트be3 쌓d4 29 쌓d2 쌓xd2 30 Q×d2 Qc5 31 且e7 全f8 32 且e1 且a4 33 臣c3 邑ca8 34 石b1 f6 35 f3 f5 36 g4 f4 37 ②g2 ②f7 38 h4 且e8 39 且×e8 ②xe8 40 幻d2 Фе7 41 De4 Dxe4 42 fxe4 Фd6 43 Фf2 ©e5 44 雪f3 且a8 45 且d3 且a5 46 且b3 g6 47 g5 且a4 48 且c3 且a8 49 且b3 且d8 50 且b2 三e8 51 三b4 三h8 52 三b5 三f8 53 三b1 三c8 54 且b2 且d8 55 且b4 且c8 56 且a4 c6 57 d×c6 bxc6 58 且a7 且h8 59 a4 \$d4 60 且b7 \$c5 61 ⇒×f4 且f8+ 62 �e3 且h8 63 且c7 h6 64 且g7 h×g5 65 h×g5 且a8 66 且×g6 且×a4 67 且f6 三×c4 68 三f5† \$d6 69 g6 三c3† 70 \$f4 三c1 71 g7 且f1+ 72 中g5 且g1+ 73 中f6 且×g7 74 字×g7 字e6 75 且f6+ 1-0

intelligent software x — ostrich 1 句 66 2 d4 d5 3 点f4 点d6 4 点×d6 答×d6 5 句 3 句 6 6 e3 a6 7 点e2 句 f6 8 a3 O-O 9 營d3 且b8 10 O-O 负d7 11 且fd1 b5 12 受f1 且be8 13 h3 e5 14 d×e5 句×e5 15 ①×e5 且×e5 16 f4 且e6 17 ①×d5 ②×d5 18 營×d5 且×e3 19 營×d6 c×d6 20 且×d6 且fe8 21 点d3 点c8 22 a4 b×a4 23 三×a4 国3e6 24 日×e6 2×e6 25 三×a6 g6 26 c3 三b8 27 b4 日c8 28 且a3 点c4 29 点×c4 三×c4 30 g3 ⑤g7 31 ⑤g2 且e4+ 32 ⑤gd3 且e1 33 c4 且g1 34 ⑤gd4 且g2 35 b5 且b2 36 ⑤ge5 且c2 37 ⑤gd5 且b2 38 g4 ⑤f6 39 且a6+ ⑤g7 40 b6 三b3 41 h4 h5 42 g5 且d3+ 43 ⑤c5 1-O

xenarbor — awit 1 d4 白f6 2 c4 g6 3 白c3 d5 4 全f4 全g7 5 e3 c6 6 c×d5 白×d5 7 户×d5 学×d5 8 白f3 全f5 9 全e2 O-O 10 h3 豆d8 11 全c7 豆c8 12 全×b8 豆c×b8 13 O-O 豆d8 14 学b3 学×b3 15 a×b3 全f6 16 豆fc1 a5 17 白d2 全g5 18 豆c5 豆d5 19 豆×d5 c×d5 20 b4 豆c8 21 f4 全h4 22 白f3 全g3 23 全b5 a×b4 24 白e1 全e4 25 全d7 豆c7 26 全g4 全×e1 27 豆×e1 h5 28 全f3 全×f3 29 g×f3 豆c2 30 b3 豆b2 31 豆c1

国xb3 32 巨c7 互xe3 33 互xb7 互xf3 34 互b8t 安g7 35 互xb4 互xh3 36 安g2 互d3 37 安f2 安f6 38 安e2 互a3 39 互b2 安f5 40 安f1 互a4 41 互e2 互xd4 42 互e51 安24 43 互xe7 互x持4 安g1 f5 45 互e2 g5 46 三d2 d4 47 互c2 k4 48 安h2 安f3 49 安g1 安e3 50 互c7 d3 51 互c3 安e2 0-1

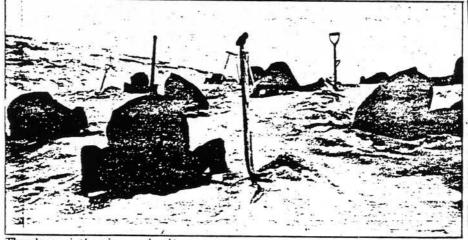
1985 TOURNAMENT RULES

- Participants are required to attend a meeting at 12 noon on Sunday, October 13, for the purpose of officially registering for the tournament. Rules will be finalized at the meeting. The Tournament Director has the right to choose an alternate to replace any entry which fails to appear.
- 2. Each entry is a computing system. A listing of all programs running on that system should be available on demand to the Tournament Director. Any computing system can be used. Permission to change from one system to another may be granted by the Tournament Director.
- 3. The tournament is a four round Swiss style tournament. The first and second rounds will be played Sunday, October 13th, at 1 PM and 7:30 PM. The third round is scheduled for Monday, October 14th, at 7:30 PM, and the fourth round on Tuesday, October 15th at 7:30 PM.
- 4. Trophies will be awarded to the first three finishers. The order of finish will be determined by the total number of points earned. If two teams have an equal number of points, the sum of the opponents' points will be used as a second factor. If a tie still remains, the opponents' opponents' points will be used as a third factor.
- 5. Unless otherwise specified, rules of play are identical to those of regular "human" tournament play. If a point is in question, the Tournament Director has the authority to make the final decision. Games are played at a speed of 40 moves per player in the first two hours and then 20 moves every hour thereafter. The Tournament Director has the right to adjudicate a game after five hours of total clock time. The adjudication will be made on the premise that perfect chess will be played by both sides from the final position.
- 6. A team may request the Tournament Director to stop its clock at most twice during the course of a game because of technical problems. The clock must be restarted each time after at most 15 minutes. If a team can clearly establish that its problems are not in its own computing system but in the telephone network or in the communication facilities provided by the Tournament Committee, the Tournament Director can permit additional time-outs.
- 7. There is no manual adjustment of program parameters during the course of a game. In the case of failures, the program parameters must be reset to their original settings if it is at all possible. Information regarding castling status, en passent status, etc., may be typed in after a failure. If at any time during the course of a game a computer asks for the time remaining on either its or its opponent's clock, this information may be provided. The computer must initiate the request for information.

1985 TOURNAMENT RULES (continued)

- 8. Each game is officially played on a chess board provided by the Tournament Committee. An electronic chess board used by one side can be substituted if the other side is agreeable. The official clock is provided by the Tournament Committee. If both sides agree, another clock can be used.
- 9. At the end of each game, each team is required to turn in a game listing to the Tournament Director.

Counteract the ostrich factor



There's no point burying your head to escape

COMPUTER CHESS LITERATURE

Books:

- Bell, A., (1978) The Machine Plays Chess?, Pergamon Press, Oxford.
- Botvinnik, M. M., (1970) <u>Computers, Chess, and Long Range Planning</u>, Springer-Verlag, New York.
- Clarke, M. R. B., (1977, 1980, 1982) Editor, Advances in Computer Chess I, II, and III, Edinburgh University Press and Pergamon Press.
- Frey, P., (1977,1983) Editor, Chess Skill in Man and Machine, Springer-Verlag, New York.
- Hayes, J. and Levy, D., (1976) The World Computer Chess Championship, University of Edinburgh Press.
- Levy, D., (1976) 1975 U.S. Computer Chess Championship, Computer Science Press, Potomac Maryland.
- Levy, D., (1976) Chess and Computers, Computer Science Press, Potomac, Maryland.
- Levy, D. (1976) 1976 Computer Chess Championship, Computer Science Press, Potomac, Maryland.
- Levy, D. and Newborn, M., (1980) More Chess and Computers, Computer Science Press, Potomac, Maryland.
- Levy, D. and Newborn, M., (1981) All About Chess and Computers, Computer Science Press, Potomac, Maryland.
- Newborn, M., (1975) Computer Chess, Academic Press, New York.
- Newborn, M., (1979) "Recent Progress in Computer Chess", Advances in Computers, Volume 19, Academic Press, New York.
- Spracklen, D. and Spracklen, K., SARGON: A Computer Chess Program, Hayden Book Company, Rochelle Park, New Jersey (1978)

Magazines:

In recent years, articles on computer chess have appeared in many magazines and technical journals including Abacus, Sports Illustrated, Scientific American, Science Magazine, Nature, The Mathematical Intelligencer, Chess Life, ACM's SIGART Newsletter, The Journal of Artificial Intelligence, Graduate Engineer, Discouverer, and many others.

THE ACM COMPUTER CHESS COMMITTEE

In 1979, the ACM established the Computer Chess Committee as a standing committee on the Management Board responsible for organizing computer chess events within the ACM. In 1984, the Committee was transferred to the Management Board. The Committee's main responsibility is organizing the annual ACM North American Computer Chess Championship. This event has been held annually since 1970. Currently, the Committee Members are Monty Newborn (Chairman), Ken Thompson, Tony Marsland, Kathe Spracklen, and Hans Berliner. Ben Mittman, former President of the ICCA and "Manager" of the Northwestern University chess program, CHESS 4.9 (and other versions) was a member of the Committee until several months ago when he resigned and was replaced by Hans Berliner.

THE INTERNATIONAL COMPUTER CHESS ASSOCIATION

Established at the Second World Championship in Toronto in 1977, this international organization has about seven hundred members. It was formed by the programmers and is an organization primarily intended to serve them. The ICCA Journal publishes technical and non-technical articles on computer chess and is the foremost publication of its kind. Authors of articles should send them to Jaap van den Herik, Delft University of Tech., Dept. of Math and Informatics, 2628 BL Delft, Neth. The Journal publishes four times a year. Individuals interested in becoming members should write to William Blancjard, 360/253 Blackthorn Lane, Warrenville, Illinois 60555, USA. Dues are \$10 plus a \$5 surcharge annually. Officers are Monty Newborn, President, Johann Enroth, Vice President, and William Blanchard, Secretary/Treasurer.

1985 Computer Chess Turing Test

Can one tell, just by examining the quality of the chess game, whether a chess player is computer or human? That is the question we will ask during the Monday, October 14 Computer Chess Turing Test. This will be a 'hidden room' test, where the information coming from the hidden room will be used to detect the identity, computer or human, of a chess player. Some efforts will be made to hide computer and human traits which we don't want examined, such as timing of the moves and the rapid typewriter response of the computer. 1985 is our first year at such a test. We are not conducting a rigorous scientific experiment, but it could be used to lay a foundation for one.

We will run eight tests in parallel. Alex Fishbein will play eight opponents, all rated below master level. Moves will be transmitted back and forth using computer terminals.

There will be efforts to hide some properties of the chess playing computers. All chess moves made in the hidden room will be passed to a computer terminal operator, who will in turn send the move to the master in a standardized chess notation (White's opening move N-KB3 would be transmitted as "G1 F3".) Special efforts will be made to assure accuracy of these moves.

We hope to use only the qualities of the chess moves to differentiate between computer and human opponents. The hidden room players will be instructed to play their normal chess style, and not attempt to 'emulate' how a computer might perform.

There will be audience participation. A prize will be awarded to the first audience member who correctly identifies all eight hidden-room opconents within a limited number of guesses. The following is the test entry form.

Turing Test Selection Form

Name				phone	
BCARD	OPPONENT (circle one)	BOARD	OPPONENT	(circle one)
Board 1	computer	human	Board 5	computer	human
Board 2	computer	human	Board 6	computer	human
Board J	computer	numan	Board 7	computer	human
Board 4	computer	human	Board 8	computer	human

